The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

VOL. VII. NO. 149 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1919. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England).
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.	
26th July ..	Teesta ..	6,396	
2nd August ..	Kaisar-i-hind	11,430	
2nd " ..	Chindwara* ..	5,192	Extra B. I. Co's Sailing.
6th " ..	Sardinia ..	6 580	Extra
7th " ..	Manora* ..	7,388	Extra B. I. Co's Sailing.
9th " ..	Devanha ..	8,092	
9th " ..	Kashgar* ..	8.840	Extra

*Not calling at Marseilles.

There are a number of 3rd class open cot passages available for Indian gentlemen by the "MANORA." Single fare to London is Rs. 450 and quotations for return tickets either first or second saloon will be given on application. There are also third class passages available for women and children in this steamer in 14 and 16 berthed cabins at similar rates.

	FIRST SALOON. "A"	SECOND SALOON. "B"	"C"	NATIVE SERVANTS' DECK. "A"	"B"
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
BOMBAY TO LONDON					
Single ..	816	756	606	576	516	350
Return..	1,224	1,134	1,044	864	774	575
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES						
Single ..	768	720	660	552	492	330
Return..	1,152	1,080	990	828	738	545

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date About:	Steamers.	Tons.
6th August ..	Dunera ..	5414

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About:	Steamers.	
31st July	Sandra ..	Karachi & P. Gulf.
31st " ..	Linga ..	Karachi Direct
14th Aug. ..	Karapara ..	E and S Africa

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Shinyo Maru	G. Konaka	3 75	30th July	9th Aug
Unkai Maru No. 2	---	2785	15th Aug.	26th Aug.
Hosei Maru..	---	2658	18th Aug.	29th Aug

For Freight apply to:—
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan).

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage 462,000

REGULAR SERVICE FROM BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG, AND MARSEILLES VIA ADEN, DJIBOUTI, PORT SAID AND GENOA.

Steamer	Captain.	Arrival	Departure	Destination
Siam Maru	D. Imaidzumi .	16th July	31st July	Japan
Mitsuki Maru	S. Iwazawa ---	3rd Aug	14th Aug.	Japan
Suez Maru	K. Tsuji ---	28th July	7th August	Japan.
Saigon Maru	---	10th August	21st August	Japan.
Indus Maru	---	20th August	31st "	Japan.

(Only Cargo Service to Marseilles and Intermediate ports).

For Freight, apply to:—
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Ajam Building, Ballard Road,
Fort Bombay.

BANKING.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 8,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 2,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 45,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotombori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankaw	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

J. SATO.
Manager.

Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... Yen 30,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 27,500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 6,530,000

HEAD OFFICE : TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAINAN
SOERABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AKO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA,
Manager.
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,45,259	9	0
Reserve Funds	12,38,033	5	1

HEAD OFFICE. LAHORE.
BRANCHES

Amritsar	Hyderabad	Multan City
Bombay	(Sindh)	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jullundhur	Patiala
Cawnpore	Jammu	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Jhelum City	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sialkot
Ferozepore	Kasur	Srinagar
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Umballa City
Hapur	Lyallpur	
Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS BILLS, etc., of out stations are brought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

RUPCHAND KAPUR,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 15,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

H. P. STRONGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong).

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND $1,500,000 at 2/- $15,000,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND. $21,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 40, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohamma
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid-up Capital £750,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £750,000
Reserve Fund £700,000

HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kalantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. A. ROBERTSON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad, Basrah, Amara, Hillah and Mosul.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £900,000
Reserve Fund £110,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Balgique).
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.).
J. G. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
G. Bromley Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.).

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A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road & Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF FIVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at four per cent. per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, LOANS and CREDITS granted on approved security and every discription of Banking and Exchange business undertaken

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

R. D. YOUNG,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Branches: Calcutta and Hyderabad (Deccan).
Sub-Branches:
Bombay—Share Bazaar, Shroff Bazaar.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
LONDON AGENTS: LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED.
NEW YORK AGENTS: THE GUARANTY TRUST COY. OF NEW YORK.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 12,00,00,000/-
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 7,56,00,225/8/-
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 75,54,757/8/-
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Sir Sassoon David, Bart.
Sir R. N. Mookerjee, K.C.I.E.
Sir Francis Stewart, Kt.
Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., LL.D.
R. D. Tata, Esq.
F. E. Dinshaw, Esq.
F. C. Rimington, Esq.
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.
Hajee Gulam Mahomed Ajam, Esq.
The Hon'ble Mr. Purshottamdas Thakordas.
A. J. Bilimoria, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/-
Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June, interest will be allowed during that period at 2½ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3/- Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

J. PAGAN DALZELL,
Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

Head Office: Yokohama.
Branches:—
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Ynan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tokio, Tsingtau, Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

T. AIZAWA,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,900
Invested Funds over	35,00,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.

By paying your premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the lost of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.

The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.

Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.

The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Ten Lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.

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Managing Agents. Secretary.
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS
Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

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EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY
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SUPERIOR PLAIN CHINA CREPE-DE-CHINE
IN ALL THE
LATEST GRADES AND SHAPES.
HIGHLY DURABLE.
WILL STAND EVERY ROUGH WASHING.
QUALITY—THE BEST, PRICES—THE CHEAPEST.
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INVESTORS
BUY YOUR 1945-55 LOAN THROUGH US.
We supply you funds on your paying proper margin
We also offer you many other advantages.

PRABHAKAR SHILOTRI & CO., LD.
BANKERS,
109, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882 on 21st December.)
BRANCHES:—Calcutta, Karachi, Lahore, Amritsar and Jharia.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 1,00,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Rs. 25,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 11,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: 3 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.
Purchase and Sale of Securities at best rates available effected WITHOUT COMMISSION.
DETAILED RULES and further particulars on application.
AUDITORS: Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants, act as auditors of the Bank.
HEAD OFFICE:
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay.
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.
BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.,
DIRECTORS.
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C. I. E.,
Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand Esq., Bar-at-Law,
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq., (Pragjee Soorjee & Co.).
Lalji Naranji Esq., J. P. (Mooljii Jetha & Co.), (Ex-officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies a boon to Policy-holders.
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For particulars, apply to:—
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Secretaries and Managers.

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MAKE MILLIONS THINK!!
and to write with a bad ink
A BLUNDER.
"Inkotine" marks the highest perfection in Ink making.
Try and reap its Benefit.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 2.

SAFETY RAZOR.

SAFETY RAZOR rivals "Gillet", identical in appearance and use, at one-third the "Gillet" price. Use the "Gillet" blades, British made, complete in case with three "Gillet" blades for Rs. 5 (five) only (Postage extra) direct from the importers.
THE INTERNATIONAL STORES,
225, Hornby Road, Fort,
BOMBAY.

AMICHAND GOVANJI.
The Oldest and Most Popular Confecitoner's Depot in India.
Established Over Half a Century Ago.
Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 670

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificate:—
Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street, E.C.
We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.
(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.
THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various descriptions and sizes.
THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALWAS of different descriptions, such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffroy Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Possascented Halva, (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Mosakati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.
All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.
No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.
No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

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We keep large stocks of famous English BAR SOAPS, CARTOON SOAPS and TOILET SOAPS, manufactured by Messrs. William Gossage and Sons Ltd., and Joseph Crosfield and Sons, Ltd., also of Candles of different sizes and manufactures and of Chemicals, such as SODA BICARBONATE, SODA ASH, SILICATE SODA, CAUSTIC SODA, BISCARBONATE SODA, CRESCENT ALKALI, SALAMAC, etc. For Price List, apply to:—
MESSRS. AHMED HUSEIN & CO.
Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

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A Speciality for permanent Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

Latest treatment for

PYORRHŒA

H. C. Vyas, Dentist,

NEAR POLICE CHOWKI

Bazar Gate, Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Attendance 8 to 11 and 2 to 6 (S. T.)

SOUNDY & Co.,

287, HORNBY ROAD,

Just received a large supply of goods,

DRUM HEADS AND REEDS

FLUTES, BUGLES, MOUTH ORGANS

Feldman's 23rd Song Annual.

Planet's 11th

Violin Strings and Orchestral Journal &c. &c.

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Phiroze M. Dastoor & Co.,

THE LEADING FIRM OF OCULISTS, MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS and Suppliers of all kinds of white and variously tinted lenses

FLAT and TORIC

ALSO PATENTED

"KRYPTOKS"

(Invisible One-piece bifocal lenses) and lenses made from

SIR WILLIAM CROOKES' GLASS.

Our Rimless Lux Eyeglasses are a speciality—Non-slipping and hold on the Nose without any pressure.

(7) 379, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Government Telegraph Office, Fort, BOMBAY.

Have you ever had a suit cleaned by us?

IF NOT GIVE US A TRIAL.

Prompt attention under European supervision given to all orders.

Silks and Jari Border (Gold Border) Garments cleaned by the **French Chemical Process** thereby making them appear as new and glossy.

Expert and trained men attend to the Dyeing, Glazing and Finishing work.

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KING OF TONIC MAKARDHVAJ

Full of Gold, Silver, Amber, Kasturi and other precious ingredients. Price Rs. 10 per 40 pills.

DRAKSHASV

removes weakness—is a hunger stimulant—brings sound, sweet sleep. The pain in the chest, diarrhoea, cough, colds are removed by the use of "DRAKSHASV", and the face is made radiant with joy. Price for big bottle only Rs. 2.

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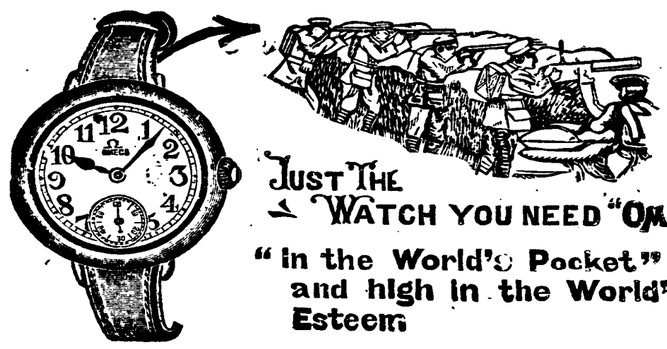
Keshav Building, Princess Street, Bombay

OMEGA



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Nickel Case	from	Rs. 23-8
Silver "	"	" 36-8

STRAP WATCHES

Nickel Case from	Rs. 31	Gold 9 ct.	— — —	Rs. 96
0935 Silver	" " 35	" 14 ct.	— — —	" 118
Square Shape	" " 50-8	" 18 ct.	— — —	" 140

Black or White Dial with Luminous Figures and Hands Visible at Night, Rs. 10 extra

Obtainable from all the Watch-Makers in India and Burma or direct of the Sole Agents

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Near West End Cinema,

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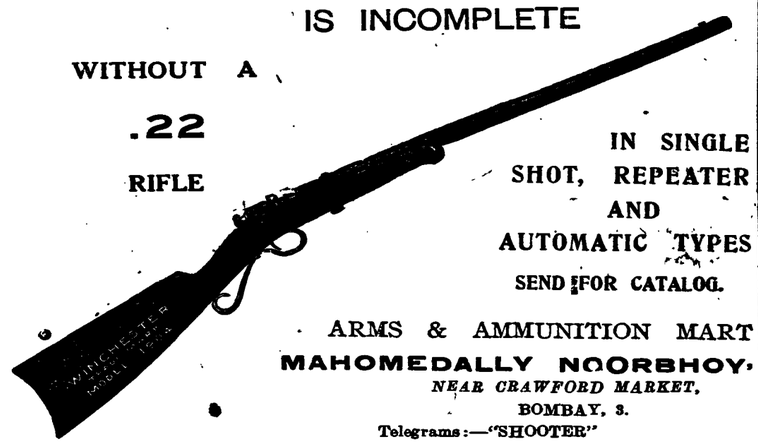

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Our 'PRICES' are 'CHEAPER' than elsewhere and our customers are Never Satisfied with the CHEAPNESS offered by the est.

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Do you use our Brands? If not, you are DOING A GREAT INJUSTICE to yourself. Remedy that Now—and WRITE TO or CALL AT:

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GENTS.	PER PAIR. Rs	as.	GENTS.	PER PAIR Rs	as.
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Packing and Postage Extra.

Trunks (all solid leather) 42" to 30" Rs. 85 to Rs. 65

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The Premier Sculpture Institute of India.

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HAIR OILS

Prepared by a special scientific process s that they keep FRESH and SWEET in th hottest climates. They are distinctly ANTI SEPTIC and their use eradicates Scurf and Dandruff. They form an ideal Brilliantine, and drying effects, render-

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A golden, crystalline liquid for the hair fragrant with the sweet perfume of the flower. The pet of the ladies.

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A dainty and colourless preparation. Very popular with all lovers of the white rose flower.

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A speciality of the firm, containing the active principles of Cantharis vesicatoria, and far surpassing like preparations made from the tincture. A boon to all those whose hairs are falling out, and the secret of many a luxuriant growth of hairs. A trial will convince the most sceptical.

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Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following special rate:—
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Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses divulged will be given a Box number. The words 'Apply Box No. . . . Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle," ' to be paid for by the Advertiser. One anna to be reckoned for the figures.
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TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS undertakes all kinds of JOB PRINTING. A trial order is solicited. Apply the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle." 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietors, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

THERE IS A REASON why most offices buy their stationery from us—we stock the BEST. Send us a trial order and be convinced! THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. S

ENGINEERING offices, Railways, etc., should send for samples, rates, etc., of the famous SAGAR'S and DAWSE'S tracing cloths—Just received. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort Bombay. S

STORM—No storm can last for ever and so the war must come to an end. If you wish to dispose of your Motor Car or a carriage and Horse, now is the time to realise the highest price by sending it to MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, 25, Meowa Street, Fort Bombay. Plenty of accommodation and fine showroom.

SCIENCE VS. OPERATION Piles radically cured. Both external and internal of any standing. Price, Rs. 4 per phial. Leucoderma or White Leprosy. A Guranteed cure Rs. 4 per phial, A. WHITE & CO., Chemist, 59, Tollygunge, Calcutta. 3379

LEPROSY, Leucorderma, Patches, Spots Marks, Eruptions, etc., arising from Blood Impurities cured radically and harmlessly in four weeks. Rs. 7-8 per week. Three days' treatment free on sending descriptions fully. "SRI" WORKS, Beadon Square, Calcutta. G. P. O. S.

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

NOTICE TO FORD OWNERS—If you are thinking of insuring your Ford, please communicate with us as we can offer you specially low terms on insurance of Ford Cars. FORD AUTOMOBILES (India), Ltd., Hughes Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 767. Telegram "Autoford."

EDUCATIONAL.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.—Arrangement for enrolling immediately a limited number of extra students is made. 80, Esplanade Road. 3439

WANTED—PUPILS for Shorthand (New Method) taught within 2 months. Typewriting and Accountancy, Banking, etc. Apply PROF. LENTIN, 283, Hornby Road. 3494

WANTED—Aspiring STUDENTS to know that our new Session of classes will commence shortly, still room for few more students. For prospectus with revised terms, and hours of classes, see the PRINCIPAL, THE WOODSTOCK SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING SCHOOL, 251, Hornby Road, above Bessho and Co. 3477

MATRIC—Last year all our pupils who were allowed to sit in the Preliminary Exam. were sent up to the University Matriculation Examination without a single exception. We invite the weakest students that never even dream of success to make them realise it in March, 1920. Students—any Standard Enrolled. Individual attention is a special feature of the School. THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, 259-261, Hornby Road, Fort. 1845

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Experienced CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, knowing Typewriting, Goaneee preferred. Apply personally between 2 to 7 p.m., to ORIENTAL TRADING and Co., Lower Chawal, opposite Cinema. 3432

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Experienced COMPOUNDERS for pilgrim ships. Apply personally to the MANAGER, THE PERSIAN GULF STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., 19, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay. 3470

WANTED.—A smart Accountant holding L.C.C. certificate for up-country, starting salary Rs. 30 p.m. Preference will be given to Dakshni Brahmins. Apply in own handwriting to Messrs. KHARE and Co., Auditors, Girgaon, Bombay. 3457

WANTED.—An young energetic Gujarati CLERK with elementary knowledge of Shorthand and Typewriting. Good Gujarati and English handwriting and knowledge of Gujarati account essential. Apply with testimonials and terms to Box No. 857, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3425

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WANTED—A LADY TYPIST for a large European Firm. Apply Box No. 870 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3488

WANTED—A smart TYPIST for two hours between the hours 5 to 7 p.m. Apply Box No. 868, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3474

WANTED—CLERKS knowing Accounts for Poona. Apply Box No. 877, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3493

WANTED—A LADY TEACHER to teach a lady, English, sewing, knitting, etc. Apply Box No. 869, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3476

WANTED.—A Competent TYPIST for a first class Hotel in Bombay. Apply immediately stating terms with copies of testimonials to Box No. 871, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3479

WANTED.—Two 2nd class MECHANICAL ENGINEERS, previous experience necessary. For terms apply to Sheth RADHAKISHAN JAIKISON, Khandwa, C. P. 3482

WANTED—NEAT TRACERS for Architectural Drawings. Apply Messrs. MERWANJI BANA & CO., 60, Tamarind Lane, Fort. 3384

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A smart SHORTHAND TYPIST, handsome salary. Apply personally Messrs. DHARAMSI & CO., Solicitors, 3, Church Gate Street, Fort. 3487

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A qualified MEDICAL OFFICER for a Pilgrim ship Apply personally to the MANAGER, THE PERSIAN GULF STEAM NAV. CO., LTD., 19, Rampart Row, Fort. 3485

WANTED—A competent CLERK for the Import Office Work, also well experienced in Hosieries, Cutleries, Hardware, Tents and Crockery Wares, etc. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 880, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3449

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A CHIEF OFFICER for a steamer, holding Master's certificate preferred. Apply personally to the MANAGER THE PERSIAN GULF STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., 19 Rampart Row, Fort. 3486

WANTED for a shop, experienced CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, knowing typewriting on Remington. Apply, stating salary and previous experience to Box No. 849. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3381

WANTED—CLERKS with knowledge of Gujerati accounts, correspondence, etc., knowing Typewriting preferred. Apply Box No. 854, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3416

WANTED—An experienced DRAFTSMAN Architectural preferred, 3 years agreement necessary. Salary Rs. 50 to 70. Apply personally. HATE & MASTER, 72, Medows Street, Fort. 3460

WANTED—A smart TYPIST for an Insurance Office with knowledge of Office work. Apply stating salary and previous experience to Box No. 863, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3459

WANTED.—An experienced GRADUATE with French as Second-Language for a local High School. Good prospects for a competent man. Please Apply to Box No. 853 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle. 3415

WANTED—A GRADUATE to work as a SECRETARY for organising and working a socialistic club on the basis of Fabian Society. Pay from Rs. 75 to Rs. 100. Apply to Box No. 846, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3373

WANTED.—A CORRESPONDENCE CLERK and a CANVASSER, Hindu preferred. Salary Rs. 30 per month. The TABLET MFG. CO., 182, Ripon Rd., Bombay.

WANTED.—One TURNER and one FITTER, Fitter must know the line level work of the Carding Department of a Mill. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with testimonial to the MANAGER, Khatau Makanji Mills, Byculla, Bombay. 3448

WANTED—A tried and experienced WEAVING MASTER for known mill in Bombay. Salary according to qualification. Only experts need apply with testimonials stating terms to Box No. 844, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2360

APPLICATIONS are invited from influential and experienced gentlemen to represent as Agents for the following districts for a well established Indian Insurance Company:—Surat, Broach, West and East Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Thana, Kolaba, City and Island of Bombay. Handsome remuneration. Apply Box No. 878, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3495

WANTED—An experienced man for exports of seeds, grains, oils cakes, and groceries, only men who have experience of this work need apply. Handsome salary to competent man. Also a Junior CLERK-TYPIST wanted. Apply sharp Box No. 842, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3355

WANTED—A really first class TENNIS MARKER for six months. Must be of sober habits and exceptionally great experience. None, but the best candidate need apply stating terms and qualifications to PRIVATE SECRETARY to Col Prince Hamidullah Khan Bahadur, Bhopal. 3370

WANTED for Railway Construction work, a thoroughly competent ASSISTANT ENGINEER with Railway Constructional experience. Consolidated pay Rs. 400 to Rs. 500 per mensem according to qualifications. Present employment temporary, but good prospects for a good man. Apply with copy of testimonials to MANAGER and ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF, Bhavnagar State Railway, Bhavnagar Para, Kathiawar. 3372

SITUATION WANTED.

SERVICES of a young smart Madrasi Accountant, aged 26, open. Knows in addition correspondence and type-writing, etc. Willing to serve anywhere in India proper. Apply Box No. 852, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3413

WANTED

WANTED.—Large airy ROOMS for office on Hornby Road, Medows Street, etc. Apply Box No. 872, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3480A

WANTED—An experienced and Influential CANVASSER for Mill and Gin Stores. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 150, according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 748, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2994

WANTED

WANTED TO ADVANCE—Rupees two lakhs on mortgage of good buildings. Brokers need not apply Apply Box No. 876, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3489

WANTED.—FIRMS or PERSONS willing to lay out Rs. 10,000 and above on sound security. Every investment returned with interest and profit. No risk. No bothieration. Apply Box No. 647 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3376

FOR SALE.

ORDERS registered for apples—9lbs. nett, by V. P. parcel post, for Rs. 5, all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Post Dunbar, P. O., Kulu, Panjab. 3083

INDIAN PATENT RIGHT for Machine that would bring good income. Apply CHIMANLAL BALABHAI CHOKSHI, Panchkuva, Ahmedabad. 3377

TO INVESTORS.—FOR SALE.—Tata Iron and Steel 7½ per cent. 2nd Preference shares. Rs. 10 paid per share. Apply No. 871, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3490

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.—Lucrative BOOKS BUSINESS, owner going abroad, small investment, Rs. 150—200 profit monthly, secrets explained, Apply Box No. 873, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3481

FOR SALE.—MILLING MACHINE, 8 to 24 feet Lathes, Pneumatic Hammer, Screwing Machines by Oster (new). Apply LONDON AEROGRAPH, Girgaon, Bombay. 3483

STEEL BEAMS.—Now Cheaper than Timber for Houses. Ample stocks. Apply GEO. SERVICE & CO., King's Building, Bombay. 3158

FOR SALE.—SWEET DROPS AND TABLETS FACTORY with all accessories, owing to owner's illness. Price moderate. Apply Box No. 875, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3488

FOR SALE—PLOTS OF LAND on Pedder Road, commanding good view—as also at Versova, between Andheri and Versova along road side. For particulars write to Box No. 866, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3484

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FOR SALE.—Best English CITRIC and TARTARIC ACIDS packed in one cwt. wooden kegs. Apply to Messrs. BARIA and Co., "K" Buildings, Fort Street, Bombay. 3403

FOR SALE.—Brand New American Steel Shelving 8ft. x 9ft. x 1½ft. divided into three compartments of trays, 2ft. 3ft. and 4ft. wide in eight vertical units. Apply to A. J. BAJAN, 289, Hornby Road. 3480

SEEDS—GARDEN SEEDS.—Fresh stock of English vegetable and flower seeds, just received. Send for free price list. PESTONJI P. POCHA & SONS, 8, Napier Road, Poona. 3216

ON VIEW—Mr. J. Walker's valuable furniture, Chesterfield sofas, harmonium, gramophone, etc. at Grant House, Palton Road, Crawford Market, TO BE SOLD TOMORROW. ,, ,, 3497

FOR SALE—Well established "DISPENSING CHEMIST SHOP", with entire stock and complete furniture, situated on Sandhurst Road. Good paying locality, cheapest rent. The opportunity for Private Practitioner or Chemist. Apply or see personally at once. to DOCTOR, House No. 18, 3rd Parsiwada, Girgaon. 3478

IN pleasure of Peace being signed we will sell our Chicago Long Distance Magneto, Telephones and Columbia Dry Cells at special reduced prices up to the end of September, 1919. Call for complete Catalogue and prices. CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY CO., P. O. Box 459, Hornby Road, Bombay. Telegrams: "CHIPHONE BOMBAY." S

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 7	115
Remington No. 8	125
American Rebuilt Oliver No. 5	175
Multiplex Hammond with Leather Case	185
Corona Folding, New with Case	199
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Gujerati Remington No. 9 L-used ...	175
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Just Unpacked a consignment of Rebuilt Remingtons 10 and Olivers 9. Lowest prices for Highest qualities.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
36 Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay,
"Tele:—"WRITERTYPE."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs.
Remington 7, Rs. 85, 110, 125, No. 8, 100.	115
Adler, Visible, Special Signs	115
Sun, Visible, Portable, B. S. good as new.	150
Hammond No. 12, Brief, 2 Cols., 3 Types.	150
American Rebuilt Oliver 5, B. S., and Tab	175
Corona Folding No. 3 with Case, New ...	199
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 190, 200, 210.	225
Gujerati Remington No. 9, good as new.	225
American Rebuilt L. C. Smith & Bros. No. 5	225
American Rebuilt Oliver No. 9, 2 Colours.	...
American Rebuilt Remington 10, Visible.	...
Remington 10, Brief, slightly used	275

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address:—TYPEEXPERT.

TO BE LET;

TO BE LET—LAL BANGLOW on Gundvi side, at Andheri, to a Vegetarian Hindu family. Apply to POONSEE DEVSEE, Chich Bunder Road, during office hours. 3345

TO LET—For Season, a commodious BUNGLOW, at Civil Lines, Poona, in fashionable locality with large compound. Apply Mr. VACHHA, personally, Hongkong Bank. 3437.

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PUBLIC and LEGAL NOTIFICATIONS are inserted at the following rates:—
Included also are Government and Shipping Notices, Company Prospectus, Tenders, etc.

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First insertion	Rs. 3-0
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Fifth and subsequent	Rs. 2-0
Minimum charge	Rs. 6-0

PUBLIC NOTICES.

D. A. V. COLLEGE, LAHORE.

WANTED—A PROFESSOR of Economics to teach senior classes, starting salary up to Rs. 200, according to qualifications and an ASSISTANT PROFESSOR of English, starting salary up to Rs. 150, according to qualifications and experience. Apply giving full particulars to the SECRETARY. 3475

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE CORNER PLOT OF LAND (330 square yards), near Gol Pitha, Khetwadi, opposite the new Lahiri Building, good for Motor Garage, Shops, etc.
Apply Box No. 866, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3464

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

FOR SALE.

FREEHOLD LANDED PROPERTY, 3,066 square yards, with two large frontages on two big roads, very central for Theatre, Cinema, Shops, Residence, etc.
Apply Box No. 865, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3463

HORSES FOR SALE.

GREY MARE 15.1, 7 years old, broken to both saddles and has been driven in Harness, very good across country, good jumper. Has played Polo; believed sound.
Owner has gone home. Can be inspected at Julius Gove's stables, Bellasis Road, Byculla. 3374

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of SECOND COLLECTOR of Income Tax, Bombay, salary Rs. 1,000 rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,500. The post is pensionable and carries prospects of promotion to that of First Collector on Rs. 1,500—50—2,000 and eventually to that of Commissioner of Income Tax, on Rs. 2,500. Only those should apply who have some years' experience of Accountancy, Banking or of general business. Applications stating age, full particulars of previous experience and date when services would be available, should be made before 5th August and be addressed to the Deputy Secretary to Government, Financial Department, Secretariat, Bombay. 3393

NOTICE.

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AD. INTERIM DIVIDENDS for the half year ended 31st December, 1918, at the rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per 5 per cent. Preference Shares of Rs. 500 each, and on the other shares at the rate of Rs. 120 per share of Rs. 500 each, and at Rs. 60 per share of Rs. 250 each, all free of income tax, will be paid on and after MONDAY, 4th August, 1919, between the hours of 11-30 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time) on ordinary week days, and 11-30 a.m. and 1-30 p.m. on SATURDAYS, at the Registered Office of the Company, York Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, to those Shareholders whose names are on the Register on Monday the 14th July, 1919.
Dividend Warrants will be posted to Shareholders on the 2nd August, 1919.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 14th July, to SATURDAY, 26th July, 1919, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd July, 1919. 3009

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY.

(Incorporated in England by Special Act of Parliament.)

WEEKLY POSTAL EXPRESS DELHI TO BOMBAY IN CONNECTION WITH THE MAIL STEAMER.

EVERY FRIDAY, until further notice, accommodation will be provided for a limited number of First and Second Class passengers on the Postal Express leaving Delhi at 8-50 a.m. in connection with the Weekly Mail Steamer leaving Bombay on Saturdays:—
The timings are as under:—

		H.	M.
Delhi	Dep.	8	50
Muttra Junction	,,	11	12
Bayana	,,	12	33
Kotah Junction	,,	16	43
Rutlam	,,	21	14
Baroda	,,	1	43
Bombay	Arr.	9	50

The Postal Express runs direct to the Ballard Pier, Bombay, alongside the Steamer.
Connection is maintained at Delhi with the undermentioned trains:—
No. 4 Down leaving Peshawar at 7-30 hours Thursday.
No. 86 Down leaving Lahore at 20-0 hours. Thursday.
A Restaurant Car is provided throughout from Delhi.
The number of seats in the train is strictly limited, and they will be allotted by the STATION SUPERINTENDENT, DELHI only, to whom application should be made at least 48 hours before the departure time of the train. Seats will be allotted strictly in accordance with priority of applications.
Passengers are requested to label their luggage for Ballard Pier, Bombay.
NOTE—Due to breaches on the line between Bharatpur and Bayana, the Express will be diverted via Agra Cantonment and Bayana, and arrive Bombay approximately at 10-50, instead of 9-50 until further.
E. T. ROBINSON,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 12th July, 1919. 3015

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Plans and Specifications
OF
Houses Suitable for Occupation by the Working Classes
BY
A. E. MIRAMS, F.S.I., F.S.A., F.R.S.I.,
Consulting Surveyor to the Government of Bombay.

Obtainable from the Government Book Depot, Poona, or the usual Govt. Agents at nominal price of Rs. 2-8-0 net, per copy.
Every Factory owner should have a copy of this book.

BOMBAY IMPRROVEMENT TRUST.

DADAR-MATUNGA ESTATE.

THE TRUSTEES are prepared to receive applications from persons desirous of entering into Agreements to lease plots on this Estate.
The lands now offered lie on the East side of Kingsway between the proposed 100 feet East to West Road and the temporary Military Hospital and are within a few minutes walk of Dadar and Matunga stations.
Applications will be received up to 5 p.m. (S. T.) on the 29th August next. Particulars may be had and plans seen at the Board's Offices, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
J. T. BURGE, F.S.I.,
3469 Ag. Estate Agent.

NOTICE.

IN MODIFICATION of the notice issued by the Cotton Contracts Board on the 25th June, notice is hereby given that Contracts Nos. 2 (Broach) and 5 (Southerns) have been combined to form one contract, with the addition of Hyderabad, Gaorani and Barsi. Delivery months to be April-May, June-July, August-September and October. Tenders of Broach and S. G. Dharwar to be "fair to good" staple, and of the remainder 'good' staple. There are thus now four Hedge Contracts available for trading from the 26th instant viz.
1. F.G.M.G. Bengal. 2. Broach (including Southerns, as above).
3. Fine M.G. Oomra. and 4. F.G. Oomra.
Printed slips correcting the notice previously issued will shortly be available for members of the Cotton Clearing House.
By order of the Board,
3507 Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Companies concerned that R. B. MAJOR RAMPRASAD DUBE, while working as Chief Minister, was empowered by His Highness the Maharaja Tukoji Rao Holkar to buy, sell, hold, discharge and to carry on correspondence in connection with the shares of the various companies held by His Highness in the State account and a necessary Power of Attorney was duly executed by His Highness the Maharaja Holkar in his favour for the purpose. As the said R. B. Major Ramprasad Dube is not now in the service of His Highness' Government, the said Power of Attorney provisionally given to him is no longer in force and should be considered as cancelled.
CHIEF MINISTER
To His Highness the Maharaja
3369 Holkar, Indore.

WANTED.

WANTED—GRADUATES with the Diploma of the Bombay Secondary Teachers' Training College to be Headmasters, one each for the Marathi, the Gujarati and the Urdu Vernacular Teachers' Training Classes maintained by the Bombay Schools Committee. Apply stating qualifications, etc., with minimum salary required to—,
D. G. PADHYE,
Secretary, Schools Committee.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 25th July, 1919. 3504

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1938 of 1919.

BALA NARAYAN HONRAO, (2) DAGDU HARI SATBHAI, (3) ABHA GOVIND SHETE, (4) MANOHAR GOVIND ICHAPURE, (5) PURSHURAM ABBA JAMBHURE and (6) NARAYAN SHIVVAPPA VAKDE and (7) MARUTI BAJRO-SHENDE, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, Trustees of the Virshiva Lingayat Temple, on behalf of themselves and all other the worshippers at the said temple ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
The Hon'ble the Advocate-General of Bombay ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Judge's Order dated the 5th day of July, 1919, Notice under Order 1 Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure is hereby given to the Worshippers of the Virshiv Lingayat Temple at Sandhurst Road, that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have with the premission of this Hon'ble Court granted on the 5th day of July, 1919, instituted this suit against the Advocate-General of Bombay on behalf of themselves and other the worshipers at the said temple praying (1) for an order sanctioning the sale of the property described in the Plaint herein upon the terms and conditions and at the price set out in the Agreement referred to in the said Plaint (2) That if necessary the Plaintiffs may be authorised to purchase the property described in another agreement annexed to the Plaint upon the terms and conditions and at the price mentioned in the said agreement (3) for costs of this suit and (4) for such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require and that the hearing of this suit has been fixed for the 5th day of August 1919.
Dated this 24th day of July, 1919.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Prothonotary.
(Sd.) K. A. BHOJWANI
The 24th day of July, 1919.
MIRZA MIRZA & MANGALDAS,
Plaintiffs's Attorneys.
3490

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI ABOO HAJI SOOMAR PATEL has contracted to sell absolutely to our client KADURBHAI SHAIK HUSSONBHAI KUTHARI, the property hereunder described: All persons having any claim thereto or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, charge, gift, lease, or lien or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 85, Ash Lane, within the Fort, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same (if any), will be deemed to have been waived.
SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.
FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Forest land or ground together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the South side of Grant Road Bridge, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 779 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 358, New No. C 13565, Old Survey No. 198 and New Survey No. 1B 7346 and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3646 (1A), Street Nos. 4 and 4AA, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the property hereafter secondly described, on or towards the West by the property of Mahomedbhai Rowji, on or towards the North by the property of Shirinbai Jehangirji Dick, and on or towards the South by the property of Dr. Luxman Baoboba Dhargalker and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.
SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate, lying and being on the South side of Grant Road Bridge, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 27 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. B/16998 and New Survey No. 6B, 7347 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by a private passage and beyond that by the property of Hormusjee Sulmanji, on or towards the West by the property hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the North by the property of Shirinbai Jehangirji Dick and on or towards the South by the property of Dr. Luxman Baoboba Dhargalker.
Dated this 25th day of July, 1919.
JEHANGIR & SEERVAI,
3496 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI AHMED HAJI HASSAM has contracted to sell absolutely to our client ABDEALLY ESOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSEIN, the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim thereto or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, charge, gift, lease or lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 85, Ash Lane within the Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same (if any) will be deemed to have been waived.
SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of perpetual Pasendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house, standing thereon situate, lying and being on the East side of Abdul Rahman Street without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 96 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. [illegible] assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Assessment under B Ward No. 69 and Street Nos. 321-323 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East and North by the property of Heptoola Shaik Adam, on or towards the West by Abdul Rehman Street aforesaid and on or towards the South by a screen or passage and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.
Dated the 25th day of July, 1919.
JEHANGIR & SEERVAI,
3 09 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SOWROJEE HORMUSJEE, of Bombay, Parsi has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.
All that piece or parcel of Government leasehold land together with the messuage or bungalow standing thereon, situate at Versova, in the Registration Sub-District of Salsette, in the Taluka of Salsette, Thana District, containing by admeasurement 25½ gunthas or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under part of Survey No. 82 and known as building site No. [illegible] and bounded on the East by the road beyond it the unoccupied land out of Survey No. 82 and beyond the land Survey No. 59, on the West by the Sea-coast on the North by building site No. 23, on the South by building site No. 21 and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.
Dated this 21st day of July, 1919.
MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3499

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PRIVATE OFFERS are invited on behalf of Mr. CHUNILAL JIWANDAS, the surviving executor of the last Will and testament of the late Mr. JAGMOHANDAS VANDRAVANDAS BHAISETH for the sale of the following property, situate at Mahableswar and known as "Green Wood." Any person desiring to purchase the said property is required to sign with his name and address the form of tender attached to the conditions of sale copy whereof can be obtained from Messrs. Payne & Co., Solicitors to the executor at their office at the Mercantile Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

The offer must be sealed and accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500, (which deposit shall be returned, if the offer is not accepted) as provided by the conditions and must be submitted to Mr. N. P. Engineer, C/o Messrs. Payne & Co., Solicitors. The Mercantile Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Bombay, not later than 4 P. M. on TUESDAY, the 5th day of August, 1919.

The Executor does not undertake to accept the highest or any offer.

The two pieces of land described hereunder were purchased by the late Mr. Jagmohandas Vandrawandas Bhaiseth in 1895 who built a Bungalow thereon at the cost of about Rs. 1,25,000. The Bungalow consists of a drawing room, four bed rooms with bath rooms attached two verandahs and a kitchen. There are also servants' quarters consisting of eight rooms and two verandahs, stables with four stalls, a coach house and grooms quarters.

SCHEDULE.

FIRST:—All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate and lying at Mahableswar in the village of Shindolla, Taluka Javli, Zilla Satara, registered by the Mamlatdar of Javli under Revision Survey No. 2, containing by admeasurement about 14 acres and 21 Gunthas and bounded on the East by a Road to Babington Point from Satara Road on the South by a forest on the West by a Forest and on the North by a Plot bearing Revision Survey No. 9.

SECOND:—All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage tenements and dwelling house standing thereon lying at Mahableswar in the village of Shindola, Taluka Javli, Zilla Satara, registered by the Mamlatdar of Javli, under Revision Survey No. 27 and containing by admeasurement about 15 acres and bounded on the East by a Forest on the South by a Forest on the West by a Road leading to Babington Point and a Plot bearing Revision Survey No. 28 and on the North by a Forest.

Dated this 17th day of July, 1919.

PAYNE & CO.,

Attorneys for Mr. Chunilal Jiwandas the surviving Executor of the last Will of the late Mr. Jagmohandas Vandravandas Bhaiseth.

3326

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of VURJIWANDAS LALJI, of Porebunder, Dassa Shrimali Bania Hindu Inhabitant, living on the income of his property .....Deceased.

Bai RAMBHABAI, widow of the said deceased Vurjiwandas Lalji, of Porebunder Dassa Shrimali Bania Hindu Inhabitant at present temporarily residing at Wandby Road, near the Gaiety Theatre .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twenty-first day of July in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen and in the Tenth year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

K. A. BHOJWANI,

The 21st day of July 1919.

MR. G. B. PANDYA.
Petitioner's Attorney.

3491

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SHARIFABIBI, widow of Kazi Abdula Rahiman Kazi Alli, late of Achra, Taluka Malwan, District Ratnagiri, Dakhani Mahomedan Inhabitant. Deceased.

AYESHABIBI, widow of Kazi Abdul Gafoor Valad Kazi Abdul Kadar, of Achra, Taluka Malwan, District Ratnagiri, Dakhani Mahomedan Inhabitant, now temporarily residing at Parel Road, without the Fort, one of the daughters and heirs of the abovenamed deceased. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD Esq., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Sixteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nineteen and in the Tenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALBARI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) R. B PATEL,

The 16th day of June. 1919.

Messrs. TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

3472

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. MANECKJI DADABHAI CHAWNA and HORMUSJI MANECKJI CHAWNA of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the Ginning Factory known as "Narnay Ginning Factory", situate at Digras, Puragna Chincholi, Taluka Darwa, District Yeotmal, together with the machinery, houses, sheds, bungalows and lands of whatsoever nature belonging to the Vendors or either of them situate at Digras aforesaid and whether included in the said Factory or not to our clients Messrs. Goculdas Dossa & Co.

Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at No. 50, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

Dated this 24th day of July, 1919.

BHIMJEE & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

3477

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai LAKHBAI, widow of Jetha Devji Administratrix of the property and credits of the deceased Jetha Devjee has agreed to sell to our client the undermentioned properties

All persons having any claim or claims against or to the same properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charges or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, situate on the South side of the Parel village Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, together with the houses standing thereon bounded on the North by the Parel village Road, on the East partly by a passage and partly by the ground of the Bombay Improvement Trust, on the South by the property of Merwanji Mancherji Mistry and on the West partly by the property of Sidha Appa, partly by the property of Byramji Hormasji and partly by the property of Uppa Sidhaji and Uderam Shamnaji and partly by the property of Manshar Chittu.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground situate at Parel aforesaid and bounded on the East by the Parel Tank, on the West by the Parel Village Road, on the North by a passage to a public well and on the South by the property of Parashram Wassoodew.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government land, situate at Parel aforesaid together with the house standing thereon and bounded, on the East by the Parel Tank, on the West by the Parel Village Road, on the North by the property of Parashram Wassoodew and others and on the South by the property of Balwant Vithal and which said pieces or parcels of land contain by admeasurement 3,500 square yards or thereabouts and are registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay under Old No. 32, New No. 1459 and New Survey No. 2 1/9 and 116 and assessed by the Municipality under F Ward No. 2727 (1), 2727 (2), 2727 (3), 2727 (4), 2728, 2540, and 2542 and Street Nos. 1421, 1421A, 1421B, 1421C, 1422, 1234 and 1236.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1919.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3492

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. HORMUSJI NUSSERWANJI KHAMBATTA, of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, mortgage, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 50, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL that piece of Leasehold land together with the messuages tenements and building standing thereon, situate at DeLisle Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,230 6/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 16868, New Survey No. A.B.3445, and bounded on the East by the property of G. I. P. Railway, on the West by the said DeLisle Road, on the North by the chawls or buildings now or lately belonging to Chunilal Varjiwandas and on the South by land belonging to Government which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 7110—7111 and Street Nos. 43—45, DeLisle Road, and were formerly in the occupation or possession of Jehangir Pestonji Khambatta and are now in the occupation or possession of the vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 24th day of July, 1919.

BHIMJEE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3473

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE OF 3 BALES PRINTED COATING.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 30th July, 1919, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell, by Public Auction at their Sale Room the following:—

By order of Mr. S. S. Reubin and on account and at the risk of Messrs. H. M. H. Sedehi & Sons.

D. D.—1044—C. C.—No. 48/50 3 Bales each 16 pieces Printed Coating (suitable for Persian Markets).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid against Delivery Order of the B. P. T. Bonded Warehouse within three days.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th July, 1919.

SALE BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

11 BALES OF GREY LONG CLOTH OF MANECKJI PETIT MILL.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 26th of July, 1919, at 2 p.m. (S.T.). Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at the baling press of Dossa Mussa, Vithalwadi by order of Messrs. Vishvambharlal Kisnorlal & Co., and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchasers Messrs. Jivanlal Manilal:—

11 bales of grey Long Cloth of Manekji Petit Mill including:—

2 bales No. 15235 lbs 9.
5 bales No. 1575 lbs. 9½.
2 bales No. 1425 lbs. 10.
2 bales No. 1525 lbs 10¼.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT MALBAR HILL, WALKESHWAR WITHOUT THE FORT.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 941 of 1919.

Hiralal Ranchordas and others ... Plaintiffs.
v/s
The Advocate-General of Bombay Defendants.

Under instructions from the Plaintiffs who are the trustees of the charities created by the last Will and Testament of Bai Achrat Bai widow of Pranjivandas Ranchhorddas. Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will pursuant to the directions contained in the Judge's Order passed herein on the 14th June, 1919, sell the undermentioned immoveable property TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 27th day of July, 1919, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages tenements standing thereon situate at Malbar Hill without the Fort of Bombay in the city of Bombay fronting the public road leading to the Banganga Tank, in east side thereof in the registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 296 square yards or thereabouts be the same more or less assessed by the Collector, Municipal Rates and Taxes under ward No. 3067, and Street No. 81 and bounded as follows on or towards the North by the property of Randharji Bowa and partly by a portion of the public road aforesaid on the South partly by the property of Ookerda Doongersey and partly by another portion of public road aforesaid on the East partly by the property of Damodar Lakhmidas and on the West by the public passage aforesaid.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Muljee and Thakordas attorneys for the plaintiffs No. 7, Church Gate Street, or to the undersigned,

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE, GOLDEN WRIST WATCH AND KNITTING MACHINES, ETC.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 26th July, 1919, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public auction at their Rooms No. 52 Medows Street, Fort, teak and blackwood artistic furniture such as silk tapestry lined drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, marbletop centre table, office writing tables, cane arm and armless chairs, revolving chairs, easychairs, Curzon chairs, silk lined low chairs, glass and paneldoor cupboard, single glassdoor almyrahs, table and wall mirrors, plain curved and tiled teapoys, flowerpot stands, bookshelf, towel racks, dirty cloth baskets, tapestry and leather lined sofas, single as well as double wooden bedsteads complete, records, etc.

Property of a private gentleman

1 Golden Wrist Watch 14c. by Favre Leuba.
1 Big Carpet.
1 Fancy folding screen.
By order of office concerned,
1 Big office table.
1 Pair office cup-boards, arm chairs, Typewriting machines, tables, benches, etc.
6 Knitting machines and about 60 dozen military socks.
1 Oil Paint Machine. D. C. Current.
1 Machine for grinding coffee and spices with Electric motor. D. C. Current.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th July, 1919.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
BOMBAY.
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 521.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 28th July, 1919, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Auction Rooms, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the household furniture and sundry articles:—

Furniture, such as drawing room suites, mirror door almyrahs, dressing and writing tables, teakwood chairs, fancy teapoys, cupboards, etc.

Adler & Yost typewriters, lady's saddles, American oil air stove, Singer's sewing machines.

By order of the office concerned:—48 bolts representing 1996½ yards green cotton canvas (useful to shipchandlers).

8 cases (32 coils) Twin Lead Cable (European make) representing 2 miles, size 1/18 inch.

3 cases contg: 450 gross rubber balloons.

About 5 tons zinc chloride.

14 cases hair combs.

The property of the late Mr. Karmalibhoy Moleudina:—

Silverware & English safe.

By order of the officer commanding Base Postal Depot:—

Dead articles such as provision, cigarettes clothing, Kodak camera, etc

By order of the office concerned and on account of The Insurance Co., concerned:—

8 cases of Japanese celluloid toys (damaged).

By order of the Insurance Co. concerned:—

19 cases each contg. 70 pieces of Train Hose Pipes 27in. x 2in.

By order of Messrs. Dinshawji Bhikhaji Khan & Co. and on account and risk of Javeri Motichand Kastoorchand:—

2 bunches of 11 strings, contg. 63 pearls weighing 69 chows.

By order of N. H. Moos, Esq., The Receiver appointed in H. C. Suit No. 1882 of 19.. (Raghowji vs. Bindiram):—

3 Baras cotton.

By order of M. N. Lang, Esq., The Official Assignee of Bombay and the undermentioned insolvents:—

(1) Re:—Damodar Hemraj, Insolvent:—

2 round saws, pump and typewriter.

(2) Haji Mahomed Husani Sedehi and another Insolvents:—

Godrej's safe carpets, cup-board, chairs, tables, bench, roll top office table, copying press, typewriter, revolving chair, cushioned sofa and chairs, blackwood carved desk and chair, etc.

At 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

1 rubber-tyred glass-fronted office brougham.
1 Rubbertyred shigram.
1 Rubbertyred vis-a-vis.
Second-hand bicycle.
By order of the parties concerned.
One [illegible] 2 seated "Calabri" Motor Car with Zenith carburetor, Bosch magneto, electric dynamo in good order Car No. 1949.

One handsome young grey country bred mare, broken to saddle and harness by no fault.

One rubber tyred handsome glass fronted shigram.

One "Orlean" 20 H.P. Motor Lorry with platform body in working order suitable for carrying purposes.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th July, 1919.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.,

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 35, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
(Telephone No. 1288.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CASES SOKA POPLINS.

On MONDAY, the 28th instant at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & CO. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press, opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Navalchand Malukchand and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties:—

On account and at the risk of Messrs. M. H. Chaganlal and Co.—

1 case, 20 pieces black Soka Poplins, No. 1500, 52 inches 30/35 yards L. L. Teli's goods.

On account and at the risk of Seth Jatashanker Jethabhoy—

2 cases each 20 pieces coloured Soka Poplins No. 1500, 52 inches, 30/35 yards, L. L. Teli's goods.

AUCTION SALE OF 4 PACKAGES NAINSOOKHS

On MONDAY, the 28th instant at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press, opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Jagannath Chaganlal Brothers, and on account and at the risk of Seth Kishandas Dwarkadas—

4 packages Nainsookhs No. 7474.

AUCTION SALE OF 13 BALES JAPANESE SHIRTINGS.

On MONDAY the 28th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Gordhandas Dhanji and on account and at the risk of Seth Karsondas Runchordas.

13 bales Japanese shirtings No. 31, 44 inches.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 PACKAGES ENGLISH WHITE DHOTEES.

On MONDAY, the 28th instant at 3-15 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Panachand Fulchand and on account and at the risk of Sha. Dahyabhoy Hirnal.

10 packages English White Dhotees No. 48000 (quality of No. 45000) 8/12 yards.

Bombay, 25th July, 1919.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th July, 1919.

AMUSEMENTS

ADVERTISEMENTS of Concerts, Cinemas and other Amusements are inserted in these columns at the rate of Re. 2 per inch per insertion in single column.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY at 6-30 p. m.

TO-MORROW at 9-45 p. m.

THE TRINITY OF DRAMATIC FORCE.

HALL CAINE ..... The Author.
DERWENT HALL CAINE ..... The Actor.
And The Book

The most famous of all the DRAMAS OF GREAT WRITERS.

"THE DEEMSTER"
"THE DEEMSTER"
"THE DEEMSTER"

Its appeal in picture form is tremendous.

No character can win your sympathy as does Dan Mylrea prodigal son, black sheep and outcast, as portrayed by Derwent Hall Caine in

"THE DEEMSTER"

by

HALL CAINE.

TO-NIGHT
COMMENCES OUR GRAND NEW SERIAL
THE

Mystery of the Double Cross

featuring.

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Mystery Romance
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2nd class	.. ,,	0	6	0
3rd class	.. ,,	0	3	0

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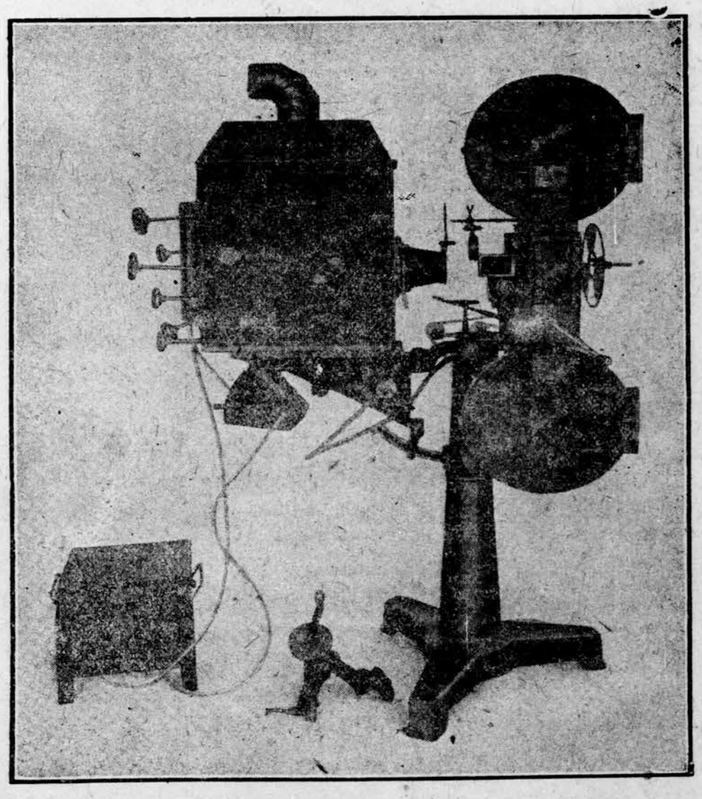

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C. 139.

THE WEATHER.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 24th July 1919

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m, and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.667 Inch.
Temperatue of Air	81.7 Deg
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.1 ,,
Dew Point	76.8 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.851 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy 10)	9.2 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	86.3 ,,
Minimum do.	78.4 ,,
General direction of Wind from mindnight to midnight	W.WSW.
Movement of Wind	133 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.14 Inchs
Total fall during month	14.92 ,,
Do. do. year	38.38 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 24th.	0.31 ,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill.		Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill.	
	July	h.	m.	ft.	in.	July	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Fri.	25	m 10	10	28	1	25	m 3	9	15	10
		9	48a	26	3		4	13a	19	1
Sat.	26	m 10	59	28	10	26	m 4	0	10	6
		10	45a	26	10		5	4a	18	3
Sun.	27	m 11	42	29	4	27	m 4	48	15	3
		11	36a	27	4		5	49a	17	6
Mon.	28					28	m 5	53	15	4
		0	20a	29	6		6	29a	16	11
Tues.	29	m 0	23	27	7	29	m 6	15	15	9
		0	55a	27	3		7	6	16	8
Wed.	30	m 1	7	27	6	30	m 6	54	16	4
		1	29a	28	9		7	42a	16	9
Thur.	31	m 1	49	27	1	31	m 7	31	17	2
		2	1a	28	0		8	17a	17	0

The following are the hours of gunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

July	25 (Friday)	Sunrise 6h. 13m.	Sunset 7h. 50m.
,,	26 (Saturday	,, 6h. 13m.	,, 7h. 50m.
,,	27 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 13m.	,, 7h. 51m.
,,	28 (Monday)	,, 6h. 11m.	,, 7h. 51m.
,,	29 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 14m.	,, 7h. 16m.
,,	30 (Wednes)	,, 6h. 14m.	,, 7h. 16m.
,,	31 (Thursday	,, 6h. 15m.	,, 7h. 15m.

Phase of the Moon:—

First Quarter	5d.	8h.	47-2m. a.m.
Full Moon	13d.	11h.	32-2m. a.m.
Last Quarter	20d.	4h.	33-0m. p.m.
New Moon	27d.	10h.	51-4m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 25th July 1919, giving data for the preceding 24 hours:—

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded except in the south-west Punjab. Humidity is above normal in the north Punjab. Day temperature remains in defect at Rawalpindi.

The United Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain; Agra has had 0.15 in., Mainpuri 0.31 in., Jhansi 0.11 in., and Allahabad 0.88 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperatur is in excess at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rain has fallen locally in Rajputana, Bikaner reporting 0.14 in., and Kotha 0.16 in. Skies are slightly or moderately clouded. Both day and night temperatures are above normal in lower Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Central India West and local rain inland in Kathiawar; Neemuch has had 1.40 in., Indore 0.55 in. and Rajkot 0.35 in. Skies are moderately or heavily; clouded. Day temperature continues above normal except along the Kathiawar coast; night temperature is in excess at Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Rain has fallen locally in the western districts; Khandwa reports 0.39 in. and Akola 0.16 in. Skies are moderately clouded. Day temperature has risen and is generally above normal; night temperature is in excess at Raipur.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.45 in., Ratnagiri 1.77 in., Mormugao 1.60 in. and Karwar 2.64 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect at Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the north Bombay Deccan and the adjacent districts of Hyderabad; Aurangabad reports 2.62 in., Ahmednagar 0.12 in. and Poona 0.17 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature remains above normal at most stations.

General Remarks.—The unsettled conditions in the Arabian Sea have ceased to affect coast stations. Rainfall has been nearly general in Malabar, the Konkan, the north Bombay Deccan, Central India West and the United Provinces, and local in Rajputana, the west of the Central Provinces, the Madras Deccan and on the Madras coast. A few showers are reported from Kathiawar. Day temperature is high in the north of the Peninsula and the central parts of the country.

An extension of rainfall appears probable in the north of the Peninsula, Gujarat, Kathiawar and the north Punjab.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 24th July 1919:—

Rainfall has been more widespread in north-west India and has increased along the west coast of the Peninsula. It has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Rajputana and on the west coast of the Peninsula, and local in the United Provinces, the north Punjab, Baluchistam, Central India East, the Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Bengal, Bihar, the North-west Frontier Provinces, Hyderabad, Mysore and Madras excluding Malabar.

Principal amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Mergui, Tavoy one and a half inches; Rangoon, Kyaukpyu, Myitkyina one; Dhubri four; Cherrapunji one and a half; Jalpaiguri, Purnea one; Gorakhpur a quarter; Mussooree, Sialkot three; Lyallpur a quarter; Cherat a half; Harnai two; Kalat a quarter; Panjgur three-quarters; Udaipur, Seoni a half; Mercara one and Cocanada a half.

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1	T	H	E
2	R	I	N
3	G	I	S
4	O	N	E

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 25th July 1919.		Total since 1st June 1919 to Date.		June 1st to 25th July. 1917		1918	
	In.	Ct.	In	Ct	In.	Ct	In.	Ct.
Colaba (Observatory) ..	0	45	38	58	26	69	14	59
Fort (St. George's Hospital)	0	20	41	63	28	38	13	49
Esplanade (Gok. Tej. Hospital) ..	0	23	39	84	27	70	14	10
Byculla (J. J. Hospital) ..	0	25	44	3	27	85	16	10

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m., on FRIDAY the 25th of July, 1919.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 hrs.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do (25th) ..	95.8	84.6	53	..	0	0
Jask	94.5	83.7	84	..	0	—0.08
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (25th) ..	86.2	80.8	80	..	0	—0.16
PUNJAB—						
Multan	102.8	86.7	65	..	0	—2.01
Rawalpindi ..	92.4	78.4	87	..	12.88	+4.86
Lahore	101.3	79.5	84	..	1.54	—4.48
Hissar	100.1	83.1	73	..	1.74	—3.20
Ambala	94.4	80.3	77	..	10.61	+1.28
Delhi	94.0	83.6	79	..	1.71	—7.81
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	95.7	79.2	91	0.15	7.23	—2.61
Mainpuri	93.7	78.1	87	0.31	7.53	—0.88
Jhansi	94.1	78.8	83	0.11	20.53	+6.94
Cawnpore ..	90.4	79.5	89	..	7.71	—3.88
Allahabad ..	93.8	77.1	94	0.88	10.07	—3.85
SIND & RAJPUTANA—						
Jacobanad ..	105.5	86.2	57	..	0.14	—0.88
Karachi	92.9	83.9	78	..	0.26	—3.09
Ajmer	89.2	79.8	80	..	5.16	—2.33
Jaipur	98.5	78.0	75	..	7.46	—0.98
Kotah	90.2	78.6	75	0.16	11.32	+1.01
Mouut Abu ..	76.2	68.2	91	..	10.43	—11.96
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR & CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	96.0	81.1	76	..	0.84	—6.74
Dwarka	87.8	81.7	87	0.03	3.26	—6.10
Veraval	93.8	79.5	88	0.07	3.70	—5.83
Rajkot	92.8	79.1	84	0.35	8.35	—5.07
Bhavnagar Para..	94.4	78.8	73	..	2.91	—7.00
Surat	90.3	78.1	93	0.06	16.38	—6.32
Ahmedabad ..	94.9	79.7	95	0.02	8.72	—6.07
Deesa	97.6	79.1	84	..	6.40	—3.15
Neemuch ..	90.3	75.3	94	1.40	7.45	—3.40
Indore	90.3	73.1	86	0.55	21.49	+7.90
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	90.3	77.9	79	..	22.24	+0.62
Saugor	90.2	75.8	84	..	17.24	—0.57
Hosangabad ..	91.5	76.2	87	..	24.36	+5.95
Khandwa ..	92.1	73.6	86	0.39	11.57	—1.03
Akola	93.5	75.7	83	0.16	16.61	+3.16
Amraoti	91.8	75.3	84	0.04	11.09	—3.15
Nagpur	92.0	77.8	79	0.08	26.32	+5.84
Chanda	90.1	77.2	83	0.02	22.63	+1.08
Raipur	90.9	78.8	79	..	35.00	+15.07
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	86.3	77.5	86	0.45	38.56	—2.20
Ratnagiri ..	82.1	74.9	90	1.77	48.82	—9.59
Marmugoa ..	78.3	..	98	1.60	49.31	—7.37
Karwar	80.8	73.5	96	2.64	54.10	—16.62
BOMBAY DECCAN & HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	87.6	74.5	73	..	8.88	+0.12
Ahmednagar ..	93.5	70.5	73	0.12	7.76	—0.51
Poona	87.5	70.4	86	0.17	6.51	—4.46
Sholapur ..	92.8	73.4	67	..	11.34	+2.87
Bijapur	93.7	71.7	75	..	4.86	—0.28
Belgaum	76.8	67.3	92	0.05	14.71	—7.40
Aurangabad ..	89.3	69.6	86	2.62	8.14	—2.97
Nizamabad (Indur)	96.1	76.5	72	..	10.18	—3.56
Hyderabad ..	92.4	73.2	73	..	10.32	+3.46
MALABAR & CEYLON—						
Mangalore ..	80.1	72.6	95	2.25	50.49	—18.15
Calicut	78.8	74.5	98	0.18	45.99	—13.67
Cochin	82.8	74.6	86	0.51	43.27	—4.73
Colombo	85.9	77.9	86	..	5.24	—7.03
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam ..	93.3	76.0	94	0.20	10.57	+0.92
Bellary	97.5	75.5	56	..	1.90	—1.53
Cuddapah ..	95.1	75.2	89	0.69	12.98	+6.98
Madras	94.8	74.9	85	0.52	7.40	+2.49
Bangalore ..	85.0	66.6	85	..	6.75	+0.52
Coimbatore ..	89.8	71.0	63	..	1.58	—1.40
Trichinopoly ..	97.2	78.8	68	..	5.73	+3.28
Negapatam ..	97.6	78.1	71	0.07	5.04	+2.33

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 6-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 25th July, 1919, was 29.862 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0. 19 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F.

In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 8.45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer read.

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Squire's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

With Hypophosphates of Lime and Soda. Guaranteed to contain the very fine non-freezing Norwegian Cod Liver Oil. Most reliable remedy for **Phthisis, or Consumption, Catarrh, Cough, Cold, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Anemia and General Debility.**

BOTTLE Rs. 2.

Sweet Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Eggs.

With Hypophosphates of Lime and Soda as a Reconstructor and Flesh-Builder in cases of **Phthisis, Chronic Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases and Debility, it is invaluable.**

BOTTLE Rs. 2.

Powell's Cream Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Creosote.

Finest Cod Liver Oil combined in medicinal proportion with purest Beech Wood Creosote. **For Consumption and all Wasting Diseases.**

BOTTLE Rs. 2-8.

N. POWELL & Co.

Lamington Road, BOMBAY.

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DYES

Ready for Instant Delivery from tock.

Ciba Blue 2B, Powder.
Cibanon Yellow, Paste.
Cibanon Yellow, Powder.
Cibanon Green B, Paste.
Ciba Violet R. Paste.
Cibanon Orange R, Paste.
Ciba Grey G, Powder.
Ciba Bordeaux B, Powder.
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DYES — DYES

C. B. 998

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

Liverpool, July 21st.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		3,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		—
" " Sales of East Indian		—
" " Imports		Nil
Mid. Americans Spot		22.14
Egyptian F. G. F.		—
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Oct.	35.35
	Jan.	35.32
	Mar.	35.29
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Oct.	34.99
	Jan.	35.05

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 21st.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
July	21.53
Aug.	21.53
Sept.	21.55
Oct.	21.63
Nov.	21.64
Dec.	21.67
Jan.	21.67
Feb.	21.65
Mar.	21.62
April	21.58
May	21.55

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, July 21st.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
August	30.25

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, July. 21st.

M.G. Bengal Good	15.25
" " Fully Good	15.75
" " Fine	16.00
" No. 1 Oomra Good	17.35
" " " Fully Good	17.85
" " " Fine	18.10
" Broach Good	18.35
" " Fully Good	18.60
" " Fine	18.85

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, July 21st

Bales.

Total Sight	11,357,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	340,000
East Indian " "	116,000
American " "	3,352,000
Other " "	19,000
Total Sales	3,100
East Indian Sales	Nil
Total Speculation	Nil
" Export	Nil
East Indian Export	52,000
" " Stock	2 100
" " Forwarded	1,300
" " Actual Export	2,000
" " Imports	Nil
" " Speculation	290,000
American Afloat	7,000
East Indian Afloat	320,000
Total Afloat	

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, July 22nd.

Futures at New York Oct.	35.55
" " Jan.	35.70

MONEY MARKETS.

London, July. 21st.

Rentes 3%	61 1/4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank 3 m/st.	3 9/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	4 1/8
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4
" " " " 6 "	4 3/4
Interest day to day loans	3
" 7 days market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½%	51½
Rupee Paper 3½%	56½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	64
Government Securities 3 %	55
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	31.05

WAR LOANS.

London, July 21st.

3½% 1925—1928	£87½
4½% 1925—1945	£90
5 % New	£94 3/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, July. 21st.

WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe—62¼ lbs. Quoted	30
Barletta Russo—62¼ lbs. Quoted	30
Wheat Afloat to U. K Quarters	2,215,000

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold July-Aug. Quoted	1060
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lb. ex-Ship July Aug. Quoted	1040
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-Ship July-Aug. Quoted	980
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Not quoted Nominal.	
Linseed Calcutta July-Aug. Re-sellers Paid	1070
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plate) June-Aug. Nominal	1080
Cottonseed Bombay (sound delivered per ton) July-Aug. Quoted	600
Toria Rapeseed Aug.-Sept. Quoted	1040

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£103
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£104½
Copper Braziers	£140
Yellow Metals	14
Hard Spelter	43½

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta July Sept. Sellers Nominal	55
Fine White Java C.& F. Calcutta July-Sept Sellers Nominal	63

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure July-Aug. Sellers	2/5½
Plantation First Latez Crepe July Steady	1/11½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 25.

During the past week wide fluctuations have occurred, the highest price for Fully Good Broach July-August having been Rs. 667, and the lowest Rs. 614, a range of Rs. 53. On Friday last the closing quotation was Rs. 635. On Saturday the market was closed for Peace Day. Monday witnessed a rise of from Rs. 652 to Rs. 664. On Tuesday the lowest was Rs. 652 and the highest Rs. 667. On Wednesday there was a drop from Rs. 646 to Rs. 627. Yesterday the lowest touched was Rs. 614, and the highest Rs. 650, the market closing at Rs. 648. This morning the Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 648 and quickly declined to Rs. 640, but improved to Rs. 645. At 1-30 p.m. the price was Rs. 643. Closing quotations are given below.

The advance and declines were equally rapid and both were rather overdone. Better markets in New York and a general improvement in the feeling locally, coupled with a bear rush to cover in an advancing market, were the cause of the rise. The fall was due to realizing profits and a general desire to get out of the fully July August Broach contract coming just as a reaction was reported to have set in New York, bear speculators naturally taking advantage of the position. The action of the Cotton Contracts Board in fixing the price of Spot Fully Good Broach at Rs. 25 below the contract rate for July-August, caused heavy tenders of Broach to be made and assisted the fall. The object of the Board has apparently been to penalize the buyer of the Broach. Hedge Contract, and to throw every inducement in the way of the seller. The intention to check bull speculation may have been good, but the manner in which it has been done simply caused wild bear speculation for a time. After the fall the market again improved, and is now irregular.

A large business has been done in Broach July-August, and though heavy settlements have been made there is still a considerable amount open. All descriptions have shared, more or less, in the fluctuations above mentioned. Bengals and Oomras for September have changed hands. Southerns jumped for a time but fell back and business was difficult either way. All descriptions are now again higher.

Early in the week there was an improvement in the demand for ready cotton and full prices were paid by shippers and mills. At the decline the enquiry fell off and was confined to mills, but an improvement in the demand was noticeable yesterday. Shippers to Europe find difficulty in securing tonnage. Six steamers are booked to load for Japan in August, with possibly one or two more.

The rainfall during the week has been good and widely destributed. In the Punjab and United Provinces crop prospects are improving. In the Berars, Central Provinces, Khandesh and Broach the plants are healthy and thriving. Sowing is making progress in parts of Kathiawar where rain has fallen, but in Bhavnagar itself rain is badly wanted.

The latest New York cable to hand is the close of Tuesday last giving the October quotation as 35.35, and January as 35.70. The higher rate for January denotes a stronger position.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

	Rs.		Rs.
Fully Good Broach	—	July-Aug.	635
Fully Good Bengal	—	September	503
Fine Oomras	—	September	596
Good Southerns	—	July-Aug	582
Good Southerns	—	Sept.-Oct.	592

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

SETTLEMENT RATES 25TH JULY: 1919.

	Rs.		Rs.
Fully Good M.G Broach	—	July-Aug	642
Fully Good M.G. Bengal	—	September	510
Fine M.G. Oomras	—	"	605
Good M.G. Southerns	—	July-Aug.	590
" "	—	Sept.-Oct.	600

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Descriptions.	Super fine	Fine.	F.G.	Good	Delivery
M.G. Bengal	..	503	495	480	Ready.
M.G. Sind Punjab	..	503	490	475	"
M.G. Oomras No. 3	603	588	570	—	"
Central Provinces	619	603	585	—	"
M.G. Broach	Not quoted				"
M.G. Southerns					
SawginedDharwar					"

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season:—

Growths.	For week ending 24th July 1919.	Total to date since September 1st. 1918	1917
		1918/19	1917/18
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales
Khandesh	776	180,335	173,001
Central India	3,894	155 253	68,640
Barsee and Nugger	1,952	99,742	66,563
Hyderabad Gaorani	455	93,842	28,023
Berar	4,155	427 687	249 951
Central Provinces	2,511	211,123	51,660
Total Oomras	13 713	1,177,482	637,780
Dholleras	3 892	61,817	339 917
Broach	8,044	197,917	212 253
Compta and Dharwar	3,087	130,536	178,484
Westerns-Northerns	8,975	109,174	152,742
Bengals { N.W. Provinces	595	81,783	136,583
Bengals { Rajputana	3,616	42 420	45 369
Sind, Punjab	14 762	446 634	238 747
Occanada	384	10,784	27,201
Persian	129	2,417	855
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	2,734	58,898	68,637
American	Nil	1,395	2
Egyptian	Nil	121	Nil
Other sorts	Nil	12,376	21,469
Total	57,731	2,333,618	2,110,732

PETROLEUM.

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY'S QUOTATIONS.

Snowflake	150°	at Rs:	10 14 0	per case
White Rose	150°	"	10 14 0	"
Chester	75° Abel	"	10 10 0	"
Devoe's	75 "	"	10 10 0	"
Monkey	125°	"	10 6 0	"
Tiger	125°	"	10 6 0	"
White Camalia tins	125°	"	3 2 0	per 2 tins
Elephant tins	125°	"	3 2 0	"
Elephant Bulk	125°	"	6 6 0	per 3l. Gs

WHEAT AND SEEDS

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce:

Bombay, July 24th, 6 p.m.

Ready:	Bazar Terms: Rs: as: p.	Rail Delivery Rs: as. p
Wheat White Delhi 70-80	74 0 0	—
" " Cawnpore 7-80	73 0 0	—
" Kerachi Bengal	74 0 0	—
Rapeseed Brown Delhi	22 0 0	—
" Cawnpore	22 4 0	—
" Yellow Cawnpore	23 0 0	—
Linseed Brown Bold	25 0 0	26 0 0
" Thin	24 0 0	25 0 0
Tecliseed White 85-15	120 0 0	—
" Gajar 75-25	117 0 0	—
" Gajar 50-50	110 0 0	—
" Black	110 0 0	—
Poppyseed White	28 0 0	24 0 0
Broomdants	126 0 0	—
Mowraseed	9 4 0	—
Barley	44 0 0	—
Castorseed	91 0 0	—

BOMBAY CHINA AND YARN MARKET.

Bombay, July 25th.

	Rate. Rs: as: p:
Davids No. 10	1 2 0
Shapurji No. 10½	1 2 0
Currimbhai No. 12½	1 2 12
Light Houses No 6½	0 13 12

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay July 25th.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraph	1 7 31/32
Bank Demand	1 8 1/32
Dem. Acceptance 3m/s	1 3 9/8
Fcr. Demand	245
American Dollars	278
Hongkong "	217
Shanghai	335
Japan	127
Singapore	141½

Market Steady

PIECE-GOODS.

The Cloth market has remained firm during the past week and a better feeling has prevailed owing to favourable news of the monsoon. Some demand has been in evidence for various cloths and several parcels have moved off for consumption. Sellers have been showing a firmer front and are rather hard to deal with. Buyers, on the other hand, have orders in hand at certain limits, and are not inclined to increase them substantially at the moment. Clearances have been on a fair scale. The stocks all round have been substantially reduced. At the end of last month there were 41,617 packages in Port Trust Warehouses, the decrease as compared with the previous month being 8,692 packages. The strength of the market has no doubt been sustained by the firm position of the Manchester market. Manufacturers have put their quotations still further up and are requiring very distant deliveries. Dealers are not inclined to offer business for shipment extending beyond November, and as to the rates, they are found too high compared with local values. This has made business difficult to negotiate, but here and there some loss from stocks held in Manchester and some goods coming round for early shipment have been booked at pretty high rates. Now that peace has been declared, it is gratifying to note that the censorship on foreign telegrams has been removed from Thursday last and telegram in private and commercial codes have been permitted. This will tend to lessen the delay in the transmission of messages. As the War is over dealers should discontinue giving two month's latitude in shipment time when signing indents of importing firms. The clause regarding latitude in shades of colours will have to remain for some time.

GREYS.

The position of Grey goods has been steady. Stocks of Shirtings being light, values have been well maintained. Jaconets have not shewn any improvement owing to poor enquiry. Pepperell Drills have been the chief attraction, as stocks are scarce and confined to one hand. Fair lots of these have moved off to Colombo, and as the local demand is brisk values have jumped up by a rupee per piece. Lancashire Drills have not shared the advance owing to Japanese competition, although it is said that 36 shilling F. B. H. has been recently quoted from Manchester for the Standard cloth.

Local mill cloths have shewn a better feeling and values have advanced by one anna per lb. Longcloths have been selling from Rs. 1-11 to Rs. 1-13 per lb.

Japanese cloths have remained steady. Small lots are moving off for consumption and stocks are gradually getting reduced. Values have remained on the firm side.

WHITES.

In White Goods there has been more activity. The upcountry demand has been in evidence for various cloths and fair lots have been sold at full rates. 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have been in better request and values have improved by four annas. 39 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls are scarce and fetch high values for ready goods, although forward sales have been made at rupee per piece less. 27 inches Green End Mulls are light in stock and values have advanced. Superior Nainsooks have been in special request, but goods are difficult to obtain. 28 inches by 18 yards Nainsooks have improved further by four annas per piece. Liepman's No. 1500 White Shirtings have recently been bought upto 45 shillings F. B. H., but it is reported that now 50 shillings have been quoted for August-September shipment.

The cloth market will be closed on Sunday next owing to the *Amwas* holiday.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins. Yds.	Rs. a. p.
Grey Shirtings—		
Balli's Fari No. 2,000	39×37½	17 8 0
" " " 100,000	45×37½	" "
" " " 33,000	45×37½	17 " 0
Fleming's No. 1905	45×38	" "
Bates' No. 12838	41×37½	" "
Dewhurst's Rupee No. 5	39×38½	8 8
B. B. B.	38×38½	8 0
Grey Jaconets—		
Balli's No. 18	45×22	10 0
" No 138	40×22	8 10 0
Grey Drills—		
Pepperell "Dragon"	29×40	31 12 0
Balli's Masjid No. 425	26×40	13 0 0
White Shirtings—		
Liepmans' No. 1500	32×42	30 0 0
H.B.T.C 40.000	36×40	28 0 0
H.B.T.C. 32,000	36×40	32 0 0
White Nainsooks—		
Balli's Nos. 7070/9090	27×18	5 6 0
" No. 1900	27×18	4 13 0
" No. 39620T.B	32×22	8 0 0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	32×18	4 12 0
" No. 50000	34×18	5 12 0
Greaves' No. 8000T.B.	36×22	" "
Ritchie's 3500/4510 5520	26×18	5 4 0
White Mulls—		
Balli's No. 6	41×19	10 0 0
" " 60	46×19	11 0 0
" " 600	51×19	13 0 0
" " 6000	56×19	15 0 0
" " 88	58×20	10 6 0
" " 818	35×20	10 14 0
Ritchie's No. 975	50×18	10 8 0
" " 815	50×18	9 8 0
" " 66999	40×18	7 2 0
" " 1260	27×18	" "
Greaves' No. 5060	27×18	4 4 0
Graham's No. 420	36×18	8 4 0

JAPANESE CLOTHS.

The following are the prices ruling in the bazaar of well-known Japanese Cloths:—

	Ins. Yds.	Rs: a: p.
Grey Shirtings—		
No. 55000	44×38	18 2
No. 100	"	22 0
No. 200	"	21 8
No. 2005	"	" "
No. 220	"	19 " 0
No. 2300	"	" "
No. 7200	"	20 2 0
No. 3800	"	25 0 0
No. 4100	"	24 0 0
No. 5100	"	24 8 0
No. 3000	33×38	" "
No. 666	"	19 " 0
No. 181	33×38	" "
No. 191	38×38	" "
Grey Sheetings—		
9 Dragons	36×36	16 0 0
C" Quality	36×36	15 12 0
Boodh Dev"	36×36	" "
Grey Drills—		
Elephant	29×40	26 4 0

CURRENT BANK RATES.

England	5 per cent	April. 5	1917
France	5 per cent	Aug. 29	1914
Germany	5 per cent	Dec. 28	1914
Russia	6 per cent	July 28	1914
Italy	5 per cent	Nov. 11	1917
Netherlands	4½ per cent	July 1	1915
Belgium	5 per cent	Aug. 20	1914
Austria-Hungary	5 per cent	April 19	1915
Sweeden	6½ per cent	Jan. 31	1918
Spain	4½ per cent	Oct. 23	1914
India { Bombay	5 per cent	June 12	1919
India { Bengal	5 per cent	June 5	1919
India { Madras	6 per cent	June 9	1919

STOCK OF COTTON PIECE-GOODS IN BOMBAY WAREHOUSES.

On the last day of the month.	In 1919. Bales.	Cases.	Totals.	In 1918. Bales.	Cases.	Totals
Jan.	54,249	9,253	63,502	34,550	19,162	53,712
Feb.	53,851	8,650	62,501	47,078	17,892	64,970
March	52,483	7 857	60,340	43,096	14,645	57,741
April	48,430	7,136	55,566	42,541	13,509	56,050
May	44 369	5 940	50,309	40,074	12,780	52,854
June	39,273	5,144	41,617	43,411	12,249	55,660
July				43,712	11,672	55.384
Aug.				34,538	9,275	43,813
Sept.				38,482	8,964	47,446
Oct.				45,772	9,384	55,156
Nov.				51,512	9,469	60,981
Dec.				52,810	9,389	62,199

STOCK OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS

The list issued by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce indicates a stock of 36,473 bales and 5,144 cases of cotton piece-goods as on the 30th June last which shows a decrease of 7,896 bales and 796 cases compared with the figures of the previous month. The stock of Cotton Twist and Yarns on the 30th June last stands at 6,631 packages, which shows a decrease of 2,385 packages as compared with the previous month. The approximate total deliveries of cotton piece-goods during June last have been 11,744 bales and 2,216 cases. The imports during June last of cotton piece-goods have been 5,268 packages and of cotton Twist and Yarns 411 packages.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 25.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 31-11-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/7 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/8 1/32.
Credit 3 Msd/a 1/8 3/8.
D. D. on France 256.
Credit 3 Msd/a 270.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 130
60 D/st Japan Rs. 125.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 205.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 313/8.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 136.
D. D. on New York Rs. 266/8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5½ per cent War Loan due 1920-22 100-12.
5 per cent War Loan 95.
4 per cent Conversion Loan 84.
4 per cent Terminable Loan 96
3½ per cent Paper 68.
4½ per cent Port Trust long dated 89.
4 per cent Port Trust long dated 84.
4 per cent Municipal long dated 82.
4 per cent Municipal short dated 92.
4 per cent City Improvement Trust long dated 82.
5 per cent Municipal Tansa 91.
5 per cent Municipal Sanitary 91.

The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES.

For the last two weeks we have been impressing upon investors the advisability of going in fearlessly for Cotton Mill shares in view of the robust conditions permeating the yarn and cloth markets and the new era of prosperity that has been opened to the cotton mills in consequence. The events that have taken place in the Share Bazar during the last fortnight verify our prognostications and those who have followed the recommendation we urged have no doubt had a particularly happy time. During the short space of two or three weeks, practically all mill scrips of repute have manifested remarkable vigour, with smart advances in values; and in certain instances the rapidity and extente of the rise have been beyond the dream of the most sanguine optimist.

The week under report has been eventful in more ways than one. An all-round activity has manifested itself in practically all mill shares and quite a orisk business recorded at further important advances on last rulings. The foremost on the list this week has been Colaba Lands which have been very keenly sought for and which chronicle a rise of nearly Rs. 350 on the week, this special attraction being ascribed to phenominal earnings expected of the mills this year. Madhowjis and Kohinoors have been the next in prominence. An important operator is credited with the purchase of over 1,000 shares of the Madhowji's Mills and large deals have transpired in Kohinoors, resulting in a further considerable advance. The Currimbhoy's group has also kept in demaud and Pearls and Currimbhoys especially have been the medium of a large business at firming rates. Simplex's record a rise of fully Rs. 100 due chiefly to frightened Bears covering sales. Other shares have sympathetically firmed and are fairly active.

Cloth continues steady to firm with a moderate off-take; but yarns have been an eventful market this week. Further large lines to the tune of 15,000 bales have been booked by mills for January-April deliveries at highly remunerative rates. Both the near and distant future of the spinning industry is now secured and investors in spinning mills' shares may confidently rely on a satisfactory return for their outlay.

Tire market closes strong with indications pointing to a further rise. Profit-taking may occasion some set-back off and on but having regard to the stability of the industry and prosperous times ahead we are inclined to take a bright view of the future of the market and look forward with a feeling of confidence, to a maintenance of the present position of prices. We think particularly well of the shares of spinning mills like Davids Currimbhoys, Edward Sassoons, Meyer Sassoons which are quite good at present values.

The Miscellaneous section of securities call for no special comment; being more or less neglected. Prices reveal no change of importance, except for Bank shares which continues still on the advance.

The following are the rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2,640; Swan 805; Simplex 782/8; Madhowji 2,665; Shapurji 168/12; Shivrajpur 42/8; Currimbhoy 480; Kastoorchand 1,270; Kohinoor 1,762/8; Fazulbhoy 970; Crescent 282/8; David 775; Finlay 742/8; Colaba 2,410; Century 587/8; Bombay Dyeing 1,860; Cen. Mining 37; Katni Ord 332/8; Katni Defd. 1,775; Alcock 840; Bombay-Burma 1,015; Bt. Burma Petro. 29/4; Bombay Tramway 790; Bombay Steam 445; Tata Old Defd 1,140; Tata New Defd 550 pr.. Tata Ord 237/8: Tata Hydro 1,470; Tata Bank 57; Tata Oil 380 pr.

(For other commercial see next page.)

TO ASCERTAIN which of the OPTIONS granted under the

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SIMPLEX MILLS, LTD.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST DIRECTORS AND AGENTS.

SUIT FILED BY SHAREHOLDERS.

The following is the full text of the plaint filed in the High Court by some shareholders of the Simplex Mills Ltd., against the Directors of the same Company :—

(1) Pestonji Bapuji Wadia of Bombay, Parsi, Merchant residing at Bandora; (2) Dossabhoy Ardesir Cama of Bombay, Parsi, broker residing at Hughes Road; (3) Tehmurus Rustomji Navroji Cama of Bombay, Parsi, now in Europe by his constituted attorney the said Dossabhoy Ardesir Cama, for themselves and on behalf of all other shareholders of the Simplex Mills Company, Ltd., except defendants Nos. 1 to 7. .....Plaintiff.

v/s

(1) Sir Shapurji Burjorji Broacha Knight, of Bombay, Parsi, Merchant residing at Khetwadi; (2) Framroze Edulji Dinshaw of Bombay, Parsi, Solicitor residing at Malabar Hill; (3) James Herbert Dunkerley of Bombay, European, Merchant having his palace of business in the Fort; (4) Phiroze Cursetji Sethna of Bombay, Parsi, Merchant residing at Girgaum; (6) Dossabhoy Manekji Wadia of Bombay, Parsi, Merchant residing at Malabar Hill, the Defendants 1, 6 being the Directors of the said Simplex Mills Company, Ltd.; (7) D. M. Wadia & Co. the Agents of the Simplex Mills Company, Ltd., a firm carrying on business within the Fort; (8) The Simplex Mills Company, Limited a Joint Stock Company, having its registered office within the Fort .....Defendants.

The plaintiffs state as follows:—

1. The plaintiffs are shareholders of defendant No. 8 the Simplex Mills Company Limited, and they sue on behalf of themselves and all other shareholders of the said Company except defendants No. 1 to 7. The Directors of the Company have declined to permit the action to be brought in the name of the Company and the Company is therefore made a defendant.

2. The said Company was registered in the year 1912 with an authorised capital of Rs. 15 lacs divided into 6,000 shares of Rs. 250 each of which 4,800 shares of Rs. 250 each of the aggregate value of Rs. 12 lacs were subscribed before the year 1918.

3. On or about 19th March, 1918, the Agents issued a circular under the instructions of the Board of Directors intimating that the remaining 1,200 shares of Rs. 250 each would be issued at a premium of Rs. 550 per share and that the shareholders wishing to take up the said shares should pay the sum of Rs. 800 for each share. A copy of the said circular is hereto annexed and marked A.

4. After the 30th day of June, 1918, the Directors declared an interim dividend of Rs. 100 per share and paid in the aggregate Rs. 6 lacs to the shareholders as such dividend. The Directors allege that they declared the said dividend on the strength of an interim Balance Sheet showing an estimated profit of over Rs. 6 laks during the first six months. The Directors have not produced the said balance sheet for inspection of the plaintiffs though expressly requested to do so. The plaintiffs say that the said dividend was paid out of capital and that such payment was *ultra vires* of the company and the Directors and Agents.

5. The plaintiffs further charge that D. N. Wadia a member of the Agents firm persuaded the Directors to declare the said fictitious dividend in order to force up the price of the shares of the Company in the market with the object of enabling the said D. M. Wadia to dispose of his own shares at a large profit. After the declaration of the said dividend the price of the shares went up and the said D. M. Wadia sold off a large number of his shares and made large profits.

6. On 20th May, 1919, the Directors issued a balance sheet and their report for the 15 months ending 31st March, 1919, which show a loss of Rs. 4,56,177-10-8. A copy of the said balance sheet and report is hereto annexed and marked B. The Directors state that in view of this loss the sum of Rs. 6 lacks already paid to shareholders in interim dividend has been charged to the Dividend Equalisation Fund and the Reserve Fund Account. The Dividend Equalisation Fund is only Rs. one laks while the reserve fund account only showed a credit of Rs. 2,80,300 in the balance sheet for the year ending 1917, but to this account the Directors have added a sum of Rs. 6,60,000 being the premium realised on the said 1,200 shares. The plaintiffs say that the Directors had no power to take the said sum to the Reserve Fund Account and to debit to the said account the interim divided which at the time it was distributed was paid out of capital. The plaintiffs further say that the losses in the Mills Company have been so great that they wipe out the reserve fund and therefore there was no balance of the reserve fund left except on paper against which the Directors could allocate the sum of Rs. six lackhs paid for such dividend.

"VALUE OF ASSETS ARTIFICIALLY INFLATED."

7. The said balance sheet for the 15 months ending 31st March, 1919, is incorrect and untrue in material particulars and is intended to conceal the real position of the 8th defendant Company. In the column where the property and assets are shown the moveable property of the Company consisting of machinery is valued at Rs. 21,02,833-2-8 and the additions made thereto during the 15 months are put down at Rs. 12,51,604-2-5. The plaintiffs say that additions of the said value have not been made to the mill machinery or plant and what has been done is to debit to the machinery account the value of a large quantity of stores, spare parts and other articles which ought to be debited to the current expenditure account and thereby the value of the assets has been artifically inflated in order to conceal the real loss suffered by the Company.

8. In the same column the stock-in-trade and cotton or yarn in process have been valued at Rs. 56,79,073-4-0. The said value is arrived at by valuing the cotton at cost price and cloth at the rates for which contracts for its sale are said to have been entered into. It was admitted by the Chairman of the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on the 5th June last, who is also a member of the Board of Directors that the cost price of cotton varied from about Rs. 800 to Rs. 900 per candie, while the market rate of cotton on 31st March, 1919, was between 400 and 500 rupees per candie. Similarly cloth was contracted to be sold at high prices before the Armistice was signed but the prices have gone down considerably and some of the purchasers will fail to fulfil their contracts. The whole stock-in-trade and cotton and yarn in process will not under any circumstances realise in the market anything like Rs. 56,79,073-4-0. The said balance sheet shows that unsecured loans taken by the Company aggregate to Rs. 78,85,224-0-0 and the total liquid assets to meet the said liability is only Rs. 56,79,073-4-0 which figures is very much inflated as herein before stated.

9. In the same column, advances in request of fire insurance, telephone, Municipal tax and cotton are lumped together at Rs. 4,74,220-7-10. The bulk of such advances are apparently made for cotton but the plaintiffs are informed and verily believe that out of the said advances a sum of about Rs. three lacks has already been lost to the Company in cotton transaction hereinafter referred to. The plaintiffs say that the said balance sheet is untrue and a correct balance sheet would show that the real loss made by the Company for the 15 months ending 31st March, 1919, was far in excess of the loss of Rs. 4,56,177-10-8 shown in the said balance sheet.

A BAD DEBT.

10. In the statement of profit and loss-account for the 15 months ending 31st March, 1919, annexed to the said balance sheet is shown a bad debt amounting to Rs. 2,76,050. The said debt is due by one Mangal a brother-in-law of Mathuradas Goculdas one of the Directors of the defendant Company. The said Mangal became indebted to the Company on account of certain cotton transactions into which the Company was launched by the said D. M. Wadia under the circumstances mentioned in the next para.

11. The plaintiffs say that the said D. M. Wadia a member of the Agents' firm has launched the Company into cotton and yarn transactions of a wagering and speculative character on a large scale resulting in heavy losses which transctions the Plaintiffs say are *ultra vires* of the Company and the Directors and Agents.

12. The plaintiffs say that Defendants 1 to 7 are liable to make good to the Company the losses sustained in the transactions referred to in the last para on a proper account being taken of the said losses.

13. In order to meet the very heavy losses which the Company has sustained the defendants Nos. 1 to 7 have been preparing to raise a very large sum of money on the mortgage of the Company's assets from one Gulam Mahomed Azam who has been recently admitted in the 7th defendant's firm.

14. The Company is registered in Bombay, the liability of defendants Nos. 1 to 7 has arisen in Bombay and the whole cause of action has arisen within the jurisdiction of this Honourable Court.

15. A copy of the correspondence is hereto annexed and marked C. collectively.

16. The plaintiffs will rely on the documents specified in the list D hereto.

The plaintiffs therefore pray:—

(a) That defendants Nos. 1 to 7 may be ordered to pay to the Company the sum of Rs. six laks distributed to the shareholders as interim dividend in June, 1919.

(b) That defendants Nos. 1 to 7 or some of them may be ordered to pay to the Company the said sums of Rs. 2,76,050 and Rs. three lacks respectively referred to in paras 1-p. and 9 herein.

(c) That the defendants Nos. 1 to 7 or some of them may be ordered to pay to the Company all losses sustained by the Company on the cotton and yarn transactions referred to in para 11 and 12 herein.

(d) That for the purposes aforesaid all necessary enquries may be made accounts taken and directions given.

(e) That the defendants Nos. 1 to 7 may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Honourable Court from entering into any wagering and speculative transactions in cotton or other commodities of the character referred to in para 11 herein.

(f) That the defendants 1 to 7 may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Honourable Court from mortgaging the assets of the Company pending the disposal of this suit.

(g) That such further or other relief may be awarded to the plaintiffs as the circumstances of the cause may require

(h) That defendants Nos. 1 to 7 may be ordered to pay the plaintiffs' costs of this suit.

(Sd.) PESTONJI BAPUJI WADIA,
(Sd.) DOSABHAI ARDESIR CAMA,
(Sd.) JEMURUS RUSTOMJI NAROJI CAMA.

by his constituted attorney Dosabhai Ardesir Cama.

Plaint drawn by Messrs. Adreshir Hormusji Dishak and Company, and settled by Sir C. H. Setalvad and altered by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Company.

(Sd.) ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.

I, Pestonji Bapuji Wadia of Bombay Parsi Merchant, the first Plaintiff abovenamed, residing at Bandora outside the Fort, do solemnly declare that what is stated in para 1, 2, 3 and in part of para 6 is true to my own knowledge and that what is stated in the remaining paras 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 and in part of para 6 is stated on information and belief and I believe the same to be true.

Solemnly Declared at Bombay, aforesaid this 21st day of July, 1919, ...

(Sd.) PESTONJI BAPUJI WADIA,
Before me,
(Sd.) F. CHINOY,
Commissioner.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1919.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUITS FOR HERING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

99-17—Rustomji & Gin, Dhulaji Kupaji v. Ahmed Moosa Vanra & anr, Mans H M & Co.

538-18—Bhai K & Gir, The Official Assignee of Bombay v. Ramjiwan Jagannath & anr, Surajmal & Co.

10-19—Kharas & Co., Doolaram Asanand v. Nandkissori Talaram & ors, Kanga & S.

186-17—Jam R & D, Purshottam Ranchoddas v. Framroz Merwanji Dossa, Mulla & Mulla.

912-18—Malvi M R & Co., Sir Hookamchand Saroopchand, Kt. v. Manecklal D Mehta, Khandvalla & Co.

1260-18—Dastur & Co., Narbheram Pragji a firm v. Mulji Lakhmidas a firm, Captain & V.

829-18—Purshotamrai & Co., Pandya M Chhaganlal & Co. a firm v. The G I P R & Co. & anr, Little & Co.

332-18—Ard H D & Co., Monjee Kanji & anr v. Gowabai widow, Mulla & Mulla.

387-18—Malvi M R & Co., Bai Sundrabai widow v. Ramgopal & Co. a firm & anr, Edg G W & Co., Bhai K & G.

539-18—Bhai K & G, The Official Assignee of Bombay v. Jaydeo Ramsookh, Surajmal & Co.

1283-18—In person, Dwarkadas Keshowji v. Valji Keshowji & ors, Purshotamrai & Co., Mulla & M.

1297-18—Madh K & Ch, Damodhar Rowji & ors v. Nazaralli Samsoodin, Little & Co.

1304-18—Jehangir M & S, Jankibai widow v. Amibai widow, Mulla & Mulla.

1312-18—In person, Abdul Hassein Esufalli v. Messrs D J Mistry & Co. a firm, Little & Co.

1053-18—Ard H D & Co., Karsondas Gordhondas a firm v. Doongarsing Chottalal a firm, Payne & Co.

1322-18—Ard H D & Co., Morarji Jairam Naranji v. Mathuradas Manji a firm, Mulla & Mulla.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PRATT

In the Division Court No. 46.

SUMMARY SUITS FOR DISPOSAL IN CHAMBER.

LIST B. (COUNSEL)

C C 1284-19—Matubhai J & M, Messrs Ramji Bhagwanji & Bros v. Ayat Noor Mahomed Dubas a firm, Mulla & M, Notice.

C C 558-19—Ardeshir H D & Co., Haji Abdulla Haji Tyeb v. Messrs Laxminarayen Gangadhar, a firm, Rgh N & Co., Notice.

C C 855-19—Jamshedji R & D, Keshavlal Nagindas v. Ramdas Kapurchand a firm, Payne & Co., Notice.

984-16—Captain & V, The Official Assignee & Assignee of the Estate of Damji Hirji v. Sadasukh Gambhirchand a firm, Malvi M K & Co., 23-6-19.

241-19—Payne & Co., Messrs. Kundanji Kapurchand a firm v. Hoosenji Abdul Hoosein & ors, Malvi M R & Co., 7-7-19.

T & I J Re Probate & Administrator Act 1881—Shamrao M & H, In Re Estate of Mahomed Bharma deceased v. Bai Shirmbai widow (Petitioner), Payne & Co., 30-5-19.

452-19—M B Chothia, Abdul Rehman Haji Hassain v. Karsandas Shivji, Bihmji & Co., 18-7-19.

678-17 & 688-17—Ardeshir H D & Co., Govindlal Bansilal v. Bansilal Motilal & ors, Parties concerned, 22-7-19.

Appl 5217 Re Arbitration Act & Re Arb between Ebrahim Molediina & Fatmabai—Mulla & M, Ebrahim Molidina v. Fatmabai widow, Tyabji D & Co., 22-7-19.

609-17—Mulla & M, Fatmabai widow v. Ebrahim Molidina, Tyebji D & Co., 22-7-19.

1465-19—Edgelow G W & Co., Messr Vanechand Rajpal & ors v. Tukhmichand Maneckchand, Bhai K & G, 23-7-19.

Re Indian Secreacy Act IV of 1912—Patell & Vze, In Re Kissonlal Ramchandra v. Bai Saraswatibai Petitioner, Matubhai J & M, Petition for hearing.

O S 1789-19—Mulji & Th, Nanabhoy Hormusji Moos v. Hansraj Likhmidas, Vachha & Co., 26-6-19.

O S 1754-19—Shamrao M & H, Jamnadas Goculdas v. Shameeribai widow, Nanu H & Co., 26-6-19.

O S 2046-19—Nanu H & Co., Shamkoribai widow v. Goculdas Jivraj & ors, Sham M & H, Jehangir & S, Ard H D & Co., Nanu H & Co., 14-7-19.

O S 2047-19—Ardeshir H D & Co., Abdul Kadar Abdulla Haji Dawood v. The Hon'mle Mr. A M Kajiji & ors, 14-7-19.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSES.

869-18—J C G Bowen, The Secretary of State for India in Council v. Sir Mahomed Yusuf Ismail Kt and ors, Payne and Co., Part heard.

867-18—Captain and V, The Official Assignee of Bombay v Ranglal Jankidas and anr, Malvi M R and Co.

1074-18—Matubhai J and M, Jaffer Sheermahomed v Hoosein A Peerbhoy, Bhaishanker K and G.

1227-18—Bhimji and Co, Messrs Padamsey Goculdas a firm v Hormusji Bejonji Choksey and anr, In person, Forbes and Co.

978-18—Ardeshir H D and Co, Jethabhai Kalianji v Ishwardas Gordhkhram, Jamsedji R and D.

448-18—Dubash and Co, Soni Devraj Rana v Jamnadas Narotamdas a firm, Khandvala and Co.

1256-18—Shamrao M and H, Jamnadas Narotamdas a firm v Soni Devraj Rana and ors, Dubash and Co.

1023-18—Craigie B and C, The Bombay Dyeing and Mafg Co Ltd v. Mahomedally A Sacoor, Little and Co.

296-19—N C Dalal, Jugmohandas Laxmidas Sutana & Kanaylal Revashanker Joshi, Madhowji K and Ch.

1247-18—Mulla and M, Messrs Narrotamdas Hemraj and Bros a firm v Hormusji Hirjibhoy Wadia and ors, Little & Co.

1349-18—Shamrao M and H, Harakchand Mansukhlal v Chunilal Nanalal, Dubash and Co.

1096-18—Khanderao L and M, Ibrahim Thaverbhai a firm v Nasarwanji Masani Mulji and Th.

716-19—M B Chothia, Messrs Premchand Chimanlal a firm v Kakalbhai Umedchand a firm, Daph F and D.

297-18—Merwanji K & Co., Babu Kalicharandas v. Aga Cumberalli bin Aga Hossan Lord & ors, Hiralal Th & ors, Mulla & Mulla.

BANKS.

Names and Amount Paid up.	Face value.	Div. Paid.	Last Div. % p.a.	Quotation nett to buyers.
	Rs.			Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank ..	100	Feb.-Aug.	18%	320
Alliance Bk.of Simla Ld. ..	100	Jan.-Aug	17%	285
Bank of Baroda Rs. 50..	100	Jan.-July	11%	94
Bank of Bombay ..	500	..	18%	2,190
Bank of Bengal ..	500	Jan.-July	17%	1,328
Bank of India Rs.50	100	do.	12½	175
Bank of Madras ..	500	do.	12%	1,400
Central Bk. of India Rs. 25	50	..	8%	54/12
Central Co-op Bk. Rs. 50 ..	50	..	7%	56
National Financing.	25	Feb.-Oct.	8%	55
The Tata. Indl. Bk. Rs 75	75	..	..	57
EXCHANGE BKS.				
Chartered Bank ..	20	April-Oct.	15%	£
Eastern Bank, Ld. £4 ..	10	..	7%	95
Mercantile Bank ..	25	Mar.-Sept.	14%	100
.. 12½ A	25	Sept.-Mar.	14%	37.10
.. 12½ B				37.10
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ..	$ 125	..	33%	113
National Bank of India £12½ ..	£25	..	20%	350

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka Ry. ..	100	Mar.-Aug.	7½%	115
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry. ..	500	do.	6½%	585
Amritsar Patty ..	100	Mar.-Aug.	6½%	114
Central Provinces Ry. ..	100	June.-Jan.	5%	102
Chaparmukh-Silghat	100	Mar.-Sept.	4%	75
Dhond Baramati ..	100	Jan.-July	4½%	80
Futwah-Islampur Rs. 50 ..	100	Mar.-Sept.	4%	50
Guserat Ry. ..	100	June-Jan.	5%	95
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	Jan.-July	4½%	88
Larkhana Railway ..	100	..	4%	95
Mandra Bhon Ry. Rs. 90 ..	100	April-Oct.	5%	78
Mymensingh Bhairab Bazaar Ry. ..	100	..	4%	84
Pachora Jamner ..	100	Jan.-July	4%	80
Sara Sirajganj Ry. ..	100	May-Nov.	4½%	82
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	April-Oct.	5%	102
Sind Light Rys. Ld.	100	July-Dec.	9%	140
Upper Sind Light Ry. ..	100	..	5%	100
Tapti Valley Ry. ..	500	April-Aug.	6½%	587/8
The Khuina Bhagirghat Ry. ..	100	..	4%	100

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES

			Half Year div.	
			Rs.	
Ahmedabad Advance	500	April-Oct	120	1,470
Alliance Cotton ..	100	..	7	100
Akola ..	100	..	5	102
By Cotton Manufg. By. Dyeing & Mfg. Co.	500	..	80	740
Bombay United ..	250	Mar.-Sept.	90	1,860
Bradbury Mills ..	250	..	25	1,067½
Century ..	100	Mar.-Sept.	50	425
Central India O. ..	500	May-Nov.	210	2,768
Central India P. ..	500	May-Nov.	5%	430
China ..	1,000	Apl.Oct	50	500
Colaba Land & Mill ..	700	..	40	2,410
Coorla ..	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	75	822 xd.
Crescent ..	100	do.	25	262½
Currimbhoy ..	250	do.	30	480
David ..	250	do.	20	775
Dawn ..	250	do.	60	420
Edward Sassoon ..	200	May-Nov.	15	295½
Emperor Edward ..	500	do.	85	620
Fazulbhoy ..	250	Mar-Sept.	70	970
Framji Petit ..	1,000	May	75	1,250½
Finlay Mills ..	250	April-Oct.	Nil.	742½
Gold Mohor ..	500	..	125	1,102
Globe ..	100	..	Nil.	90
Hindustan ..	1,000	..	140	1,100
Hyderabad ..	1 000	April Oct.	200	1,500
Ind. Dyeing and Bleaching ..	100	do.	12½	250
Indian Manufg. ..	1,000	..	100	725
Indo-China Mfg. ..	250	Mar.-Sept.	..	235
Indore Malwa ..	10	April-Oct.	17½	362½
Jamshed Manufg. ..	250	Mar. Sept.	Nil.	100
Jeewraj Baloo ..	200	April Oct.	40	400
Kastoorchand ..	500	Mar.-Sept.	Nil	1,270
Khandesh ..	1 000	June-Dec.	12½	1,300
Khatao ..	1 000	June.Dec.	700	4,200
Kohinoor ..	500	Mar -Sept.	70	1,742½
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1 000	Mar.-Aug.	150	1,900
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	500	April-Oct.	125	2,665
Mathuradas Mills ..	500	..	100	1,100
Madras United ..	1 000	June.-Dec.	50	1,000
Maneckji Petit ..	1 000	Mar.-Sept.	200	2,700
Mayer Samoon ..	100	do. ..	Nil.	100
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1 000	..	400	3,810
Nawab of Cambay ..	500	April-Oct.	20	400
New Great Eastern ..	200	..	10	400
New City of Bombay ..	500	April-Oct.	120	1,700
Pabaney ..	250	..	Nil	225
Pearl ..	250	..	55	695
Phoenix ..	100	Mar.-Sept.	50	440
Planet Mill ..	100	..	5	145
Premier ..	62	..	Nil	62½ prm
Presidency ..	125	Jan.-July.	..	180
Sassoon Cotton ..	1 000	April-Oct.	100	850
Sassoon Silk ..	500	April	50	450
Sir Shapurji Broacha Mills ..	100	..	Nil.	100½
Sholapore ..	1 000	do.	125	3,700
Simplex ..	250	June.-Dec.	100	722½
Standard Mills ..	500	Mar.-Sept.	125	2,010
Swan ..	250	Oct.	Nil.	305
Swadeshi ..	500	Mar.-Oct.	150	2,640
Tata O	500	..	5½	1,425
Tata P	500	..	6	425
Union Mill ..	250	..	..	400
Vishan Cotton O	500	..	75	1,100
P	500	..	7	400
Western India ..	1 1000	..	150	715
Mysore Spinning ..	250	Feb.-Aug	10%	400

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Names and Amount Paid up.	Face value	Div. Paid	Last Div. % p.a.	Quotation nett to buyers.
	Rs.			Rs.
AndhraValley O	600	..	4%	330
AndhraValley P	600	..	4%	525
Ahmedabad Elec. ..	100	..	4%	205½
Alcock Ashdown Co.	100	Oct.-May	100	340
All India U. Co. Ld. Rs 20 ..	100	August	..	4
Bamanqua ..	5	..	4%	8½
Back Bay Bath ..	50	..	6	50 nom.
Badham Pile ..	70	..	10	105
Baroda Tram Co. ..	100	Feb.-Aug	Nil.	40
Brick and Tile ..	100	..	Nil.	50
By.Burma T. Corporta ..	125	..	25	1,015
By. Burma T. Corporta New Issue 25 ..	125	..	..	302 p.m.
British Burma Petroleum ..	6	Mar.-Oct	..	28/4
By.ElectricSupply P. and T. Co. Ltd. O	510	..	6%	164
B'by Ice Mfg. ..	510	..	10%	700
Bombay Flour Mill ..	40	..	2	16
Bombay Steam Navigation Co. P	500	Jan.-Aug	150	2 000
Bundi Hydraulic Lime and Cement ..	250	Mar.-Sept. Oct.	12½ 6%	445 230
Central M. Co., Ltd.	10	..	2	50/8
Empire of I. Life Rs. 50 ..	10	..	4	37
The Eastern O	500	April	42½	425
Chemical Co D	15	..	6%	88
Indian Cement Co., O	200	..	20	700
Katni Cement D	100	..	5	332½
Indian Cotton Oil Co. P	40	..	44	1 775
	100	..	7%	105
	D100	Dec.-July	7%	75 nom.
	P200	Dec.-July	7%	215
John Roberts & Co. ..	100	Oct.-July	16	227½
Jost's Eng. Co., Ltd	50	Oct.	30%	105
Kemp & Co. ..	200	July	20	170
Kurramsee Landing Rs. 75 ..	100	July	8	100 80
Macoka & Co. ..	100	..	20	375
McKennzies Ltd. ..	100	..	4%	94
Marsland Price Co. ..	100	..	7½	75
Marslane Price Co. ..	100	..	..	..
New Union Flour Mills ..	100	..	25	235
O. Govt. S. Life A. Rs. 50 ..	200	May	20%	530
Phillips & Co ..	40	July	Nil.	42½
Port Canning Co. ..	1,000	Sept	40	1,000
Shivrajpur Synd etc.	10	..	4	42½
Sirdar Carbne Gas Co. ..	100	Mar.-Aug.	35%	117
Sidley Ice Mfg. Co.	100	..	6	100
Swadeshi Stores ..	100	Sept.	20%	150
	75	Sept.	8	237½
Tata IronSteel Co. D	20	..	20	1,140
P	150	Mar.-Sept.	6%	140
Tata Iron Or (NP)	75	..	..	145
,, Dif (P)	100	..	..	100
Tata Hydro Elec. O	1 000	Jan	8%	1,470
P	1 000	Jan	7	1,005
,, Iron" Pref (second)	10	..	100	1 prm.
Tata Hydro Deb. Con Pr. ..	1 000	April-Oct	5½%	6% prem.
Thackar & Co. ..	50	June	20%	32 5
Telephone Co. ..	50	..	6	3 6 x
Tata Oil Mills 50— D—Buy. D—Com Div 1 S—Ex. Div	100	..	..	32 rm 35 p

SHIPPING.

DEPARTURES.

July 24.

S S Lhasa—Woollatt—Karachi.

July 25.

S S Obra—William—Rangoon etc

S S Bandra—Wigger—Persian Gulf.

S S Alesia—Stephen—Rangoon.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday.

S S Teesta—Rowe—London etc.

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer Itola for China.

Steamer Shwedagon for Rangoon.

S. S. Teesta:—The B. I. S. N. Company's English mail steamer Teesta, 3,428 tons, Captain S. N. Rowe, will sail to-day from Bellard Pier Station for London via Aden, Suez, Port Said, Plymouth, Gibraltar, Marseilles and Middlesbrough, with the homeward mails a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Friday, 25th July, 1919.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Aymerie..	Philadelphia	30-7-19	W & A G : Co
C & R Clan Maclean ..	Dunkirk	1-8-19	.J Finlay & Co
D & E Siam Maru ..	Kobe	6-8-19	..O S Kaisha
H Kura ..	Abadam	1-8 19	S Wallace & Co
F Itola ..	N F	N F	.. M M & Co
K Ula ..	N F	N F	.. M M & Co
Mitsuta Castle ..	N F	N F	.. W & A G & Co
O Hydra ..	N F	N F	..F F Campbell Co
Q Vergemere.	N F	N F	..D Khandwari

HARBOUR WALL.

Oporto ..	N F	N F	.. E W & Co
Irrawadi ..	Marmagoa	N F	.. E N & Co
Saraswati ..	N F	N F	.. E N & Co
Netravati ..	Karachi	N F	.. E N & Co
Kaveri ..	Marmagoa	N F	.. E N & Co

MEREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Walrus ..	5 days	26-7-19	C E B P T
Kuphus ..			
Flamingo ..			

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Nawab ..	N F	26-7-19	.. T M & Co
2 Boats of Dogra ..			W & A Graham & Co
3 Koweit ..			.. T M & Co
4 Boats of Jeserie ..	N F	N F	.. W & A Graham & Co
5 Abisko ..	Port Said	24-7-19	.. L D
7 Khosson..	Jeddah	29-7-19	.. T M & Co
8 Zayani ..	Jeddah	29-7-19	.. H S Shushtary
9 Bahrein ..	Aden	28 7-19	.. T M & Co
15 Dwarka..	N F	N F	.. M M . Co
16 Kasara ..	N F	N F	.. M & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Chakdara.	N F	N F	.. M M & Co
2 Varsoua..	N F	N F	.. M M & Co
4 Malwa ..	London	26-7-19	.. R I M
4 Baroda ..	Busra	21-7-19	.. M M & Co
6 Warturm.	Liverpool	28-7-19	.. W & A G & Co
9 Cooeyanna	Busra	23-7-19	.. M M & Co
9 Solala ..	N F	N F	.. M M & Co
10 Kashgar..	London	9-8-19	.. M M & Co
11 Kandy ..	N F	N F	.. D R I M
12 Teesta ..	London	26-7-19	.. M & Co
13 War isle..	London	26-7-19	.. D R I M
13 Shuja ..	Busra	23-7-19	.. T Morrison & Co

Offside

15 Bankura	Busra	31-7-19	.. M M . Co
15 Hermelin.	Hongkong	26-7-19	.. R I M
17 Coconada.	Busra	26 7-19	.. M M & Co

Jetty end

Muttra ..	Busra	22-7 19	.. M M & Co
Jity Umta ..	Rangoon	27-7-19	.. M M & Co

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Iran ..	N F	N F	.. E Shustary
Chindwara ..	London	N F	.. M M & Co

EXPORTS

July 25.

S S Warturm for Liverpool—94 bales wool A Durst; 150 bales wool Esmail Dossa & Co; 33 bales wool Chandmul Chhaganmul; 240 cwts myrabollams Allen Bros. 5 bales cotton yarn John Taylor & Sons; 13 bales goat hair 12 bales wool A A Peerbhoy.

S S Kashgar for London—760 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 100 bales hemp S Permanand; 100 bales hemp J S Beghie & Co; 2,002 cwts myrabollams Kalyandas Bros; 6,000 cwts cotton seed L & F Barraclough & Co.

S S Chindwara for London—5 bales cow and ox hair Gulamhusein Suchidina; 260 cwts turmeric Rajan Meherally; 195 cwts turmeric Esmail Rahimtoola; 108 cwts camphor Esmail Mohomed & Sons; 71 bales cowhides Haji Esmail Goolmchamed; 150 bales cowhides Peermahomed Hussain.

S S Aymerie for New York—201 cwts poppy seed Esmail Nowroji & Co; 13 bales sheep belts 5 bales goat skins 3 bales shearlings Enrico N Stein.

S S Clan Maclean for Dunkirk—1,000 cwts groundnuts D B Khan & Co.

S S Warturm for Marseilles in transit to Barcelona—100 bales cotton K H Kayani Co.

S S Itola for Kobe—1,000 bales cotton Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha; 100 bales cotton Cursetji Bomanji & Co.

S S Kosoka Maru for Kobe—11½ cwts ivory Hajibhoy Lalji & Co.

S S Siam Maru for Moji—102 bales cotton N M K Kaisha.

S S Tenshin Maru for Yokohama—14 cwts ivory Hajibhoy Lalji & Co.

S S Hermilin for Hongkong—100 bales cotton grey twist Currimbhoy & Co; 6 cwts rhino horns Hajibhoy Lalji & Co.

S S Itola for Shanghai—1,000 bales cotton grey twist E D Sassoon & Co; 1,000 bales cotton grey twist Sassoon J David & Co; 1,000 bales cotton grey twist David Sassoon & C 2,500 bales cotton grey twist Cursetji Bomanji & Co; 1,000 bales cotton grey twist Currimbhoy & Co.

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Last Div. p.a.	
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Akbar ..	50	May	250	450
Albert Kurrachee ..	1,000	Nov.	45	600
Bellary Dress ..	275	Aug.	10	100
Broach City ..	200	Oct.	20	150
Fort ..	475	Nov.	50	700
Godavery Valley ..	100	..	6	45
Harveyand Sabhpity	500	July	70	900
Indian Cotton ..	125	Oct.	12	120
Jivanji Press ..	100	Aug.	15	125
Jumna Ging. & P.Co. Ltd	1,000	..	7%	850
Karachi Press Co....	500	..	45	700
Mahmudpura Cts....	100	..	20	100
Mahuva ..	200	Oct.	Nil	105
Mumbai Mfg. ..	250	Aug.	15	155
New East Indian ..	1,000	Sept.	200	1,300
New Mofussil Co. ..	400	Nov.	70

BOMBAY, CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

The s. s. Teesta with the English Mails leaves at noon.

MONDAY, July 28.

The Mail Steamer Dunera with the China Mails expected to arrive in Bombay at 10 a.m.

TUESDAY, July 29.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manilla and Hongkong per s.s. Fultala via Negapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m.

G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 30	19 0
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	11 0	20 30
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur).	7 15	13 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 10
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Poona Express	19 40	7 55
Delhi Express	8 30	7 0

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY TIMINGS.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	12 0	17 0
Gujarat Mail	8 25	20 45
Kathiawar Express	7 47	21 0
Fast Passenger	21 10	7 20

SATYAGRAHA SABHA.

A general meeting of Satyagrahis will be held to-day, at Hirabag (Kandewadi), at 9 p.m. (S. T.).

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Bhai Tahilram Lilaram will conduct the weekly Divine service in the local Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, to-morrow at 5-30 p.m. the subject being "Faith and Prayer."

FEAST OF SAINT ANNE

To-morrow, there will be a solemn High Mass at 8 o'clock, in the Cathedral of Our Lady of Glory, Byculla, in honour of St. Anne, the Patron Saint of Parra.

NAMADEO SAMAJIK SAUNSTHA

The seventh annual prize distribution ceremony of the above Saunstha, will take place under the presidentship of Mr. Ramchandra Balkrishna Bodhe of Ashta, District Satara, at Hira Baug, to-day, at 5 p.m.

HOME RULE VOLUNTEER CORPS.

It is proposed to start a First Aid Study Class from to-morrow. Volunteers have been requested to present themselves at 8 a.m., (S. T.) sharp, to-morrow, at the Esplanade Maidan, opposite the Gaiety Theatre.

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION.

A general meeting of the Bombay Tenants' Association, will be held to-day, at 6 p.m., (S. T.), in the Servants of India Society Hall, Girgaum, to consider the draft of the Constitution and rules of the Association framed by the Provisional Managing Committee.

ZOROASTRIAN BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Zoroastrian Brotherhood, at the Hall of the Tutorial High School, Grant Road, Mr. K. H. E. Tarapore will deliver a lecture to-morrow, at 5-30 p.m., (S. T.), on "The Greatness of Eastern Civilization, when Mr. J. J. Vimadalal will preside.

CORRECTION.

With reference to the news appearing in our yesterday's issue regarding the suicide of Mr. Lewis M. G. Saldanha, we are informed that the deceased was not a "Goanese" but a Mangalorian.

THE ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

Mr. Samuel Joseph will speak in Marathi on "Faith in Judaism" in the hall of the Institution, 2nd Peerkhan Street, Byculla, to-morrow, at 4 p.m.

"ANCIENT AND MODERN EDUCATION.

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi, Girgaon, Bombay, to-morrow, at 6 p.m. (B. T.), when Pandit Yogendra Dev, will deliver a lecture on "Ancient and Modern Education."

INSTITUTO LUSO-INDIANO.

A lecture in Portuguese on "Joao de Deus" by Mr. Floriano Pinto under the chairmanship of the Rev. Fr. A. da Cruz will be delivered to-day at 7 p.m. in the Instituto Luso-Indiano Hall. The lecture is open to the public.

JAIN STUDENTS ASSOCIATION.

A public meeting under the auspices of the Jain Students' Association, will be held at the Gaiety Theatre, to-morrow, at 9-0 a.m. (S. T.), when Nyayatirtha Muni Nyayavijayji will deliver a speech on "Sarvamanya Dharam Kayo Hoi-Shake" in Gujrati, under the presidentship of his Holiness Acharya Dharmavijaya Shuri.

NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

We have been requested by the Secretary of the New India Assurance Company Limited to state that as already announced, the whole issued capital of the Company was subscribed privately some weeks ago and no applications from the public are invited or can be entertained.

AN INCORRIGIBLE PICK-POCKET,

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Khairaz, Deputy Inspector Klein charged one Ali Imam, a man having six previous convictions, with the theft of a purse containing Rs. 10 from the pocket of one Mahomed Ibrahim Shaik Chand.

Evidence showed that on Thursday at about 5 p.m. when Mahomed was buying a cap at Kalbadevi he felt a jerk in his pocket. On turning round he found his purse in the accused's hand. The accused was about to run away, but was arrested and made over to the police.

The accused pleaded guilty and was convicted and sentenced to nine months' hard labour.

FANCY DRESS BALL AT POONA.

A "Grand Victory' Masked Fancy Dress Ball" will come off at the Garrison Gymnasium at Wanowrie, Poona, on Friday the 1st proximo.

Dancing will commence at 9-15 p.m. and prizes will be distributed as under:—

PRIZES.

Ladies:—(1) For most original costume; (2) For best costume.

Gentlemen:—(1) For most original costume; (2) For most comical costume.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL.

This week the opening scenes of the Lightning Raider are devoted to illustrating the heroine's profession and her peculiar gifts triumphing over the dangers and difficulties inseparable from it. She is a female crook and is shown robbing a museum. She makes the acquaintance of Tom Norton and forces him to become her unwilling accomplice.

Norton's enemy, Wu Fang, the rich Chinese owner of a rubber plantation, has stolen an ebony cylinder, the property of Norton's father. The Lightning Raider undertakes to recover the treasure, and, calling upon Wu Fang, is surrounded by his myrmidons. He invites her to search a shelf, and as she stands on tip-toe the boards beneath her give way and she escapes by clinging to the shelf. Eventually the persuasion of a revolver induces Wu Fang to part with the ebony cylinder and Lightning returns with it to Tom. They are surprised by the entrance of Wu Fang, who, in his turn, holds up Lightning with a revolver, recovers the cylinder and escapes.

The next episode shows the Chinaman the guest of honour at a country house. Lightning and Tom secure invitations and startle the chief guest by their appearance on the scene. The owner of the house is found murdered. Lightning, who has the ebony cylinder in her possession, contrives to get next to the Chinaman, hides the cylinder in a pocket and is forthwith cleared of the charge of theft. She is now able to turn the tables upon her accuser, and the discovery of the tablet brings Wu Fang before the police magistrate next day. Lightning, disguised as a drunken old woman, contrives to get arrested, and when discharged, decamps with the ebony treasure.

Wu Fang captures Norton and holds him to ransom, the price of his release being the coveted cylinder. Failing its return Norton is to be thrown into a tank, where an octopus disposes of the Chinaman's victims. Unfortunately, Lightning has taken steps to place the ebony treasure in other and safer hands, and in transit it has been acquired by "the Wasp," who is also the enemy of Wu Fang. Norton is rescued, and incidentally the octopus is enable to stock his larder with dead Chinamen before Lightning herself is toppled into the tank. The Wasp, however, and his gang, arriving in the nick of time, provide a living ladder by means of which the girl climbs to safety.

Pearl White as Lightning is her attractive and audacious self plus a number of becoming costumes and minus nothing of the charm that has made her fame worldwide. Warner Oland creates a "Mr. Wu" of the screen that challenges comparison even with Matheson Lang's famous stage creation. It is a forceful, original study of sleek, confident, imperturbable villainy with a strange and almost sympathetic quality. Bert White is excellent as the Wasp, and all the other characters are well touched in.

The program includes the latest Pathe Gazette, containg complete scenes of Derby, and a Luke comic.

EXCELSIOR.

"Vanity Fair"—Farewell performances. Bombay theatre-goers will not have the pleasure of seeing and hearing Mr. Edgar Warwick's talented little company much longer. For the days of "Vanity Fair" in Bombay are now numbered, and the farewell performance before the company seeks pastures new in Colombo is on Monday night, when there is to be a specially attractive programme which will be a *pot pourri* of the previous four editions of "Vanity Fair" and a few altogether new attractions as well. To-night and to-morrow (on Sunday at 5-30) the fourth edition, which is in many respects better even than its three predecessors, is to be repeated. A visit to the Excelsior any night now illustrates the great popularity which the Company has attained. It has enhanced its reputation with each succeeding edition of "Vanity Fair." What the company particularly excels in are the staging effects and the costumery: probably no company of its kind is touring the East today with a larger amount of property.

THURBER AND THURBER.

Thurber and Thurber have opened a brilliant season of fun and frolic at the Gaiety. We do not know how long they are going to be in Bombay, but their entertainment is of such an order that the public should not miss having an early visit, Thurber and Thurber are, we understand, on a world tour and their shows have been well-spoken of in other centres in India which they have already visited. The programme of comedy now on the board includes dances and songs by Marie, and they may be recommended as promissing an excellent diversion. There are to be three shows nightly and we shall watch the course of public patronage with interest

"THE DEEMSTER" AT EXECLSIOR

All who are familiar with Hall Caine's famous novel, "The Deemster," will be able to appreciate how readily this masterpiece of the well-known author adapts itself for the cinema, and the pictorialisation of this wonderful book should be a rare treat for patrons of the Excelsior Theatre to-night and during the coming week.

In this seven part film we are promised all the characteristics of the novel. The rugged scenery of the isle of man gives scope for a most attractive setting, and while it has been found necessary to make some slight deviations from the details of the plot, the main incidents are to be found, and the story will be found to be even more absorbing on the cinema-screen than it is, as told in the book. The film story is marked, in particular, by some remarkably strong characterisation, and the acting of Derwent Hall Caine, who takes the part of Daniel Mylrea, has been described as a masterpiece.

The theme of the narrative is familiar to many. It tells the story of the life of the son of the Bishop of Man, the hereditary baron of the isle. In his youth Daniel Mylrea is headstrong and reckless, and is in love with the daughter of the Deemsteer, who is his father's sworn enemy. An intensely dramatic situation is that in which, in a fit of temper, he slays his brother, as the result of which his father, who is the supreme civil and religious power in the island, passes a decree on his son that he shall be cut off from his people—"none to speak to him, none to minister to him in illness, none to bury him in death." For seven long years Daniel lives a life of exile, and now he comes back to the isle of his birth and expiates his crime by ridding the island of a terrible scourge and makes the supreme sacrifice by giving his life for that of his father's enemy, eventually dying in the arms of his betrothed, forms the climax to a remarkable story.

EMPIRE.

At the Empire during the ensuing week we have a delightful mixture of comedy and drama in a five part film which has as its title, "Annexing Bill," a romantic film-story by Edgar Franklin in which winsome Gladys Hullette and her co-star, Creighton Hale, win fresh laurels for themselves.

The central characters in a pleasant little love story are a young art student of the feminine gender without a pie to her name and an attractive young lover who follows law and is equally impecunious, although he has prospect of a brilliant future. A ship founders (no, it does not come home), and the art devotee finds that she is heiress to a million dollars because her maiden aunt has gone down with it. This spoils the match, for our rising lawyer declares that he is not going to marry a girl who is a millionairess. But art is very much in love with law, and the trifle of a million dollars is no obstacle, so our heroine decides to make them over to a friend who she feels pretty sure will get rid of them by reckless speculation. The transfer is about to be consummated, when lo! there appears on the scene the aunt who was believed to have been drowned. Complications arise when it is discovered that the "aunt" is an imposter, and the love problem is once more as knotty as ever, but how the knots are united and the "true lover's knot" is fastened is ingeniously depicted in the concluding chapters, and of course, everything ends up as it should.

Altogether a very pleasant story, and one which with a comedy of the boisterous type, "Kicking the Germ out of Germany," makes up a very attractive programme.

NEW ALEXANDRA.

Serials are the order of the day at the New Alexandra where the opening chapters of another new serial, "The Mystery of the Double Cross," are to be screened to-night. As a rule the opening episodes of a serial film-play are the most tedious for the spectators but in this serial the story begins with such mysterious and interesting incidents that the attention is aroused from the very beginning and the spectator feels himself carried from incident to incident with breathless interest.

The plot of the story revolves round a mysterious girl who bears the strange mark of a double cross tattooed upon her right shoulder. Peter Hale, the son of an American millionaire comes into a large fortune from his father, on condition that he find out and marry this mysterious girl. Peter sets out in seach of the girl and falls into many strange and exciting adventures which afford material for a very fascinating story.

THEFT OF DIAMONDS.

ACCUSED SENTENCED.

At the Dadar Police Court, Mr. Dastur, disposed of a case in which Inspector O'Brien of the C.I.D. charged two Mahomedans named Hussein Suleman and Ahmed Sumar with the receiving and disposing of thirty-four diamonds valued at Rs. 5,000 knowing or having reason to know that they were stolen property.

Mr. Pereira and Mr. Gnaswalla, pleaders, appeared for the first and second accused respectively.

The facts of the prosecution are stated to be that a few months ago a Hindu merchant lost from his pocket near the Crawford Market, a leather purse containing diamonds worth over a lakh of rupees. A number of arrests were made and, with the exception of a few diamonds the whole of the stolen property was recovered. (The details of the former arrests and trial have already been reported in these columns). Till now the enquiries were going on in connection with that theft, and lately it was discovered that the first accused had come in possession of thirty-four of the stolen diamonds, sold fourteen of them in Bombay and then left for Karachi. At Karachi he sold the remaining diamonds to one Shamji with the assistance of his brother-in-law, the second accused, for Rs. 2,000. They were arrested at Karachi and brought back to Bombay for trial.

Both the accused pleaded guilty and were convicted.

His Worship taking into consideration the facts that they had been in custody for a long time, that they had fallen into a sudden temptation and that this was their first offence sentenced them to a fine of Rs. 1,000 each or in default nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

BOILER EXPLOSION AT KURLA.

JURY'S VERDICT ON DRIVER'S DEATH

The Acting Coroner, Mr. A. R. King, concluded the enquiry touching the death of Ratten Bahadur Mubdar, an engine-driver in the G. I. P. Railway, who was severely injured by the explosion of the engine he was driving at Kurla on the 4th July and died in the J. J. Hospital two hours after admission. The circumstances have already been reported in these columns.

Mr. T. W. Bonner, Loco. Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, said he found that the boiler had burst and was blown out of the frame of the engine which was on the cross-over road. The cause of the bursting of the boiler was over-pressure, which was due to the safety-valve not being properly adjusted, and the adjustment of that was done by the fitter in the running shed. The boiler which was in first-class order, had been examined on July 6. He based his opinion on what he saw after the explosion.

"FITTER RESPONSIBLE—NOT SUPERIOR OFFICER."

In reply to a juror witness said the safety-valve was not properly set. The fitter was a qualified man, and he had been doing the work for twelve years. He considered the fitter responsible and not his superior officer.

Mr. J. D. Johnson, Permanent Way Inspector, G. I. P. Railway, said he was lorrying from Sion towards Kurla and near A. Cabin he saw light engine 589, and then there was an explosion. Witness went to the place of the explosion and saw the fireman dead. The driver was alive, but unconscious, and he was sent to the hospital. The explosion was due to the boiler bursting and he saw pieces of it. When the engine passed witness, he saw nothing unusual about it.

The jury returned a verdict that death was caused by explosion of the boiler of an engine of the G. I. P. Railway, which appears to have been due to the safety-valve not having been properly adjusted.

The Coroner also held an inquest on the body of Abdul Sakur Haji Ismail, aged about 30, a dealer in cotton waste. The deceased was given to drink and there was a criminal case pending against him. On Thursday morning he was found lying ill and he died in the hospital from the effects of opium poisoning.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

A DISHONEST MESS-ROOM BOY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Khairaz, Sub-Inspector Hasan Ali charged one Sonny Suanny, a mess-room boy on board the s. s. Nabob, with the theft of two currency notes for £1 each and 125 piastres (Turkish coins), belonging to Mr. G. E. Lecomber, Third Engineer of the ship.

It appeared that on Thursday the complainant put the property in a box in his cabin and after locking the box went ashore. On his return he found the lock of the box smashed and the money stolen from within the box. He suspected the accused and another boy. On a search, the property was found in the box of the accused and he was then handed over to the police.

The accused who pleaded guilty and prayed for mercy, was convicted and sentenced to receive eight stripes.

DRS. VELKAR AND SATHAYE ENTERTAINED.

Drs. M. B. Velkar and D. D. Sathaye, as representatives of the Indian Home Rule League Deputation, were entertained on Thursday last, at a tea-party by the Home Rule League Club, Dadar.

Dr. Savarkar welcomed the guests.

Mr. Gosavi, asked the Doctors to take up the question of the betterment of India Industries side by side with the great problem of securing Home Rule for India.

Dr. Velkar, in thanking the hosts, said that he was quite optimistic about the success of the cause undertaken by the Deputation. He believed that the whole world's policies were changing very rapidly; therefore, Indians must get Home Rule ere long. In case a new war broke out in Europe, he continued, England should, of necessity, have to look for men in India rather than in the Colonies, and, under such circumstances, the good of the Empire demanded that India should be made free with a full grant of Home Rule.

Dr. Sathye also briefly thanked the gathering, which terminated with the garlanding of the guests and the serving of light refreshments.

Drs. M. B. Velkar and D. D. Sathaye were entertained on Thursday, last, as the Indian Labour League's Delegates, by the Indian Labour League, when Mr. Gawade, in a brief speech, wished a happy voyage to the Delegates.

Dr. Velkar thanked the hosts and remarked that there had been for a long time a complaint against the middle classes that they had neglected the interests of the masses. He questioned the truth of the charge and, in disproving it, cited the instance of the late Mr. Gokhale, who had brought forward, specially in the interest of the masses, the "Free and Primary Education Bill." He also referred to the incessant efforts made by Mr. B. G. Tilak in the interests of the agricultrists.

Dr. M. B. Velkar is leaving for England to-day.

Mr. A. B. Kamat was "At Home" on the 23rd instant, to a few friends from amongst the members of the Radiant Club, Dr. M. B. Velkar being the principal guest. Thanks were offered to Dr. Velkar for the service he rendered to the Radiant Club during the last three years ever since he came in contact with the institution.

After wishing bon voyage and a speedy return to the Motherland to Dr. Velkar, the guests adjourned for refreshments and then dispersed.

The P. P. Progressive Volunteer Corps entertained Dr. Velkar, last evening on the eve of his departure.

PEACE CONGRATULATIONS.

Further messages of congratulations on the signing of the Peace have been received by the Government of Bombay from various Ruling Princes and Chiefs, public bodies and invidu-als:—His Excellency the Governor in Council acknowledges with thanks the messages received, and appreciates the spirit of devotion to the Crown and the cause of the Empire and of its Allies to which they bear witness.

MILL STORES AND CHEMICALS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 25.

There is a fair demand for various chemicals during the week from mills as well as several dyeing houses. However, the tone which has steadily fallen during the last six months has no hopes of rapid improvement. There are very large stocks of zinc chloride and sodium sulphide imported nearly two years before. The stocks are now being slowly consumed. The monsoon had created a good demand for zinc chloride, and the quotations varied from Rs. 17/ to 30/ per cwt. Genuine English Hytra Brand used to fetch nearly Rs. 30/ while American between Rs. 17/ and Rs. 23/. However, the quotations from Home as well as from America are decidedly much higher than those prevalent in India. This state of affairs is due to the anxiousness of dealers to get rid of their old stocks, which are almost being eaten up.

Sodium too has declined and is quoted at Rs. 7/ to 8/ per cwt.

Recent arrivals from Home show an import of Caustic Soda and Bleaching Powder. Fresh stuff has always been in demand, and consequently almost all fresh stock is taken up by local mills. United Alkali 98 per cent. Caustic Soda is quoted at nearly Rs. 24—27 per cwt. White 76 per cent. is below Rs. 20/ per cwt. English Bleaching is quoted at nearly Rs. 22/ to Rs. 25/ per cwt.

Among sizing starches, Farina and Sago continue in demand, and the prices are also ruling comparatively higher. Farina K quality is quoted at Rs. 24/ per cwt. and sago is quoted at Rs. 20—22 per cwt.

Turkey-red-oil, Boiler Composition, Glauber Salt, Washing Soda, etc., have fair and steady demand. These chemicals manufactured by several local factories deserve encouragement, as they almost stand in competition of foreign stuff.

The quotations during the week are as follows:—

Farina K., Rs. 24-8-0 per cwt.
Sago, Rs. 20—23, per cwt.
Rice starch, Rs. 38—42 per cwt.
Wheat starch powder, Rs. 25/ per cwt.
Wheat starch crystal, Rs. 26/30 per cwt.
Maize starch, Rs. 35—37 per cwt.
Eng. Bleaching powder, Rs. 22—25 per cwt.
Eng. caustic soda, 98 per cent. 23—26 per cwt.
Sulphuric acid (42lbs.) Rs. 13/ jar.
Nitric acid (28lbs) Rs. 21—22 jar.
Muriatic acid (2olbs.), Rs. 15—17 per jar.
Sodium sulphide, Rs. 7—9 per cwt.
Zinc chloride (Hytra), Rs. 25—30 per cwt.
American zinc chlo. Rs. 16—20 per cwt.
Bichromate of soda, Rs. 40—43 per cwt.
Bichromate of potash, Rs. 95—100 per cwt.
50 per cent. Turkey-red-oil (Lotus brand), Rs. 34 per cwt.

MILL STORES.

The same activity in demand for Healds and Pickers has continued. Mills have been free buyers and large lots are rapidly consumed. Fresh healds of 15/40s yarn and of red eyes are quoted at Rs. 1-10-0 and upwards. Several week holders only have parted with their stock at Rs. 1-4-0 to Rs. 1-8-0 per 800 eyes. Reeds very largely in quotations. 32 and 40 counts had a greater demand and consequently the prices ruling higher than other counts.

Among wooden sundries, English goods have good demand. There is an inquiry for Wilson make Shuttles and Bobbins, as Japanese had occupied their place in war. Now that the war is over these Japanese goods which were decidedly inferior to English, shall have little demand. Several big indenting firms have very few indents to book for Japanese shuttles, bobbins, etc. The quotations are as follows:—

Healds, Rs. 1-8-0 to 1-12-0.
Reeds, Rs. 0-3-6 to 5-6-0.
Pickers No. 4, Rs. 60—65 per gross.
Picking bands, Rs. 2-12-0 per lb.
Eng. Roller-skins Rs. 60—70 per doz.
Roller-cloth, Rs. 4-8-0 per yard.
Eng. shuttles 13¼in., Rs. 30—35 per doz.
English shuttles 14in., Rs. 40/ per doz.
Eng shuttles 14¼in., Rs. 65/ per doz.
Jap slubbings, Rs. 75—80, per gross.
Eng. slubbings, 90—100 per gross.

CALCUTTA RACES.

SECOND MEETING.

HORSES LEFT IN

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 25.

THE CHOTA MAIDAN PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles over 7 flights.

China Egg 12-0; Vulcanelia 11-7; Monsieur James 11-3; Lagavon 10-10; Jem Crack 10-3; Review 10-3; Kurdish Chief 10-0.

THE SCURRY PLATE. Division I.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Declared 9-8; Gora's Darling 9-5; Pierrot 9-3; Fiasco 9-1; Speak The Truth 8-13; Bideawee 8-13; Last Spot 8-10; Steel Barrel 8-9; Luna 8-8; Nigs 8-2; Lord Grey 8-0.

THE ELLENBOROUGH HURDLE PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles over 7 flights.

Blackmailer 12-13; Monsieur Nestor 10-12; Pomade 10-9; Attraction 9-12; China Egg 9-10; Sea Lad 9-0; Silver Lining 9-0.

THE ROBERT PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Pride of India 9-7; Flying Wing 9-1; St. Nathey 8-12; Second Sight 8-7; Principal Girl 8-4; Kilrea 8-0.

THE FORT PLATE. Division II.—Distance 9 furlongs.

Pont Neuf 9-5; Lough Corrib 8-13; Wolfram 8-12; Allannah 8-7; Paganini 8-4; Dahra Doon 8-2; Limton 8-2; Shwe Nine 8-0; Hookkoo 8-0; Sumurun 7-7; Signalman 7-0.

THE FORT PLATE. Division I.—Distance 9 furlongs.

Pomade 9-9; Greyfield 9-7; Miss Slasher 9-6; Hepton 9-3; Jack 9-0; Pyramid 8-10; Verlend Rose 8-7; Andoversford 8-3; Despicable 8-2; Midsand 7-12; Downey Boy 7-9; Lady White 7-8.

THE SCURRY PLATE. Division II.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Zelia 9-0; Done Again 8-13; Fleurette 8-9; Jem Crack 8-8; Bridington 8-5; Welshapple 7-9; Slippery Ann 7-7.

MOTOR ACCIDENT AFTERMATH

A correspondent writes:—

Over 3½ months or so ago while an indigent European was making his way across the road after alighting from a tram car near the Byculla Bridge, another European said to be a gentleman driving a motor car ran into him from behind, knocking him down. Four of the wheels going over his left leg fractured the thigh bone. The owner of the car stopped, picked up the injured man and copveyed him in his car to the J. J. Hospital, where he was attended to and admitted as an in-patient with attendant police. On the next day the owner of the car who evidently was of a religious turn of mind visited the patient, prayed over him left a religious paper "The Voice" on his bed with the attendant police and suddenly disappeared off the scene never to return. Thanks to the attention and care paid to the patient in the hospital for about 3½ months he recovered sufficiently to be discharged but maimed for life, he having to leave the hospital on crutches. As great indifference and no sympathy was shown him by the party who had injured him, he is now in communication with a lawyer who has advised him to sue in *forma pauperis* for compensation. The case when brought into court is sure to excite public sympathy and will prove very interesting as there, is quite a religious element in it.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS

The following is the list of the passengers proceeding to Marseilles and London per s.s. Teesta sailing to-day:—

Mr., Mrs. and Miss F. Abbott, Mr. S. Allen Abraham, Mr. Ahmed Aizal, Mr. D. E. Alcorn, Mr. W. Archibald, Mr. and Mrs. F. Arnold and child, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Barker and child, Mr. H. L. Ball, Mr. W. A. Bell, Mr. S. K. Bhagvanji, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Blake and child, Mr. J. Bogaers, Dr. and Mrs. G. D. Brockman and 2 children, Capt. C. L. Bulkeley, Mr. E. Buma, Mr. and Mrs. A. Brault, Mr. and Miss A. A. Campbell, Mr. K. R. Chonkar, Mr. V. R. Chonkar, Mrs. E. V. Clarke, Mr. W. T. M. Clewes, Mr. V. G. Creber, Mr. and Mrs. V. St. J. Croley, Mr. De Bourbel, Mr. W. S. Desai, Miss Duncan, Mr. Dundas, Mr. and Mrs. J. Evans, Mrs. Fellowes-Wilson and child, Mr. A. Giradeau, Mr. S. Govindarajulu, Mr. J. H. Grieve, Mr. U. A. Harris, Mr. H. H. F. Harris, Mr. B. A. Harris, Miss Harris, Mr. J. J. Harvey, Mr. C. E. Henriques, Mr. S. A. Hewitt, Mr. R. W. Hockridge, Mr. and Mrs. J. Howarth and child, Prof. Q. Hussain, Mr. G. B. Hutchinson, Master Ingrey, Mr. P. V. Isaac, Mr. J. B. Irani, Mrs. S. B. Irani, Mr. F. R. Irani, Rev. and Mrs. A. B. Johnston, Mrs. J. M. Kelly, Mr. Kelly (Jr.), Mrs. Khanom and child, Mr. M. Khodadad, Mr. D. Kirk, Mr. J. Knight, Baron and Baroness Konsinowsky and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Kothawala, Mr. P. N. Kothawala, Mr. G. E. Lecomber, Mr. A. I. Leontarides, Lt.-Col. Leslie Jones, Mr. M. H. Mahmood, Mr. M. A. S. Mahomed, Mr. G. S. Malik, Mr. B. B. Mallick, Mr. Hubert S. Maltby, Mr. Aylmer F. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Martin, infant and nurse, Miss Mathai, Rev. F. C. McCombie and 2 children, Mr. H. J. McIntosh, Mr. McIntosh, Mr. McLatchie, Mr. R. Miraban, Mr. F. J. Mitchell, Mr. G. F. de Montmorency, Mr. H. L. Morris, Mrs. M. A. Morton, Mr. Q. A. Munsuri, Mrs. W. Newcombe and 2 Misses, Miss A. H. Pont, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Pearce, Mr. John Rae, Mr. S. Rahamatulla, Mr. C. Ramswamy, Mr. H. H. Abdul Razzack, Mr. S. N. Reddy, Capt. R. K. Richardson, Mr. V. A. Robert, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Robson, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rowland, Mr. Sadrudin Moulvi, Mrs. H. K. E. Sandys, Mr. B. B. Sarkar, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Sathianadhan, Mr. R. Saupin, Mr. and Mrs. F. Sayers and child, Mr. P. B. Seal, Master Seddon, Mr. B. K. Sen, Mr. Ahmed Shafi, Mr. R. Shahjehan, Mrs. Simmons, Mr. F. C. Smith, Mr. M. M. Thakkur, Dr. H. V. Tilak, Mr. M. Tiryakian, Mrs. and Miss Tomnie, Dr. C. Vosper, Dr. Velker, Mr. White, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wilson, child and infant, Mr. W. Woodward, Mr. S. V. M. Yezdi, Mr. A. D. Young, Mr. A. S. Nash, Mr. and Mrs. F. Khan and infant, Miss H. Khanom, Mr. R. G. Pradam, Mr. Howell, Mr. E. Parsons, Mr. O. P. Thompson, Miss Purnell, Mr., Mrs. and Master H. A. Hall, Mr. Leslie, Mr. Aloise, Mr. Nag, Mr. H. G. Sadik, Mrs. Owen Roberts, Miss E. Khanom, Mr. P. V. Isaac, Mr. Hiss, Mrs. A. Goffe, Mr. J. B. Dickie, Sergt. Neves and infant, Mr. H. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. T. Giddange and child, Mrs. J. Jones and infant, Mr. Clifford, and Mr. Lothkar.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, July 26.

We have experienced a lot of fluctuations in our market which ruled quite irregular throughout the week with easier advices from all quarters and prices both for ready and forward have been reduced to some extent. With lower advices from Calcutta and Java, weak holders and speculators came out sellers and white Java changed hands from 5½s. to 5¼s. F. B. Harbour for July September shipment. The s.s. Nawab has arrived with cargo for June shipment from Java and the sugar from this steamer was sold at 5¾s. to 5¼s. F. B. Harbour. Calcutta market is reported very quiet without any buyers. Karachi market is reported also quiet with small business doing. Java market is reported quiet with a drop of 5 gilders on account of heavy arrivals but there are many buyers at the decline. There is no news from Mauritius.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 33-0-0 eq. to 5¾s. F. B. Harbour stocks 40,000 bags.

Brown Rs. 29-0-0 eq. to 4¾s. F. B. Harbour stocks 8,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 32-8-0 eq. to 5¼s. F. B. Harbour stocks 1,500 bags.

Mauritius Rs. 32-8-0 stocks 29,000 bags

FROM LETTERS TO EDITOR.

M. suggests that the Jain Sanitary Association should not confine their attention solely to the building of a sanatorium and a chawl for the poor Jains, but should also erect buildings for the middle-classes of that community.

• • • • •

A. VALLES suggests that the best way to prevent juvenile smoking would be to instruct all primary, secondary and high schools to arrange for lectures to them pupils on this subject.

• • • • •

HARDPRESSED TAPALI—wants to know whether the proposed "Postal and R.M.S. Union" has come into existence.

• • • • •

Mr. S. C. SHAHIAR says in the "Wadhwan News" appearing in this journal on the 17th instant his name was wrongly spelt as S. C. Shohrar.

• • • • •

GOKULDAS P. says in reply to 'A query' by Mr. S. G. Bhave, that there is one "Leper Asylum" in Karachi city situated at a distance of 3 miles at Manghopir.

PARSIS AND POLITICS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your issue of yesterday, I have seen Mr. Boyce's letter of the 13th instant. In my letters of the 8th and 16th instant, I have shown clearly how Sir Dinshaw Wacha, Sir Hormusjee Wadia, Sir Dinshaw Petit, Messrs. C. M. Cursetjee, J. B. Petit, H. P. Modi, S. R. Bomanji, F. S. Taleyarkhan, Dr. J. N. Bahadurji and many others are taking a leading and active part in the public life of Bombay; how Dr. Dhalla and Mr. Jamshed Mehta are striving in Sindh; how Mr. M. B. Dadabhoy has been working in the Central Provinces; and how Mr. B. P. Wadia has laboured in Madras and is striving in England,—each and all for the realization of responsible government in India. These gentlemen have been supported by our educated classes and principally by our young graduates and lawyers, whose heart is burning with the rest of India for the all-round emancipation of our Motherland. As already stated, the Parsis have looked upon the Rowlatt legislation as a menace against the liberty of Indian patriots, and as such, they have raised their emphatic protest against it through the Press, from the Platform, and direct to the authorities, not as a separate community, but as a part and parcel of the Indian Nation. Barring the Satyagraha, will Mr. Boyce mention a single political movement in India worth its name, that the Parsis have not led, or helped, or joined? The protest of the Parsis against Mr. Horniman's deportation has been strong and sincere; and to discount it is both unfair and unkind. There is no reason for the Parsis to despair. They are maintaining their traditions and are playing their part in the renaissance of this country, which no responsible critic can dispute. In good time and in right spirit has Sir Jamsetjee taken a lead in the formation of the Parsi Central Association, and it is left to that body to elect its own President.—Yours, etc.,

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

July 25.

DIRIGIBLE CATCHES FIRE IN TEST FLIGHT.

EXPLOSION IN PETROL TANKS.

(Reuter's Telegram)

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, July 26.

Recd. 0-20 a.m., July 28.

CHICAGO.—Ten were killed and 25 injured owing to a large dirigible on test flight catching fire and falling five hundred feet through the glass roof of the Illinois Trust Savings Bank. The majority of the dead were employees of the Bank, who were incinerated through the explosion of the airship's petrol tanks.

When the dirigible burst into flames the crew and passengers, all of whom were strapped in parachutes, jumped. Several landed safely, but the others' parachutes burned and the wearers were dashed to pieces.

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210 Burglar-Resisting Safes, recently supplied to Government, to replace other maker's safes that had been burgled.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, 26th July, 1919.

THE PUNJAB ENQUIRY.

It is now nearly ten weeks since the Secretary of State announced his intention of appointing a Commission of Enquiry with regard to the unrest in the Punjab. Between that announcement and now we have had the Martial Law sentences which have caused a thrill of amazement and horror throughout India. The organs of Anglo-Indian opinion have been gloating over the sentences inflicted by the Martial Law Commissions, and they have raised a wild outcry against the suggestion of holding an inquiry. It is well to recognise that they were inflamed from the beginning by an aimless passion for vindictiveness, and they confessed to a sense of repletion when it became known that among the people sentenced by the Martial Commissions were members of the educated class, who, by ancient hypothesis, deserved no quarter. As an instance of the play of mixed feelings, we may refer to the "Statesman" which is most hilarious that the career of Lala Harikishen Lal in particular "has come to a sorry close." The explanation vouchsafed by it regarding the monstrous character of the sentences is that they are "didactic" in intention. On the other hand, the whole of the Indian public has expressed the feeling that the Martial Law trials under the extension ordinance have been a travesty of justice, and they are looking forward to the Commission of Enquiry for the reparation of wrongs. As we have already discussed the substance of the chief judgments and shown their ludicrous fancifulness regarding the action of the men unfortunately condemned, we do not think it necessary to dwell again upon the fantastic stories which the Martial Law Commissions have composed. By their judgments, the Martial Law Commissions of the Punjab have shown that they approached their task without a judicial frame of mind and were not much perturbed at the fact of that anomaly. Any word in condemnation of the work of the Punjab tribunals, which convicted people who by the testimony of the findings them selves were innocent, would, after the protest of the last fortnight, be entirely superflous. The country looks forward to the Commission of Enquiry to do justice as between the Punjab and the Martial Law Commissions. Further, it has become obvious that the Government of India are too stern to recommend that some of the sentences wrongly inflicted should be held in abeyance, which makes the arrival of the Commission a matter of urgent necessity. The delay is causing anxiety and hardship, and the All-India Congress Committee have the strong support of the whole country in their demand that no time should be lost in beginning investigations.

The attitude of Government in countenancing the progress of the so-called trials under conditions adverse to the accused has been incomprehensible. Their attitude of concurrence makes it absolutely necessary that the Enquiry to be held should be of a strictly impartial and unchallengeable character. A writer in the "Pioneer" suggests that Sir Michael O'Dwyer should be included in the Commission. It may be a joke redolent with the spirit of contentment pervading the scribe with regard to the sentences passed, but it is necessary to point out that the association of any official in India with the Commission would destroy the first condition required for public confidence. The administration of Sir Michael O'Dwyer is alleged to be the main cause of disaffection in the Punjab. It would be a scandal if any member of the Punjab Government responsible for the alleged abuses of authority or any other officials of the Government of India who have been consistently approving of them, should sit in judgment with the Commission. The All-India Congress Committee were right in urging that the Commission should consist of persons wholly unconnected with Indian administration. The cant about the wisdom of the expert has no place whatsoever in a judicial inquiry and we may trust to it that impartial men will be competent enough to judge from the evidence given without the extraneous aid of officers inflamed with local prejudices and intent on exculpating some of the offenders whose actions are under inquiry. The "Englishman" anticipates that it will be an inquiry on the Rowlatt pattern. We strongly protest against the notion, if it exists, that the inquiry should be another expensive farce. The Indian press is in the outer court as far as these suggestions, inspired or other, are concerned, but it is only right that we should protest in alarm at the prognostications of Anglo-Indian journals and say that we do not want a hole-and-corner proceeding which the people may have cause to distrust as a white-washing process. The injury for which the Martial Law Commission have been responsible is enormous as it is, and we do not want the matter to end with the insult of a farcical inquiry. We notice that at "home" and in India, prodigous efforts are being made to create an "atmosphere" favourable to the Commissions.

The All-India Congress Committee have further demanded that the Commission should hold an open and public inquiry. Already wanton and unsupported theories have been set afloat that the crimes for which the Punjab leaders have been convicted have had an organic connection with alien Bolsheviks, and we would remark that even Martial Law Commissions eager to clutch at rumours and phantoms in justification of their sentences, have not insinuated any of the things that have been openly proclaimed for the vilification of leaders and in advance of the contention that the trouble in the Punjab was mainly of the making of the local Government and could have been averted by the observance of saner and more humane principles of administration. However that may be, those who make such allegations before the Commission of Enquiry must not be left to have their stunt by secretly gaining the ear of the Commission. They must be prepared to advance their opinions in the open. If we are going to have a repetition of the procedure of the Rowlatt Committee, we shall be running the risk of having another document whose contentions might be contradicted in the open and, in some cases at least, proved to be wholly fictitious. The public are anxious that the inquiry should follow a frank and *bona fide* procedure, fearless of the conclusions possible in the end regarding the errors of administration. They do not want an epilogue scene for the Punjab tragedy and would resent being told, on dubious authority and as the result of false methods, that all was just and well in the Providence of God! In extenuation of the delay we are sometimes told that Mr. Montagu is so busy about reforms that he must not be expected to do everything at the same time. The idea is that reform is already straining the attention and goodwill of the Secretary of State and Parliament, and that if we add to their responsibilities we shall reach the limits of elasticity. We have time and again urged that the question of reform must not be made something that must have precedence of the anguish of the Punjab. Also, if there is a case for interference from Britain, it is fatuous to say that the attention due to India is already overtaxed and, therefore, matters should be left to take their own course. It is a spurious defence of apathy, but we feel fortunate in the certainty that the responsibility of the trusteeship of India is strong enough on the part of the British people and the British ministers to stand another response to India's call. Nevertheless, as the All-India Congress Committee point out, the delay in the inquiry is dangerous to the cause of truth, inasmuch as material evidence is, naturally enough, disappearing. This is a very important point and shows that inordinate delay might destroy the prospect of a useful and impartial inquiry. We look forward to an open inquiry by a commission trustworthy in its personnel and free from all reproach of political bias. Nothing short of such an immediate investigation will be able to rescue the Punjab from the quagmire of injustices in which she has been sunk by the unfortunate acts of the Martial Law Commission.

Notes of the Day.

Mines Under Flood.

That the situation in the Yorkshire coalfields is exceedingly grave, is borne out by the Premier's statement in the Commons. Apart from the fact that 200.000 miners have struck, is the threatened destruction of the mines themselves, as the pump-men and engine-men have thrown in their lot with the miners. The net result of this has been the entire stoppage of pumping at eighty-five mines, three of which have been already flooded, and twelve others are in imminent peril. In the whole Yorkshire coal-field, which is the second largest field in the United Kingdom, only 58 mines are at present working. The others are threatened with total destruction and, as many industries are dependent on these mines, sailors have been hurried by the Government to help in the pumping, the arrangements of which have been entrusted to Sir Eric Geddes. A special Commissioner has also been sent to speed up the work. A message has been sent to the Miners' Federation by the Minister of Labour asking what action they were prepared to take. Meanwhile, the Government naturally apprehend that the flooding of mines will lead to their total destruction, and there is a great sensation throughout the country.

Nationalisation.

The situation is both unprecedented and unwarranted as it is chiefly due to the mishandling of the workers by the Government. Mr. Justice Sankey's Commission approved of nationalisation. Though the Commission was divided in counsel, all parties agreed regarding ownership, that is, it must be vested in the State. Mr. Smillie, Mr. Hodges and Mr. Herbert Smith, together with their three associates—Sir Chiozza Money, Mr. R. H. Towney and Mr. Sidney Webb, also recommended nationalisation. The businessmen's representatives were against nationalisation, but in favour of State ownership. One of their recommendations was that "the price of coal to the consumer must be increased and the consequences of this increase upon other industries and on the community in general must be faced." This seems to be exactly what the Government have done. On the other hand, the failure of Government in carrying out the Sankey proposals, has set the whole mining community against them: This was the source of the disaffection. It will be remembered that a memorial was recently sent by three hundred members of the Commons against the nationalisation of mines. Though the cause of the present trouble is obscure, it is not difficult to see that by pandering to the owners the Government have so exasperated the miners that they would apparently prefer the total destruction of mines and, incidentally, their own means of livelihood, rather than work for the benefit of the capitalists.

The "Pratap" Case.

It is significant to note that the sentence of 18 months passed on Mr. Radha Kishen, Editor of the "Pratap", has been reduced by the Lieut.-Governor to two months. This mitigation clarly shows that even some high officials do not regard the conviction as just. As we have shown on a previous occasion, the charge-sheet bears this out fully. The poor case made out by the prosecution was in itself sufficient to acquit Mr. Radha Kishen before any other tribunal, but that held under Martial Law. No one in this country is enamoured of Martial Law and the wrong done to Mr. Radha Kishen, though ameliorated,—and Sir Edward Maclagan deserves the gratitude of the country for the reduction in the sentence,—is yet unredressed and the "miscarriage of justice" will remain so long as the conviction itself is not lawfully quashed.

Memorial to Indian Soldiers.

Mr. R. G. Pradhan writes:—

I have read with the great interest his Excellency the Governor's speech at the Peace meeting held in Bombay on Saturday last. I feel sure, the people of this province will feel grateful to his Excellency for his proposal that a memorial should be raised in commemoration of the glorious deeds of the Maratha troops. The proposal is so good that it is bound to commend itself to the acceptance of all. I, however, beg respectfully to submit that this proposed memorial is not enough. A fitting memorial ought also to be raised in honour of those brave Indian soldiers who laid down their lives on the battlefields of France. The noble services rendered by Indian soldiers soon after the commencement of the war cannot be over-estimated; it was they that stemmed the tide of the German invasion in the first phase of the war and have thus ultimately contributed to the triumph of the arms of the Allies. The fact is now a matter of history and it is so often mentioned that it is needless to dwell upon it. The point is: if so invaluable have been the services of Indian troops, ought they not to be commemorated by a fitting memorial? While the war was going on and Peace was not concluded, it would perhaps have been premature to talk of raising such a memorial. But now that the Governments and peoples of the Allied countries are rejoicing at the happy and glorious termination of the war, it would be height of ingratitude if we did not remember those noble and brave sons of India, who at the call of duty laid down their lives at Mons and on other historic battlefields of France, and saved the ideals of freedom and liberty from utter destruction.

The Form.

Mr. Pradhan proceeds:—

"It is now high time that the splendid value of their heroic self-sacrifice should be emphasised, and a movement set on foot for raising a suitable memorial in their honour on the very site or sites which have been consecrated by their precious blood. It seems to me that the Government and the people of all the great Allied countries and in particular of Great Britain, France and Italy, ought to interest themselves in the movement and that the Secretary of State for India ought to take initiative in the matter. In a matter like this the true spokesman of India is the Secretary of State, and I hope he will heartily approve of the idea and do all that he can to carry it out. I would suggest that an influential committee should be formed in London with the Secretary of State as Chairman, and that it should take all necessary steps for raising the memorial. As regards the form of the memorial it would, of course, be premature to say anything just at present. *But I feel strongly that the erection of a column on the very site on which the Indian soldiers gave their lives, ought to form at least a part of the memorial.* The speeches his Excellency Sir George Lloyd has made since his assumption of office as Governor of Bombay, show that his Excellency's sympathies with the Indian people are genuine and deep. I feel confident that the suggestion I have thrown out will receive his Excellency's sympathetic consideration, and that he too will do all he can to press it upon the attention of his Excellency the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India. May I also appeal to his Excellency Lord Willingdon to interest himself in this, to my mind, very important matter."

Mr. Pradhan is leaving for England to-day as a member of the National Home Rule League Deputation, and it is his intention on reaching London to place this idea of a memorial to Indian soldiers before Mr. Montagu and Lord Sinha. We need hardly add that the suggestion made by Mr. Pradhan deserves consideration and support at the hands of the public as well as Government.

The Poona Seva Sadan.

The rapidity with which the Seva Sadan of Poona has been able to extend its usefulness and popularity among classes to whose needs it was chiefly meant to minister, is a matter of deep gratification to all who have been watching with interest and hope the growth of the spirit of social service on this side of India. In the Poona Home over 550 women and girls, mostly of the poor class, are being trained to earn an independent livelihood, in addition to being taught the elements of knowledge. One of the very useful departments of the Home is the Nursing class, and Mr. Devadhar has told us of the influential support he received while in England in aid of this branch of the activities of the Home. The need of trained Indian nursing sisters is growing every day and there is a great field before the Seva Sadan if it develops its activities in this direction.

Sir George Lloyd's Sympathy.

The public will be very thankful to his Excellency the Governor for the generous terms in which he recognised the good work that the Seva Sadan has been able to do, and for the assurance given by him that Government will help the institution as much as may be possible in extending its usefulness. As Mr. Devadhar has pointed out, such patriotic work as the Seva Sadan has undertaken, is the joint responsibility of Government and the people, and this is more so in a country like India where everywhere the people have to look for the initiative to come from Government who are guardians of the public purse. His Excellency's sympathetic attitude will, no doubt, stimulate philanthropic individuals, in whom Western India is not lacking, to come forward to support the Seva Sadan in even a greater measure than hitherto.

Official and Personal.

Mr. Justice Leslie Jones, Judge, High Court, Punjab, has been granted 6 months' furlough in continuation of High Court vacation in 1919. Mr. S. Wilberforce on return from leave will officiate.

Mr. N. B. Saklatwala of Messrs. Tata Sons and Company has consented to act as adviser to the Indian Munitions Board for the disposal of textile materials surplus to war requirements. The necessary arrangements are under discussion with Mr. Saklatwala and will shortly be announced.

PUNJAB LEADERS AND MARTIAL LAW.

DR. MOHAMED BASHIR, L.M.S.

Born: 14th April 1892.
Qualifications: L. M. & S., Private Practitioner.
Arrested: 19th April, under section 121 A, etc.
Arraigned: 3rd June. Case closed 27th June.
Sentence: To be hanged with forfeiture of property; since commuted to transportation for life.
(Is married and has two sons. Has always identified himself with anything that conduced to the welfare of his people. He has been a great asset in the political life of his native town of Amritsar).

PANDIT RAMBHUJ DUTT CHOWDHURY.

Born: 1869.
Enrolled as a pleader: 1896.
Deported to Dera Ghazi Khan: 14th April 1919.
Arrested at Dera Ghazi Khan: Under 124 A, I. P. C., etc. 6th May 1919.
Arraigned: Before the M. L. Commission, under Sections 120 b, 121, 121 A, 124 A, and 47, etc., 14th May 1919.
Trial began: 17th of May and closed on the 14th of June.
Judgment: Transportation for life with forfeiture of property.
(As a social reformer he was specially interested in the elevation of the depressed classes. A staunch congressman, member of the All-India Congress Committee. One of the founders of the Gurukal (Kangri district), presided over the 1900 Sessions of the Arya Pratinidhi Sabha. President of the All-India Shudi Sabha).

LALA GOVERDHANDAS.

Well-known as a leader in the Punjab.
Arrested in Madras under Martial Law warrant.
Trial transferred from Martial Law Commission to special tribunal.
Convicted for two offences and sentenced to 3 years on each count, the sentences to run concurrently.

DR. SAIFUDDIN KITCHLEW.

Old Boy. M. A. O. College, Aligarh, Graduated at Cambridge, Bar.-at-Law. Called in 1911. Ph.D., Gottingen, Germany.
Was the leading spirit of the Reception Committee of the forthcoming Congress.

LALA HARKISHAN LAL, BAR.-AT-LAW.

Born: April 15th, 1866.
Called to the Bar: January 1892.
Deported to Isakhel from Lahore: 9-35 a.m., 14th April 1919.
Reached Isakhel: 19th April 1919.
Arrested at Isakhel: 6th May, under 124 A, I. P. C.
Arraigned before the Commission: 14th May 1919.
Trial started: 17th May 1919; closed: 24th June 1919.
Judgment: Transportation for life with forfeiture of property.

(In the early days he took a leading part in the political life of his country, but for some years had retired from active political life and interested himself in the commercial regeneration of his country. Started several Swadeshi banks and other commercial concerns. Some of these came to grief owing to the internal feuds of the shareholders. Since the clash of some of the concerns, he was interested in, he had been leading a retired life. President, Indian Association of Lahore. Member of the All-India Congress Committee).

DR. GURBAKSH RAI.

Aged: 26.
Educational qualifications: Homeopathic Practitioner.
Arrested: 16th April, under section 121, etc.
Sentence: Transportation for life.

DR. SATYAPAL.

Born: 11th May 1885.
Educational qualifications: B. A. (1902), M. B. (1908), Gold Medalist.
Went as Lieut. I. M. S., to Aden and stayed from September 1915 to October 1916.
Deported to Dharamsala: 10th April.
Arrested at Dharamsala: 6th May.
Case commenced: 3rd June.
Closed: 27th June.
Sentenced to be transported for life.
(He was a Private Practitioner in Amritsar. Always identified himself with the political life of Punjab and Amritsar in particular. Has an old father, wife and several children.

MR. DUNICHAND, BAR.-AT-LAW.

Born: 1869.
Called to the Bar: 1896.
Deported to Campbellpur from Lahore: 6th May 1919
Arrested at Campbellpur: 6th May 1919, under 124 A, I. P. C.
Arraigned before the Commission: 14th May 1919.
Trial commenced: 17th May and closed 24th June 1919.
Judgment: Transportation for life with forfeiture of property.
(Presided over the Amritsar Sessions of the Punjab Provincial Conference in 1918. President of the Arorbans Biradari. Secretary of the Indian Association (Lahore). Member of the All-India Congress Committee and a Municipal Commissioner of Lahore for the last 10 years, always returned unopposed).

SARDAR M. HABEEBULLA, BAR.-AT-LAW.

Born: 1890.
Called to the Bar: 1913.
Arrested: 5th May 1919, under Section 124 A, I. P. C., etc.
Judgment: Released.
(Since his return from England he has always taken interest in the political life of his country and community. In his early days he associated himself with the Hon. Mr. Shafi in his political life, but later he severed himself and joined the progressive party amongst Musalmans. He is one of the office-bearers of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League).

JOINT COMMITTEE.

SIR J. MESTON'S EVIDENCE.

DEFENCE OF DUALISM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 21.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., July 25.

The Joint Committee again met to-day. Mrs. Besant and many Indians were present. Sir James Meston gave further evidence and was closely questioned by members of the Committee particularly by Lords Islington and Sinha with regard to the proposals in the Bill and the results which the Government of India anticipated from them."

Sir James Meston defended the proposed dualism and especially the separate purse, by which the administration of public funds is divided between the nominated and elected sections of the new provincial legislatures. He said that the knowledge that only a limited proportion of the revenues could be drawn upon by each section, would probably deter wild, unreasonable proposals on which the Governor's veto would certainly be necessary at any rate temporarily. The Government of India desired gradual increase in the number of Indians capable of accepting responsibility in administrative government and making prompt decisions instead of continually sheltering behind the position of collective responsibility. The Government of India were very anxious that the new system should have a fair chance. They wanted to proceed cautiously and preferred to start on the assumption that there were bound to be differences of opinion and possibly friction between the two sections of the new provincial legislatures, but they were hopeful that there would eventually be a joint purse for the two halves of the Government.

Replying to Mr. Montagu, Sir James Meston said that great criticisms of the Reform Scheme had been considerably modified. He thought that the original criticisms largely destroyed each other and they had gradually concentrated on the constitution of the Government of India. He agreed that criticisms on that point had not been met by concessions and that criticisms in regard to dualism and suggestions for modifications with regard to it were not met. The Bill, if anything, tended to more dualism.

The Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

NO VOTE.

Replying to Lord Islington Sir James Meston said that the proposal of the Government of India did not contemplate that there should not be full discussion between two the halves of the Government. The Government would certainly call the two halves together and discuss gravely important matters, but there would be no vote and no decision by majority. He objected to the vote because it would evade the underlying principles of the pronouncement of August 20th.

Replying to various points raised by Mr. Montagu concerning the Government of India itself, Sir James Meston said that the Government of India must remain wholly responsible to Parliament, but apart from such responsibility its authority in essential matters was indispensable pending the changes to be introduced.

Sir James Meston agreed that the modifications suggested by the Government of India were due to their own consideration, rather than a consideration of matters put upon them from outside.

MARCONI CO. SUES POST-MASTER GENERAL.

£ 7,000,000 CLAIMED FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 25.

Mr. Justice Lawrence reserved judgment on the Marconi Company's claim, heard before the King's Bench, for seven millions sterling against the Postmaster-General for alleged breach of contract under which the Company were to construct a chain of six long-distance wireless stations within the Empire.

DR. NAIR'S REMAINS CREMATED.

MANY INDIANS PRESENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

The remains of Dr. Nair were to-day cremated at Goldens' Green. A number of Indians were present including Messrs. K. Y. Reddi, A. R. Mudaliar, Dewan Bahadur P. Ramarayanngar, the Hon. Mr. K. M. Nair, also representatives of the Indo-British Association and the "Madras Mail."

FUTURE OF INDIAN WOMEN.

EXTENSION OF FRANCHISE URGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

At a meeting of the East India Association, Mrs. N. C. Sen read a paper on the future of Indian women.

Mrs. Besant said they hoped the Joint Committee would extend the franchise to Indian women or Parliament would amend the Draft Bill.

Lord Sinha said it was their duty to recognise that the custom of keeping women secluded was responsible for the intellectual and physical deterioration of the race. If they were to progress as they desired Indians must change their ideas with regard to women altogether.

STRIKE OF YORKSHIRE MINERS.

DISPUTE IN APPLICATION OF SANKEY AWARDS.

VERY GRAVE SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 25.

The cause of sudden strike in the Yorkshire mines has up to the present been obscure. It is authoritatively declared to-day that a dispute has arisen from the practical application of the award in the Sankey interim report and the effect upon the piece-rates. The men claim to be entitled to higher wages than those offered. The Government recognised that the compromise was justified in certain areas owing to the current conditions.

Mr. Robert Smillie at the Miners' Federation, last week, urged the men to work pending negotiations. It is asserted that the Federation deprecates the present strike. On the contrary, the miners allege that the strike is partly due to the increased price of coal, which operated on July 21st and which has also brought out sixty-one thousand protesting miners in Derbyshire, Notts and Burnley.

The gravity of the situation in Yorkshire is greater because this is the first time in big mining, dispute that pumping has been withdrawn. The Government's action in despatching five thousand naval strokers for pumping is generally approved.

SERIOUS EFFECT IN MIDLANDS.

15,000 STEELWORKERS IDLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

The Yorkshire strike is already having a serious effect in the Midlands. Three big Leeds firms closed yesterday.

A similar situation prevails in Sheffield. It is estimated that fifteen thousand steelworkers are idle.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

REASONS OF STRIKE NOT DEFINITELY KNOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

In the House of Commons replying to Sir Donald Maclean, Mr. Bonar Law said that the coal situation in Yorkshire was practically unchanged. Pumping had stopped in a few more mines but had been resumed in a few. The strike had slightly spread elsewhere. Seven thousand and five hundred were out in Lancashire and twenty thousand in Monmouthshire.

The real issue on which the strike occurred was most difficult to say. The reasons assigned in various mines were the increased price of coal excessive food prices, our presence in Russia and anti-conscription protest. He did not believe that any particular person was behind the unrest.

NORTH-EASTERN RAILWAY STRIKE.

MEN ACCEPT SETTLEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 21.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 25.

The railwaymen of Newcastle and Durham have accepted the settlement.

HUGE STRIKES EXPECTED IN GERMANY.

THREATENED GENERAL STRIKE IN VIENNA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 25.

BERLIN.—Strikes are expected on the 21st in Berlin, Halle, Kiel, Nuremburg and in the upper-Silesian mines. A general strike is also expected in Vienna, including the theatres and cafes.

PRINCE MAX REPORTED FLED.

STRIKE DEMONSTRATIONS IN BERLIN

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

BERLIN, July 21.—Prince Max of Baden is reported to have fled to Switzerland.

Thousands of strike demonstrators to-day assembled in different parts of Berlin, but were overawed by the troops with machine-guns and dispersed. Strike-breakers at Spandau attacked and scattered the strike patrols.

CABLE ITEMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

Unrestricted letterpost with whole of Germany has been resumed.

The House of Commons on the 22nd ratified the Anglo-French Convention unanimously

President Poincaré and Marshal Foch arrived in Brussels on the 22nd and received a tremendous reception.

The Inter-Allied Economic Council meet in London on Thursday to discuss the supplies for Europe during the coming harvest year.

disturbances.

AHMEDABAD RIOTS CASE.

JANARDAN SHARMA GETS 18 MONTHS.

NADIAD DERAILMENT CASE PROCEEDING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE).

AHMEDABAD, July 24.

The second special tribunal reassembling this morning delivered judgment in the case of Ratilal Bhicabhai alias Janardan Sharma who stood charged under the Defence of India Act of 1915 Rule 25A, for having in his possession a seditious leaflet which he was about to publish. The accused was found guilty unanimously by the Commissioners and was consequently sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment.

NADIAD DERAILMENTS CASE.

The next case the tribunal took up for consideration was the Nadiad Derailment Case in which 14 persons stood charged with the offence of derailing a special troop-train starting from Colaba, Bombay, for Ahmedabad on the night of the 12th April 1919 where troops were ordered to be sent to quell riots and disturbances. The following are the names of the accused:—(1) Jeevabhai Revandas, (2) Shankerbhai Revandas, (3) Ishwarbhai Khushalbhai, (4) Maganbhai alias Harnambhai, (5) Chhotalal Purshottam, (6) Rupshankar Mohansing (7) Maganbhai Lallubhai Sutaria, (8) Motibhai Naranbhai, (9) Kalidas Behcharbhai, (10) Waghjibhai Natha, (11) Bhalabhai Pujabhai, (12) Chaturbhai Mathurbhai, (13) Laxmidas Behchar, (14) Magan Amtha alias Raja.

The prosecution counsel Mr. Coyaji opened the case by referring to the derailment about a mile and a half due south to the Nadiad station. He urged the consideration of three material points:—

(1) Whether a special train was ordered to run from Colaba to Ahmedabad and whether the same train was derailed at Nadiad.

(2) What was the object of the derailment?

(3) Whether all or any of the accused persons took part in the derailment.

Then counsel outlined the whole history of these disturbances and traced their origin from the establishment of Home Rule League branches in the Nadiad District and elsewhere down to the riots of April last and, referred to the Kaira passive resistance campaign and Ahmedabad millhands' strike in both of which Mr. Gandhi took a leading part. In 1919, counsel argued, the Rowlatt legislation became the chief cause of grievance, as the people thought that their liberties were in danger by such legislation. The 6th of April 1919, was observed as a day of fasting and mourning. On the 10th rumours of Mr. Gandhi's arrest reached Ahmedabad and the 10th and 11th April were the days of rioting murder, arson etc. The 10th and 11th were the dates on which much passenger traffic took place between Ahmedabad and Nadiad. Between the 10th and 13th, a hartal (suspension of all work) was observed at Nadiad owing to Mr. Gandhi's arrest. On the 10th and 11th lectures were delivered and poems about the Rowlatt legislation were recited. On the 10th a dairy managed by a European company was attacked but the attackers failed in their purpose. On the 11th a Moulvie named Shaikh Imam came from Ahmedabad to deliver a lecture at Nadiad. Outside the Ahmedabad gate the Shaikh delivered his speech at 8-30 p.m.

DERAILMENT OF TRAIN.

On the same day the Ahmedabad authorities wired to Bombay to send troops, by a special train. This train was bound for Ahmedabad. It would reach Nadiad at about 12 or 12-30 p.m. The train left Utarsanda, the previous station and was derailed near Nadiad. On examination, it was found that one rail had been removed, and the hooks and couplings broken. This was on the morning of the 12th April at about 2-30. Then proceeded the usual inquiry. The railway authorities having failed to trace the crime, they handed the investigation to the police. Detection was difficult because the avowed object of the derailment was to save Ahmedabad people from being placed under military rule and because there were some leading men of influence implicated in the crime. One Kalidas Kashi came forward to make a confession on a promise of secrecy and assurance of pardon for himself. His confession was recorded by the District Magistrate. This man gave out the names of some leading persons. On the 9th May orders were given to the Nadiad police to take up the case for investigation. On the 11th May one Motilal Harilal came forward to make a confession on a promise of being pardoned. His confession was recorded by the District Magistrate who released him on bail so that no suspicion would arise about his confession. On the same day another man Chhotalal Rajeshwar on being assured of pardon gave fuller details of how the derailment took place, who took part and how they took part.

CLASSIFICATION OF ACCUSED.

Then the prosecution counsel divided the offenders roughly in 3 groups for grasping the situation very clearly.

The first group consisted of accused Nos. 11 and 3 and witness Purshottam Amin. Accused No. 11 went to the station to inquire about the time when the special train was expected to arrive at Nadiad and asked signaller Chandulal as to the arrival time of the special train. Chandulal consulted the Deputy Station Master Mr. Jeyshanker who said the train would arrive at Nadiad at 12-30. Thence the two accused went to a well where they met the other accused, Nos. 7 and 4. Purshottam Amin, a witness in this case, here parted company from accused Nos. 11 and 3 saying, "Be careful what you do." Thence they proceeded to Dumral gate where they saw the men of the second group which consisted of accused No. 14 and accused No. 13. They were preceded by accused No 2, Jeevabhai Revandas, accused No. 1 and accused No. 12 in this case. The third group consisting of accused Nos. 9, 10 and 8 all left the place where they met to do what they decided to. The other witnesses not mentioned in the charge list are Tribhowan Jalam, Kalidas Waghji and Gourishankar who would depose about the whereabouts of Chhotalal Gamadia, accused No. 5 and Laxmidas, accused No. 13.

APPROVER EXAMINED.

The approver Chhotalal Rajeshwar was first taken up for examination. He said he was a Hindu Brahmin and lived in Nadiad ever since he was born. He was a municipal servant on Rs. 12 per month. He said he knew of the derailment which took place at Nadiad. He denied that Shanker Bhola and he were school-friends. He knew Shanker for a year and half as he happened to know him while doing the municipal work of taking rounds in the city. He admitted to have confessed before the District Magistrate in connection with the derailment. He admitted to have said that the Moulvie delivered a lecture in Nadiad on the night of the derailment. Three or four thousand persons should have gathered together outside the Ahmedabadi gate where he also had been to hear the Moulvie. At that meeting accused Nos. 5, 4, 11, 14, 7, 1, 12 and 9 and many others were talking of the derailment.

ALLEGED PLAN OF DERAILMENT.

They said a special train was going to Ahmedabad and if they could derail it anyhow many people of Ahmedabad would be saved from injury. They, therefore, decided to derail and for that purpose to assemble outside the Santrain gate. The approver in company of accused Nos. 14, 11 and 3 went to Bhavsarwad whence they proceeded to Dahi Laxmi Library. Some of the party proceeded onward to the station. Accused No. 14 promised to provide him with a spanner so as to enable him to remove the bolts from the rail. Here the approver identified accused Nos. 11, 10, 9, 7, 5, 3, 13, 2. Accused No. 13 had a stick in his hand. Approver and accused Nos. 5, 4, 2 went on to the rail with a view to remove it. When they were removing the wooden keys, they saw a train coming from the Ahmedabad side. They went away from the place. After the train had gone they again began to remove the bolts. Chhotalal Gamadia and he went to fetch oil as some bolts were hard to remove. They went to a municipal lamp just near Kumahanath Mahadeo but no oil was available. Thence they went to one engine driver; Pranshanker, to take some oil from him. He was waked up from his sleep and asked to provide them with oil. He said, "Take it from the cask there." Having taken kerosine from him, they took two spanners and one hammer from Abha Pathan. They then returned to the rails with the implements where they saw that all the bolts except one were already removed by the party there. Approver removed the last bolt and they all lifted the rail and threw it into a ditch near by. Then all of them returned to the well, where approver found shelter for the night in a hut. He could not go home as he was drunk. Abha Paka was identified as the man who gave them the implements.

The case is proceeding.

PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT TO SIR SANKARAN NAIR.

GUEST OF MADRAS BAR ASSOCIATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 24.

Sir Sankaran Nair was entertained by the public of Madras last evening at Kushal Roy's gardens. Among those who attended the function were the Chief Justice, Sir Abdur Rahim and the Indian judges of the High Court. Later at 8 p.m. Sir Sankaran Nair was entertained at a dinner at the Cosmopolitan Club by the Madras Bar Association.

April last.

DINNER TO SIR SANKARAN NAIR.

The Bombay Presidency Association will entertain Sir C. Sankaran Nair, Kt., C.I.E., at a dinner party on Thursday the 31st instant, at the Taj Mahal Hotel in honour of his departure to England.

PROPOSED RECEPTION TO SIR SANKARAN NAIR.

On behalf of "The Western India National Liberal Association" it is proposed to offer a cordial welcome to Sir Sankaran Nair and bid him a hearty good bye on the eve of his departure to England next week.

Members are requested to be present at the Taj Mahal Hotel, to-morrow at 5 p.m. (S. T.).

SIR SANKARAN NAIR LEAVES FOR BOMBAY.

MADRAS, July 25.

Sir Sankaran Nair left Madras yesterday evening for Bombay en route to England.

SOCIETY FOR PROTECTION OF CHILDREN.

The annual general meeting of the Society for the Protection of Children was held on Friday evening, in the Corporation Hall, Sir Norman Macleod presiding.

A fuller report of the proceedings will appear in our issue of Sunday.

MR. TILAK'S BIRTHDAY.

Mr. Tilak's birthday was very enthusiastically celebrated at Amraoti and at the National School, Cawnpore, the Headmaster of the School presiding.

RACIAL RIOT IN WASHINGTON.

NEGROES ATTACK WHITE WOMEN.

REVOLVER BATTLE IN STREETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

WASHINGTON.—Negro attacks on whit women resulted in a serious racial riot last night in which four were killed, including two detectives who were shot by Negresses. Many are in hospital. The cavalry, marines and sailors assisted the police to check the disturbances.

The racial rioting spread to the outlying districts. The Negroes sped through the white residential district, firing indiscriminately and wounding several. All night a revolver battle proceeded in the streets. Many arrests were effected.

PEACE TREATY.

CONTROVERSY IN U. S. SENATE GETTING BITTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 22.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., July 26.

WASHINGTON.—The controversy in the Senate between the Democrats and Republicans on the Peace Treaty, especially with regard to Shantung, is increasingly bitter.

FINANCIAL SITUATION OF FRANCE.

STATEMENT IN CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, July 24.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 25.

In the Chamber of Deputies the Minister of Finance pointed out that the great increase in taxation was serving as a guarantee for future loans. It was intended to issue a railway loan for 750 millions francs in August or September. Financial negotiations were progressing favourably between France and the Allies, as the Allies during the war would not cease to be the Allies in future. The French press urges financial intervention from America, pointing out that Europe is exhausted, but that America possesses the greatest stock of gold, intact industries, and having cotton, wheat, leather, oil, sugar and copper. The essential thing for the reconstitution of Europe is time, loans, and long-term credit.

CONSERVATIVE CABINET FORMED IN SPAIN.

SANCHEZ TOCA AS PREMIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 21.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 26.

MADRID.—The conservative, Sanchez Toca, has formed a cabinet.

ALLIED BATTLION FOR SCHLESWIG.

GERMANY REQUESTED TO ARRANGE TRANSPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, July 21.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., July 25.

PARIS.—The "Temps" says that Marshal Foch has requested Germany to arrange the transport of an Allied battalion from Cologne to Flensburg to supervise the plebiscite in Schleswig.

TRIBUTE TO CARDINAL MERCIER.

DECORATED WITH FRENCH WAR CROSS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, July 24.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., July 25.

The Havas Agency states:—King Albert, President Poincaré and Marshal Foch, to-day, paid a visit to Ghent. Replying to the address of the Municipal Council, President Poincaré mentioned the dignified attitude of the people of Ghent during the German occupation, proving themselves worthy of the sons of old gallant burghers who never failed to resist oppression.

President Poincaré and Marshal Foch then visited Malines and were received at the Cathedral by Cardinal Mercier who, greeting France, represented by President Poincaré, said that there was no better expression of Belgian sentiments towards France than "We love France." President Poincaré compared Cardinal Mercier with the old Bishops of by-gone times, who stopped the Barbarians being the protection of the cities.

Enthusiasm reached the climax when President Poincaré decorated Cardinal Mercier with the French War Cross.

The Bangalore station police have concluded enquiries into the recent disturbances and as a result of a identification parade held by Mr. G. A. Roberts, Inspector in charge of the division it is understood that eight men of the Sappers including a Jemadar, a Havildar, two lance naiks, a bugler and three sappers will be charged in that connection.

PEACE WITH AFGHAN.

ARRIVAL OF DELEGATES.

PRELIMINARY ARRANGEMENTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 24.

The Afghan peace delegates arrived in the British lines at 11 a.m. this morning.

SIR H. GRANT'S PUBLIC ENTRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 24.

The Associated Press special correspondent wires from Rawalpindi on the 24th:—Sir Hamilton Grant arrives this afternoon and as representing the Viceroy will make a public entry. The principal civil and military officers will be present at the railway station to meet him. There will be a guard of honour and a salute will be fired. The Afghan delegates are expected at 7-30 to-morrow morning. They will not make a public entry and will be escorted quietly to their place of residence. Negotiations will be formally opened on Friday at the residence of Sir Arthur Barrett where the drawing room has been converted into a durbar hall. Sir Hamilton Grant may open the proceedings with some remarks which will be available for publication and similarly one of the Afghan delegates may reply. But it is understood that thereafter the proceedings will be strictly private.

RAWALPINDI, July 24.

Sir Hamilton Grant makes a State entry to-day.

TRIBAL ACTIVITY REPORTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 24.

A press communiqué says:—Activity of hostile tribesmen as reported from Dakka. On the morning of the 23rd a reconnaissance disclosed a hill, two miles west of the camp, held in strength. The enemy was turned off after considerable fighting and is believed to have lost severely as our guns and Lewis guns were afforded good targets.

At eleven on the same morning some tribesmen attempted to approach our picket at Paindi Khak about five miles south of Dakka but withdrew after suffering some losses.

The tribal lashkar assembled in the vicinity of Basawal is estimated to total about six thousand, composed of Mohmands Khugianis, Shinwaris, and Ut Khel from the Afghan territory.

The reports from Chitral state that Wakil Khan, the Afghan Commander, is himself at Birkot and has received orders from Afghanistan to abstain from offensive action against Chitral. He is suspected, however, of organising attacks by tribal levies.

The presence of the raiding parties is reported near Lowari Pass. The Afghan troops in the neighbourhood of Paiwar are said to have received reinforcements, but this is not yet confirmed. There are similar rumours that reinforcements are expected in Host.

In Zhob an attack was made on the Hindubagh on the 22nd and telegraph wires were cut. An aeroplane arrived at four p.m. and saw only a few tribesmen who dispersed after being bombed. No further attack was made during the night but the latest news is that fighting was renewed on the evening of 23rd and that the railway station had been burnt.

BANDS OF TRIBESMEN OUT IN ZHOB

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 23.

A press communique dated 23rd states:—With the object of rounding up the raiders a drive was carried out on the Kajuri plain on the 22nd by two small columns operating from Kacha Garhi and Bara. Contact with the gangs of raiders was established and they came under machine-gun and artillery fire, but the raiders eventually eluded the pursuit in foot-hills. Positive operations were carried out between the 16th and the 20th July against Kabul, Khel, Wazir villages from Shewa to Biland Khel and opposite Shewa on the left bank of the Kurram river. The column has now returned to Thal after destroying all important towers in these villages. Kurram reports that the enemy camp has disappeared from Lakka Tigga but the Sangars there are still held. Bands of tribesmen are still reported to be out in Zhob.

AFGHANISTAN AND PEACE.

SIR H. GRANT'S STATE ARRIVAL AT RAWALPINDI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RAWALPINDI, July 25.

Sir Hamilton Grant made a state arrival here yesterday. The Afghan delegates also arrived from Dakka quite quietly this morning. About 65 were in the party. The principal officials were dressed in grey Germanlike uniforms with Astrakan caps. They proceeded to their residences in motors escorted by British political officers. The delegates expressed their pleasure of the comfortable journey, food arrangements, etc. They were impressed with the size of the British camps, guns, transport enroute. The whole party have been pleased at the look of the people on holiday jaunts. The conference opens formally on Saturday morning.

WIDOW REMARRIAGE ACT ANNIVERSARY.

The anniversary of the Hindu Widow Remarriage Act was celebrated yesterday at the Prarthana Mandir under the chairmanship of Sir Narayan Chandravarkar. A full report of the proceedings will appear in our issue of Sunday.

MARTIAL LAW IN THE PUNJAB.

MR. NORTON'S EXTERNMENT.

Mr. Eardley Norton writes in the "Looker On":—

The appended memorial will speak for itself. I asked for bread and verily I have received a rock! The official reply, it will be noted, makes no pretence of meeting the points raised. During the interval of nearly three weeks between my memorial and the answer, some of the men, including the Editor of the "Tribune," for whom I had been retained, had been convicted and sentenced, of others the trials had been concluded and the judgments reserved. For these latter unfortunates I declined to appear though they telegraphed for my aid. And, I based my refusal partly on the ground that I had not been permitted to control the previous proceedings, and partly because there was no cancellation of the offensive declaration that I was an "undesirable." I believe my friend Hussan Imam from Patna argued their case. I hope shortly to hear from him what his views are in the matter.

The day after I had sent my memorial in, I received a communication from, I think, the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy informing me in answer to the concluding paragraph of my prayer that the order, forbidding me to appear at Lahore was not based upon anything personal to myself. That Lord Chelmsford so believes, I, of course, accept. But I should like to know the history of the prohibition before I can unmoor myself from suspicions unconnected with the Viceroy's personal action in the matter.

Next week I hope to be able to express my views more fully on the situation:—

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Frederick John Napier Thesiger, Baron Chelmsford, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., G.B.E., Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council.

The Memorial of Eardley Norton,
residing at 2-1, Harington Street.
Calcutta.

Sheweth,

1. I am an English Barrister of Lincoln's Inn called in 1876 and a member of the Oxford Circuit. I was admitted to the High Court of Madras in 1879 and to the High Court of Calcutta in 1889. For forty years I have practised continuously in India, for 27 years in the Presidency of Madras, for 13 years in the Presidency of Bengal. I am, therefore, at least by seniority, among the leaders of the Bar in India.

2. Early this month I was retained to defend the Editor of the "Tribune" before a summary Court Martial at Lahore. The trial was fixed for the 14th May. As a professional engagement in the Judicial Commissioner's Court at Nagpur on the 12th and 13th made it physically impossible for me to reach Lahore on the 14th, I telegraphed from Simla to Col. Irvine, the President of the Court, for an adjournment till the 16th. This the President courteously granted by his telegram of the 9th May.

3. On the 10th May I accepted other retainers from other accused similarly to be tried at Lahore.

4. On the 12th May, the Registrar of the Judicial Commissioner's Court, Nagpur, sent me a copy of a telegraphic message addressed to himself from the Administrator, Military Division, Lahore, which he was asked to communicate to me. It stated, "the G.O.C. does not consider your appearance in Martial Law Area desirable and I am therefore unable to grant you permission to enter the area." An earlier telegram of even purport from the same official dated 11th May, Lahore, addressed to me at Simla, reached me at Nagpur on the 13th May. It is clear, therefore, that the decision to interdict my appearance was reached two days after Col. Irvine had conveyed to me his adjournment to suit my convenience.

5. I telegraphed to Col. Irvine my regret at my inability to avail myself of his courtesy and, wrote to the General Officer Commanding, Lahore, asking him to let me know the reason why the prohibition against myself had been issued. Of that communication no notice has been taken.

6. I had been unaware that permission was necessary for Counsel to appear at Lahore. Just before the receipt of the order of prohibition my ignorance had been enlightened by a telegram from my colleague Mr. J. N. Roy of the Calcutta Bar asking me if I had been authorized by the Military Authorities to appear. I telegraphed at once to the Administrator, Martial Law Area, Lahore, for the necessary permission. My telegram crossed that sent to me through the Registrar, Nagpur. On the 19th May, I received a reply refusing me permission.

7. I understand from the Press that, subsequent to my prohibition, the Military Authorities at Lahore have promulgated an order forbidding the appearance before the Court Martial of any Counsel not residing ordinarily in Lahore. It adds however that this prohibition is subject to permission being accorded to such non-resident Counsel. The Military Authorities at Lahore have, therefore, reserved to themselves an invidious and indefensible liberty of selection in Counsel for the defence, from the benefit of which they have in terms excluded me.

8. As I had no time to seek redress except by telegram, I telegraphed to His Excellency the Viceroy praying him to revoke an order which seriously injured my clients and myself, and to grant me permission to appear at Lahore as Counsel. Of my respectful remonstrance no notice has been taken.

9. Against the order of the General Officer Commanding, Lahore, and against His Excellency the Viceroy's refusal to interfere I appeal to-day.

10. The prohibition, I venture very respectfully to affirm, is equally unjust to my clients and myself; to them because they are deprived of the right to be represented by the Counsel of their own choice on charges of the very gravest character involving the possibility of death sentences, of transportation for life and of confiscation of property; to myself, because the unexplained refusal to permit me to exercise my professional duties is open to the construction that a slur has been intentionally placed upon my professional and other capacities and, incidentally, deprives me of substantial emoluments to which, I submit, I am entitled and which I ought not to lose.

11. Senior Counsel in Lahore, I am credibly informed, have refused briefs for the defence. I desire to say nothing here of the policy of trying the men who have retained me by summary Courts Martial. Accepting for the purposes of this Memorial that their existence is justified, I submit that it was never intended by any authority which conforms to British principles of justice, to limit the right of inexperienced laymen to be defended, whether on law or facts, by counsel competent for the task, or their right to select unfettered the advisers they prefer. I submit further that convictions following upon full if temperate argument are more likely to command obedience and respect both from the public and from those who are themselves accused of offences, then convictions following upon a procedure which prevents accused persons from availing themselves to the full of every legal and legitimate defence. If illustration of this position be needed by a Viceroy, himself of eminent legal descent, I would implead the modern precedents of the trials of Sir Roger Casement, who was defended by the English and Irish Counsel of repute on the charge of high treason before he was executed, and of the German Consul of Sunderland who appearing by English Counsel in both Courts, was sentenced to death in the trial Court, yet succeeded on appeal in securing an acquittal. Less consideration, I submit, ought not to be extended to British subjects in India than was extended to an Irishman who had been guilty of overt acts of rebellion, or to a German whose compatriots had transgressed almost every principle of the moral law, and who were regarded by many, as they are still regarded, as enemies of mankind. Lastly, I submit that a summary Court Martial is not precluded from utilising the assistance of Counsel or from the adoption and enforcement of principles which are of the very essence of British legal conceptions.

12. On other point I would press. The defence is at liberty to choose its own advisers. I am unaware of any precedent which entitles the trying authority of whatever description to embark upon a system of exclusion or selection in the Counsel who may appear for an accused. Such a right is claimed here. I urge that it is unsustainable and opposed to the practice of all Courts administering the principles of British Law. The Indian Procedure is based upon the English. The principles of the latter's system have been accepted without demur ever since India has been governed by England. While no one questions the right of government to nominate as its legal advisers one gentlemen whose policy is specially grateful to itself, or to patronize with its favour the qualities which more peculiarly appeal to its judgment, I claim with all submission that no Government or Court is at liberty to select, nominate and apportion to a person under trial Counsel whom that person would not himself select, yet for whose services he is called upon to pay. Departure from this view would contravene the established practice of the Bar of England and open the door to a policy of favouritism repugnant to my profession and, as I venture to assert, to the public sense of propriety and fair play whether here or at Home. Unless the plea of "not guilty" be a mere form, to be ignored without arguments, every accused is entitled to support his plea by the aid of expert help. In the interests, therefore, of accused who are unable to retain locally the services of senior counsel and are constrained to invite outside professional help I appeal to His Excellency the Viceroy in Council to direct that these men shall not be embarrassed in their defence by the absence of that trained knowledge and experience to which they are entitled and the existence of which they affirm at their own risk.

When the rioters in Ceylon were tried by summary Courts Martial in 1915 at Colombo where, as at Lahore Martial law had been proclaimed, the President contented himself with reminding me of what I knew, that I appeared as a matter of grace and not right. But no attempt was made and no right claimed to exclude Counsel from Bengal in favour of Counsel from Colombo. Beyond receiving a military lecture on the art of cross-examination I enjoyed the courtesies, invariably enjoyed by Counsel in England, and which I have enjoyed everywhere except at Lahore.

13 In my own interests I have a word to add. I am proud of my profession in the practice of which I am the third of my generation. I am proud, without affection or vanity, of my own position at the Bar. That position I cannot but feel has been imperilled and stained by an order prohibiting my appearance on the ground that my presence is "undesirable", and expression which would include the appearance of a pickpocket or of a German. I am not conscious that in the forty years of my practice in India I have done anything which can approve my inclusion in a category which in my old Presidency of Madras is generally applicable to the "untouchables." The exclusion of which I complain would be impossible in England, where the Bar owns and wields a strength, political and social, denied to it in India. But want of professional homogeneity or some such cannot justify an official wrong, or weaken the force, if force they have, of my submissions. The authorities in Lahore have published their intention to admit outside Counsel who, on permission asked, appeal to their personal predelictions. Such an admission would make my professional position intolerable. It might very definitely induce the Ruler of one or the Native States in which I practice, terrified by an exclusion which had received the imprimateur of His Excellency's approval to forbid my appearance in his dominions. I have no wish to interfere with the emoluments of my professional colleagues. But I cannot without strenuous protest pass over an avowed intention which if effectuated will leave me tainted with the opprobrium of being an official "undesirable." If all Counsel outside Lahore were to be excluded, my personal objection would disappear though my loyalty to my professional brethren and their rights and traditions would remain. So long as I am excluded I submit no other Counsel should be invested with a right withheld from myself.

14. Before closing I would bring to the notice of His Excellency in Council one other matter. The chronology of the order of prohibition appears to me significant. On the 9th May the President, Colonel Irvine, granted me an adjournment from the 14th to the 16th instant. Two days later the General Officer Commanding debarred my appearance in language which if unintended remains unfortunate. I may take it that that official, of whose identity I am still unaware, had never heard of me before, as I had never heard of him. His sudden descent upon an unknown individual seems to support the suggestion that the initiative did not lie with himself. I would pray His Excellency in Council to unearth the true source of, and the true reason for, a prohibition which entails upon me a notoriety I would gladly shun.

15. I make no complaint on this head, but from my personal view it is not irrelevant to know that my exclusion from Lahore has inflicted upon me a fine of at least £—

16. I very respectfully pray.

(a) That Your Excellency in Council will, in the interest of my clients, revoke the order prohibiting my professional appearance at Lahore.

(b) That Your Excellency in Council will, for the reasons advanced, revoke it in my interests, and, as these may be very seriously impaired will supply me with an order as speedily as possible.

(c) that Your Excellency in Council will ascertain and inform me of the true reason for my exclusion and the true source whence that exclusion proceeded.

And as in duty bound, I shall ever pray, etc., etc.

29, Nabha House, Eardley Norton,
Simla.

The 22nd May, 1919.

No. 1245.

From the Hon'ble Sir William Marris, K.C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of India.

To Eardley Norton, Esq., Bar-at-Law,
Simla, the 11th June, 1919.

Home Department,

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your memorial dated the 22nd May, 1919, addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy, regarding the refusal by the Administrator of Martial Law for the Punjab to admit you into the Martial Law Area for the purpose of defending certain persons before the Martial Law Commission at Lahore.

2. In reply I am to say that Martial Law has now been withdrawn from the Lahore Area, with effect from midnight of Wednesday, the 11th June,

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
W. MARRIS,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIR MACLAGAN'S CLEMENCY

SENTENCE ON "PRATAP'S" EDITOR REDUCED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 24.

The Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab has reduced the sentence of imprisonment passed on Radha Kishan, Editor, "Pratap", from 18 months to two months.

DELHI AND CALCUTTA DISORDERS.

RESOLUTION FOR INVESTIGATION TO BE MOVED IN IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 24.

At the forthcoming session of the Imperial Legislative Council, Mr. Chanda (Assam) will move a resolution urging the appointment of a mixed committee of officials and non-officials to investigate into the causes and nature of the recent outbreaks of disorders in Delhi and firing upon the crowds there as also the circumstances of firing upon the crowds in Calcutta in

ALL-INDIA PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 24.

The plague statement for the whole of India for the week ended 12th July shows 229 deaths against 299 seizures. Provincial figures are as follows:—Bombay Presidency and Sind had 54 deaths, Madras 33, Bengal 2, Bihar and Orissa 4, United Provinces 4, Punjab 1, Burma 54, Central Provinces 1, Mysore State 48, and Hyderabad State 28.

DISTRICT BOARDS AND EXTENSION OF RAILWAYS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 24.

A Government order just issued invites the attention of the presidents of district boards to the proceedings of the debate in the Madras Legislative Council on the 3rd April last regarding the development of district board railways in the presidency and requests them to take necessary action in expediting the projects.

"HINDVASI" CASE.

APPEAL AGAINST LOWER COURT'S DECISION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, July 14.

Mr. Jethmal Parsram, Editor of the "Hindvasi", Hyderabad Sind, has filed an appeal against the conviction and sentence of 2 years' rigorous imprisonment passed on him under each of the Sections 124-A and 153-A, I. P. Code, by the First Class Magistrate, Hyderabad, in the court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

The following are the grounds of the appeal:—(1) The Lower Court had no jurisdiction to try the case. (2) The Lower Court has erred in convicting the appellant of the charges under Sections 124-A and 153-A. (3) That sanction for the Bombay Government under Section 196, Criminal Procedure Code, is invalid, and the Lower Court has erred in declining to go into the questions raised by the appellant regarding its validity. (4) The Lower Court has ignored the fact that the sanction under Section 196 is on the face of it invalid inasmuch as it delegates to the complainant the function of selecting the sections under which to prosecute the appellant. (5) The Lower Court has erred in disallowing the appellant to cross-examine the prosecution witnesses and to examine the defence witnesses to prove that the sanction was obtained from the Bombay Government by fraud and misrepresentation by suppression of the translation of the last para. of the article, and by false translation made by Mr. Nabibux. (6) The Lower Court has erred in holding that it had no power to go into the question of fraud. (7) The Lower Court has erred in declining to consider the question that the sanction was not given by the Governor-in-Council and in rejecting the application of the appellant to summon defence witnesses, the Hon. Mr. Curtis and the Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtullah in support of the allegation. (8) It is submitted that the article being a criticism of the acts of the local officials, namely, District Superintendent of Police and District Magistrate at Delhi, the Bombay Government had no jurisdiction to grant a sanction and the trial is illegal and without jurisdiction. (9) That the charges framed against the appellant are vague inconsistent and conflicting. (10) The learned Magistrate has acted illegally in importing in the case his personal knowledge and information on several important matters about which there is no evidence on the record and in further basing his judgment on material points on pure conjectures and surmises.

LAW OF SEDITION MISUNDERSTOOD.

(11) The Lower Court has misunderstood the law of sedition and has seriously erred in relying on the judgment of the Punjab Martial Law Commission in Kali Nath Roy's case. (12) The Lower Court has acted illegally in rejecting appellant's application to issue summons or commission for examination of defence witnesses, namely, Civil Surgeon, City Magistrate and Chief Commissioner, Delhi, on (13) The Lower Court has erred in admitting the evidence of Mr. Jaffreys and other evidence to prove what happened at Delhi on 30th March, 1919. (14) The Lower Court has erred in relying on the evidence of Mr. Jaffreys and in disbelieving the evidence of defence witness, Swami Shradhanand, Desai and other witnesses. (15) The Lower Court has erred in refusing to place on the record a copy of the complaint or first report in the proceedings under Section 147, I. P. C. (16) The Lower Court has acted illegally in disallowing questions on material points and in admitting evidence on irrelevant points of which notes have been made in the record of the case. (17) The Lower Court has erred in holding that the article is seditious and falls within the purview of Sections 124-A and 153-A, I. P. Code. (18) The Lower Court has put wrong, unjust and unwarranted interpretation on the article in question. (19) The Lower Court has erred in holding that the intention of the appellant in writing the article was to bring into contempt the Government established by law in British India or to create racial hatred. (20) The Lower Court has seriously erred in holding that the appellant had no sufficient materials for the article written by him, and that he had published a garbled account of the incidents at Delhi. The findings and the reasons of the Lower Court on these points are erroneous and unjust. (21) The Lower Court has not attached due weight to the various articles published by the appellant and not properly considered the conduct of the appellant before and after the article in question, showing conclusively that his intention was quite bona-fide. (22) The Lower Court has seriously erred in supposing that the appellant accepted the trans lation of Mr. Nabibux as correct. It is submitted that it is maliciously false. (23) The Lower Court has not properly appreciated the evidence of R. B. Bulchand and Mirza Kalichbeg called by the Crown. (24) Then Lower Court has mis understood the principles of Satyagraha movement and seriously erred in holding that it is in essence and effect seditious. (25) The Lower Court has erred in its meaning and interpretations of the verse from Shah Latif and the last para. of the article, and in admitting in evidence the opinion of Diwan Lilaram Sing and Mirza Kalichbeg as to the character of the article which is irrelevant and inadmissible under the law. (26) The Lower Court has erred in not holding that the article falls within explanation of Sections 124-A and 153-A and is a bonafide and legitimate comment. (27) The Lower Court has erred in admitting other articles to prove intention and in putting wrong construction on them. (28) That the conviction and sentences for two offences under Sections 124-A and 153-A in respect of one and the same article are illegal (29) Without prejudice to the foregoing pleas it is submitted that the sentences are unduly harsh and severe.

THE LAHORE JUDGMENT.

MR. GANDHI'S ANALYSIS.

The following signed article from the pen of Mr. M. K. Gandhi appeared in "Young India" in its issue of the 23rd instant:—

"Whoever wages war against the Queen, or attempts to wage war, or abets the waging of such war, shall be punished with death or transportation for life, and shall forfeit all his property."

—Section 121, Indian Penal Code.

Lala Harkishen Lal, Bar-at-Law, Chaudhri Rambhaj Dutt, Vakil, and Mr. Duni Chand Bar-at-Law and Messrs. Alla Din and Motasing have been convicted by one of the Special Tribunals, under sections 121 and 121A of the Indian Penal Code and have been sentenced to transportation for life and forfeiture. The reader may dismiss from his mind section 121A for the time being. Having convicted the accused under section 121, the Tribunal had no option but to pronounce the sentence of transportation for life and forfeiture. That, it will be seen, is the lowest penalty the court could inflict, the highest being the penalty of death by hanging. The judges felt the severity to be so great in the last two cases that they were constrained to remark, "Allah Din and Mota Singh are minor offenders, and had it been in our power, we should in their cases have awarded much lighter sentences." The learned Judges had it in their power not to convict any of the accused at all or to convict them on other charges. But they have said, "We do not consider it necessary to record findings on other charges."

Though the judgment covers twenty-seven sides of the foolscap size, it is being presented to the readers of "Young India," and I would urge every reader to go through it word by word. For the Judges have made it the *cause celebre* of all the cases and shown to the world what the Punjab, and incidentally the whole of India, is in their estimation.

This judgment, read together with the Amritsar one, forms the saddest commentary on British justice, when the Judges are ruled by passion and prejudice and not by a sense of justice. To me the judgments are a proof of the contention I have ventured to urge that we need not be enamoured of British Justice and that it, in its essence, is no better than any other justice. We deceive ourselves into a false belief when we think that British Courts are the palladia of liberty. Justice in British Courts is an expensive luxury. It is often 'the longest purse that wins.' It is the crucial moments which provide the surest test. The Judges' business is to rise superior to their surroundings. The Punjab Tribunal, in my opinion, has signally failed to do so. Mr. Winston Churchill at the time of the Education crusade permitted himself to admit that even the judges were not free from political bias. It is possible, though highly improbable, in this case, that the Privy Council will or can set the matter right but if it does, what then? At what cost will it have been done? How many of tens of thousands feeling, and having cause to feel, aggrieved by decisions of lower courts can afford to go to appellate courts and finally to the Privy Council? It is much to be wished that people would avoid litigation. 'Agree with thine adversary quickly' is the soundest legal maxim ever uttered. The author knew what he was saying. But it will be asked, what, when we are dragged, as we often are, to the courts? I would say 'Do not defend.' If you are in the wrong, you will deserve the sentence whatever it may be. If you are wrongly brought to the court and yet penalised, let your innocence soothe you in your unmerited suffering. Undefended, you will in every case suffer the least and what is more you will have the satisfaction of sharing the fate of the majority of your follow-beings who *cannot* get themselves defended.

But I have digressed. I do not wish to inflict on the reader my special views on law courts, though I hold them to be thoroughly sound. This Lahore judgment shows clearly what our duty is as to the Rowlatt Act and as to the sentences. The judgment is designed to condemn the Rowlatt Legislation agitation.

The opening paragraphs of the judgment set forth in some detail the "public agitation against the Rowlatt Bills" which "began with a protest meeting held at the Bradlaugh Hall on the 4th of February, 1919." They refer to my letter of the 1st March including the Satyagraha Vow and bring up the events to the 15th April, including the firing at Delhi, the disturbances at Amritsar, and the meetings at the Badshahi Mosque and say, "Such are the main facts and the prosecution sets out to combine and connect these facts with the accused in such a way as to show that there was a conspiracy to secure the repeal of the Rowlatt Act by criminal means." The Court indicates the criminal means in the very next sentence. "The defence has asked us to believe that there was no sort of organisation of the *hartal* and that every individual shopkeeper in Lahore, Musang and Bhagwanpura decided of his own accord that he must close his shop as a protest." It then describes what it calls two violent posters in order to show that the *hartal* was organised. I can see no violence in any of them, but I can detect in them the agony of an embittered soul. The criminality consists in the hartal having been organised and continued, langarkhanas having been opened during its continuance and meetings having been held during the time. I venture to think that hartal is the inherent right of the people when they are deeply grieved by any action of the authorities. From time immemorial it has been held to be meritorious to organise hartal without using force as a means of protest against acts of the governing authority. And when merit becomes a crime, it is a sacred duty to commit that crime, and imprisonment for it, instead of being a disgrace, becomes an honour that every good citizen should cherish. And the least that he can do is to continue the agitation against the Rowlatt Legislation so intense and formidable that Government must withdraw the Act or withdraw the liberty of the agitators. And were I not afraid of an outbreak of violence in the present state of tension, I would certainly advise hartals again. The tension was no doubt brought about, not by the advent of Satyagraha, but by the folly of the Government in precipitating and almost inviting violence by arresting me whilst I was proceeding to Delhi, and if necessary to Lahore and Amritsar, with the deliberate intention of calming the atmosphere and bringing about peace. The Government invited violence by the mad act of arresting Drs. Kitchlew and Satyapal, who were leaders of the people, but who whilst they were no doubt carrying on a stubborn agitation against the Rowlatt Legislation, were able to curb the temper of the people and were entirely on the side of law and order. The tension must some day go. And if the Government persist in the folly of retaining the Rowlatt Legislation they must prepare for a repetition of hartals well-organised but without any force being used and without a drop of blood being shed by the people When the masses have imbibed the message of Satyagraha, we shall repeat from a thousand platforms Chaudhri Rambhaj Dutt's formula which has been interpreted into threat by the Tribunal in order to prove the existence of criminal conspiracy. The formula is "Remove our sufferings or we close our shops, suspend our business and we ourselves, shall starve." There is no doubt that a great and effective demonstration was degraded by the cries such as "Hai Hai Rowlatt Bill," "Hai Hai George mar gaya;" or by an inspector of the C. I. D. having been beaten and driven out; or by disgraceful sheets like the Danda Akhbar; or by the destruction of pictures of their Majesties. The accused could not be held responsible for them any more than Mr. Shafi and others who were endeavouring to bring about peace. What right had the Government to launch out a prosecution for criminal conspiracy or, what is worse, for waging War against the King in respect of men who are not proved to have brought about any of these excesses, whose whole character and status make them almost proof against any such incitements? Whatever may be the technical view of the expression "waging war," to dub a powerful agitation against an odious law an act of war is a descent to the ludicrous. One might as well incriminate a Government for the unauthorised crimes of its servants. If the acts of Lala Dunichand, Lala Harkishanlal and his co-accused were acts of war, no organised agitation is possible in the country. And as organised agitation must be the breath of public life when there is stagnation in the body politic, whether of a social, economic, or political character, it must be counted as a 'merit' to wage war after the style of the Lahore accused.

The whole of the judgment is tinged with a political bias. This is how the judges dismiss from their consideration the previous record of the accused: "Before proceeding to consider the case of each accused it is necessary to remark that each of them according to their station in life have been able to produce testimonials from more or less eminent members of society to their moderation and loyalty. These could doubtless have been multiplied as often as they wished. Some of them again have been able to show that in recent times they have not merely prayed for the success of the British Arms but have advocated War Loans, helped in recruiting and have even "given" relatives to the Indian Defence Force or clerks for Mesopotamia. Perhaps all of these efforts were not very valuable, and it has to be remembered that some of the accused are man who are always in the lime-light; but we have no doubt that everyone of them, however much he may dislike the existing Government, at least preferred it to the prospect of German Rule. None of these things, however, really affect the matter before us." When one's judgment is so warped, as is evident was the judges', from the passages above quoted, it is impossible to expect an impartial decision.

The issue raised by the case is abundantly clear, though not stated. Can we, or can we not, legally carry on a sustained powerful agitation involving processions, hartals, fasting etc., but eschewing, always and invariably, violence in any shape or form? The implication in the judgment is that we may not do so. If the sentences are allowed by the Government to stand, it is quite clear that they are of the same opinion as the judges. I for one, would not welcome the release of the accused on any side-issue or as an act of clemency. There is nothing in the judgment to show that any of the accused either directly or indirectly encouraged violence. And where there is absence of intent to do violence it is absurd to call a peaceful combination a criminal conspiracy even though uncontrollable spirits may find their way into that combination and do mischief. The happening of untowards incidents may be used as a warning to leaders. They may be used for justifying the declaration of Martial Law but they ought not to be used for the purpose of making out peaceful, law-abiding citizens as criminals and liars. The duty of the Indian public is clear: by a quiet, persistent and powerful agitation, but without violence and irritation, to secure repeal of the Rowlatt Legislation and the reversal of the sentences.

FATAL MOTOR ACCIDENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, July 24.

A fatal motor car accident occurred yesterday evening as a result of which Mrs. Serinbai Sorabji, mother of Mr. K. Sorabji, lost her life and several others were injured. The party were coming from Amritsar when the accident took place on the way. Owing to a puncture in the tyre the car overturned with the result that the lady was thrown out and instantaneously killed. Seven other occupants of the car were all injured in varying degrees. The condition of one gentleman Mr. Patel is also serious. He had to be taken to the Amritsar hospital. Mrs. Sorabji was well known in Lahore and had many friends who deeply regret her death under such tragic circumstances.

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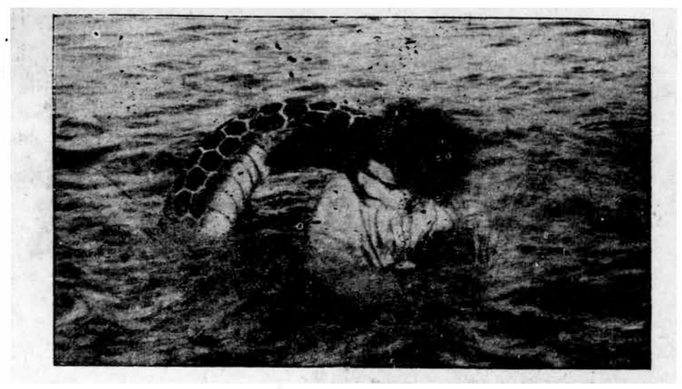

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TRANSVAAL LEGISLATION.

PROTEST FROM AHMEDABAD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, July 24.

A crowded public meeting of the citizens of Ahmedabad was held under the auspices of the Gujerat Sabha under the presidentship of Seth Mangaldas Girdherdas this evening at Premabhoy Hall. Rao Bahadur Ramanbhai Nilkanth proposed and Mr. Gopalrao Dabholker, vakil, seconded a resolution protesting against the Asiatic Land and Trading Amendment Act recently passed in the Union Parliament.

The Hon. Mr. Harilal Desai proposed and Jivanlal Desai seconded a resolution expressing sympathy with the Indian residents of the Transvaal who are fighting for their elementary rights of British citizenship with courage and patience. Both the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

SYMPATHY WITH INDIANS OF TRANSVAAL.

REGREAT AT DR. NAIR'S DEATH.

The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Branch of the National Home Rule League:—

"That this meeting expresses its deep sympathy with the British Indians of the Transvaal in their struggle for liberty and for preservation of the ordinary rights of British Citizenship against heavy odds, and congratulate them on their courage and patient endurance in carrying on the struggle, and heartily assures them of their continuous help from the Mother Country."

"That this meeting has heard with regret of the passing away in England of Dr. T. M. Nair, the eminent physician who though of late, unfortunately engaged in opposing the National Movement, was from his own point of view trying to render service to his own community."

NEW INDIA LOAN.

The total subscriptions for the new Indian Loan up to the 22nd instant are Rs. 9,07,36,500 inclusive of Rs. 29,39,400 in the shape of war bonds.

The subscriptions in lakhs to the new loan up to the 19th instant from provinces are as follows:—Bombay 458, Bengal 225, United Provinces 67, Madras 51, Burma 27, Punjab 21, Central provinces 7, Bihar and Orissa 5, other Administrations 23 total 886 lakhs.

SHIPBUILDING IN BOMBAY.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF SHIPS

A Press Communiqué issued by the Government Bombay states:—

The plans and specifications of ships prepared by the Shipbuilding Branch of the Indian Munitions Board have now been transferred to the custody of the Director of Industries, Bombay. Firms who desire to inspect them should apply to the Director of Industries, New Customs House, Ballard Road, Bombay, with whom arrangements for copies may also be made.

Special attention is invited to the fact that the plans and specifications were drawn up to meet specific orders for several sizes of vessels with prescribed engine power and speed, and they are only suitable for the particular kind of vessel for which they were originally prepared.

GIFT TO INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

Prof. D. K. Karve, organiser of the Indian Women's University, writes:—

Mr. V. R. Lande, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, originally of Nagpur died two years ago at Jinja, Uganda, East Africa, after serving the Government there for about fifteen years. His property in Africa and India amounts to nearly Rs. 55,000. He executed a will five days before his death setting aside a large portion of his estate for Educational and Charitable institutions. The Trustees of the Indian Women's University are Dr. Lande's Trustees in India. The African Trustees were required to send all the proceeds of the Estate there to the Indian Trustees and Rs. 39,000 have been received from them. Indian dues are to be recovered yet. About Rs. 8,000 are to be given to four different institutions and after giving to the widows and the mother what is left to them, the Women's University is likely to get Rs. 15,000 now and about Rs. 15,000 later on. This last sum is to be invested and the allowance of Rs. 30 a month to each of his two widows is to be given out of the interest thereon.

The Indian Women's University is deeply thankful to the late Dr. Lande and the noble ladies for the very liberal help they have given to this movement.

FOOTBALL IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 23.

The second semi-final in the Shield competition between Calcutta and 1098 Battery R. F. A. ended in a draw of one goal each. The game will be re-played to-morrow and the winners play Brecknocks in the final on Saturday next.

MARK WELL

that opportunities never come too often. Hence whenever one presents itself, it should be caught by the forelock, or it will turn away and you shall have to console yourself with the bald head. You have been seeing our big and small Ads. in the "Chronicle" since a very long time but have you ever cared to ponder over their contents?

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INDIA OFFICE REFORM.

CREWE COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

SIR JAMES BRUNYATE'S MINUTE OF DISSENT.

I.—PRELIMINARY.

The essential recommendations of my colleagues comprise:—

(a) A scheme for regulating the future relations between the Secretary of State, the Government of India, and the Indian Legislative Assembly (Majority Report, Part III).

(b) Proposal to replace the Council of India by an "Advisory Committee" (paragraphs 20-23)

I regret to have to dissent from both these principal recommendations. Some minor points of difference will be briefly noticed later.

II.—RELATIONS BETWEEN THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

2. It is most important, and not at all easy, to arrive at the result and effect of the several recommendations which together constitute this "scheme of relations," as I may conveniently call it. The best opinion I can form is that in the near future the only operative portion of the scheme will be the proposal that the power of certifying Bills for passage in the Council of State should be imposed upon a higher authority and limited by a narrower formula. The Bill as drafted [clause 20 (4)] allows the Governor-General in Council to certify on the ground of a measure being "essential for the safety, tranquility, or interests of British India"; my colleagues would require the Secretary of State's express authority for certification, and would also limit the discretion of the Secretary of State himself by confining such authorisation to cases in which "the legislation proposed is essential in the interests of the peace, "order and good government of India." Outside legislation—indeed, everywhere outside this single aspect of legislation the proposals will, I think, for some time be merely nugatory: absolutely so as regards expenditure and very nearly so as regards matters of administration. Any appearance of wider immediate result will be due, not to the scheme, but to the favourable atmosphere of reform. Ultimately, no doubt, there may be further consequences, for there are implications behind the principles stated by my colleagues which will certainly bear fruit. But if the question be: "What effect will these proposals have during the lifetime of the first "Indian Legislative Assembly summoned under the new Act?" I think the answer must be: "As regards legislation they imply the grant to the Assembly of power to block all Government of India legislation, including taxation Bills, unless the "Secretary of State intervenes, which it will be very hard for him to do; as regards everything else—*nil*."

My primary objection, then, is that whether my colleagues' views as to certification are right or not (I will return to this presently), a scheme which is ineffective except as regards this single point does not cover sufficient ground.

3. The limited effect of the scheme is mainly due to the inconsistency of two of the leading recommendations. The Report very properly insist on prior reference to the Secretary of State in regard to important matters as the normal rule (para. 17). But this cuts right across the cardinal principle with which the report sets out (para. 13), i.e., the proposition that when the Government of India and the Legislative Assembly are in agreement their joint decision should "ordinarily" prevail." This proposition can have no practical significance if no major proposal, whether in the form of a Bill or of a scheme of expenditure included in the Budget, is to be put before the Assembly until the Secretary of State has already agreed. Naturally, if the Secretary of State the Government of India and the Legislative Assembly are all of one mind as regards a particular proposal, that proposal will go through. It needs no recommendations of ours to establish that. The word "ordinary", if interpreted strictly, makes the proposition innocuous enough. But as will be seen from the repeated use of the formula about "peace, order, and good government" (paras. 14-16) much more than this is intended.

The same difficulty arises even with private Bills. The private Member has this advantage, that he can bring his legislative project within the cognisance of the Assembly without asking leave of the Secretary of State. But the Government of India, if it is to refer all its own measures to the Secretary of State, must equally consult him before accepting a private Bill, unless this method of legislation is to be deliberately encouraged as superior to the normal procedure, by which most of the law-making is done on the initiative of the responsible executive. The same applies to private members' Resolutions proposing important schemes of expenditure, if such motions are to be permitted at all. Occasionally, perhaps, as the control in purely administrative matters is quite unsystematised, the Government of India might accept a private member's Resolution on an administrative question about which the Secretary of State might feel that he should have been consulted first, but nothing of much significance is to be expected in this direction.

4. The cases, therefore, in which my colleagues' recommendations might become operative are not those in which the Assembly and the Government of India are in agreement, but those in which they are in disagreement, i.e., where a majority of the Assembly rejects a Government proposal or carries a motion which the Government cannot accept. If, however, a motion carried against the Government relates to administrative matters or to expenditure, it is intended that it should "continue to be advisory in character" (para. 16), i.e., the Government of India can disregard it. We are left, therefore, only with disputed legislation to consider. If the Government of India disapproves a private Member's Bill carried by the Assembly, it can get the Bill rejected when it comes to the second Chamber (the Council of State), in which the Government will command a majority. If, however, the Assembly rejects a Government Bill, e.g., a taxation measure, and it is important to push it through, the only remedy is certification, and my colleagues' recommendations become effective in the manner already stated. That, as it seems to me, is the one class of case where their proposals lead at once to a definable practical result.

5. It may be replied, of course, that the recommendations should also be read in connection with the later proposal (para. 17) that there should be further relaxation of the Secretary of State's control, giving the Indian authorities more administrative liberty, wider financial powers, and permission in some stated classes of legislation to dispense with any previous reference to the Secretary of State. Little or no indication, however, is offered of the intended scope and methods of this further delegation. If it is merely delegation of the ordinary type, the conclusions reached above are not, I think, impaired. If it is the kind of delegation or devolution by which the Secretary of State divests himself of all continuous interest in entire branches of administration, then I agree that we are on the threshold of real political change. It is on such lines that I have proceeded in the "Statement" following this Minute, and I should be glad to think that in doing so I was interpreting the real views of my colleagues.

6. I now return to the question of certification, as to which my submission is that it will be better to adhere to the provisions of the Bill. [Clause 20 (4)].

Certification is a very anomalous procedure; it can only be most sparingly and reluctantly employed; but it must have a recognised place in the Reform system and should not be regarded as something catastrophic and for practicable purposes inadmissible. Otherwise, as regards all Government legislation, instead of handling over control gradually we shall have handed it over totally. In a word, the certification procedure must not be made unworkable. The natural checks on its employment will be severely deterrent in any case

I demur to my colleagues' recommendation because it tends, I consider, to make it nearly impracticable to resort to certification at all. It is proposed whenever certification is required to transfer the *venu* to Whitehall, thus raising what might be only a passing crisis of local politics to the dimensions, it may be, of an Imperial issue, imposing on the Secretary of State a most invidious function*, and bringing him into relations of almost personal conflict with the Legislature in India. It is further proposed to limit the discretion (i.e., the discretion of His Majesty's Government) by a rigorous formula the application of which, on each particular occasion, is likely to be very keenly criticised in India.

*In the scheme below (para. 21 of the Statement) I have myself proposed to impose this function on the Secretary of State in "Group B" cases. This has its own justification in the special conditions contemplated but for the reasons stated above is, as I recognise, a point of possible criticism. I do not propose to limit the Secretary of State's exercise of this reserved power by any formula.

The problem of getting essential but disputed legislation passed under the new conditions is very perplexing, and likely to give trouble whatever solution is adopted. But I am sure that the best hope of accommodation lies in dependence upon the discretion of the Government on the spot, which alone can appreciate the local situation and measure what it stands to lose by a conflict with its Legislature. This is what is proposed in the Bill in the analogous provincial cases (legislation and refusal of supplies) and what my colleagues themselves propose for the Government of India in regard to those questions of finance which are not presented to the Assembly in the form of legislative projects.

7. A further objection to the scheme of the Majority Report is that it is not as a whole so devised as to facilitate subsequent "progress by successive stages" in accordance with the policy of the announcement of 20th August 1919 which is also the governing idea of the Montagu-Chelmsford Report. I need hardly elaborate this.

8. I dissent, then, from the scheme of the Majority Report as it stands on the grounds (a) that the proposals in regard to certification are likely to enhance gravely the difficulties of passing essential but disputed legislation; (b) that in other respects (i.e., in regard to financial action not requiring legislation) the scheme will be of little or no effect; and, generally, (c) that the proposals, while not entirely suitable as an initial scheme, are also defective in that they do not lend themselves to a process of regulated expansion later.

There is also a special danger in the case of statements of general principle as a substitute for a concrete scheme. The principle stated is apt to be regarded as a pledge, and a pledge of indefinably wide application. I may perhaps dwell on this for a moment.

9. For example, it is laid down as a principle (para. 13) that the Secretary of State should not ordinarily* interfere with a joint decision of the Government of India and its Legislative Assembly. I have already shown that, on the Committee's postulate as to "previous consulation," this statement of principle is not capable of significant practical application. It is only valuable, therefore, if at all, as a political pronouncement, a "flag." Let such a pronouncement go forth with the authority of his Majesty's Government, and the politically minded Indian will demand, with much cogency, that the system of prior reference to the Secretary of State, which makes the pronouncement of principle inoperative, should be swept away. But this, of course, is not what my colleagues intend.

The principle of defence to joint opinion has, I think, an undeniable validity within a certain range, and so has that of prior reference to the Secretary of State. But clearly they cannot both operate together. As I have indicated in para. 14 of the statement attached there are certain domestic matters of every-day administration where the Legislature and the Government of India already work helpfully together, and ought soon to do so still more; and the Secretary of State has little ground for systematic interference. It appears legitimate, therefore, in this area, to dispense with previous reference to the Secretary of State in order to give scope for political experiment. But in other matters the mere fact of agreement between the Government of India and the Assembly, though it would certainly add to the weight of the joint opinion, and would be embarrassing to the Secretary of State if he considered the joint opinion to be wrong, ought not, at this initial stage of reform, to be treated as raising anything like an efficient presumption against his intervention. In such matters, therefore, his right to intervene effectively impaired by postponing all opportunity for the expression of his views till the Government of India and the Legislative Assembly stand fully and publicly committed to action which he ought not to support. He should be a consenting party from the first, and in this range of subjects therefore, opportunity cannot be afforded for the operation of the principle of deference to the joint opinion as well.

*See footnote to para. 3 of this Minute.

10. Again, the recommendation in paragraph 17 that the "principle" of previous consultation should be substituted for that of previous sanction may amount to nothing more than a courtious acknowledgment of the Government of India's important status and heavy responsibilities as the authority on the spot; or, at the other extreme, may be taken to imply the really remarkable proposition that the Secretary of State as representing Parliament is not constitutionally entitled to issue direct orders to the Government of India, who merely represent him. I have assumed that for the time being this pronouncement of principle will have no practical result and that the Governor-General in Council will defer in future to any expression of the Secretary of State's considered views as he does at present. But though the immediate intention may be limited to securing somewhat greater weight for the recommendations of the Government of India, it will soon be claimed, and justifiably, that His Majesty's Government have, in fact, acquiesced, in a fundamental constitutional change in the existing relations between themselves and the Government of India. The "rule of obedience," *i.e.*, section 33 of the Government of India Act as it now stands, lays down that " . . . . . the Governor-General in Council . . . . . is required to pay due obedience to all such orders as he may receive from the Secretary of State." In what sense can that stand, if it is now to be laid down as a general principle that "consultation" is to take the place of an application for "sanction" in all those cases in which it has hitherto been the practice for the Government of India to ask for and receive the order of the Secretary of State.

My own view is that it is better to speak of "previous sanction" when that is what is really meant and to dispense altogether with the requirement of previous reference to the Secretary of State when it is desired that the Government of India, in co-operation with the Indian Legislature, should have real independence of action. This is the line taken in clause 8 (3) of the Bill with regard to the reference of proposed provincial legislation to the Government of India, though the relationship of the quasi-popular Local Governments to the Government of India, under the general arrangements contemplated by the Reforms Scheme, will not approach that degree of direct subordination which is still to characterise the constitutional relationship between the Government of India and the Secretary of State.

III.—THE COUNCIL OF INDIA.

11. I now turn to the recommendation to reduce the status of the Council of India. Its intention, broadly, is that the concept of "the Secretary of State in Council" should disappear altogether and that, though an Advisory Committee is to remain, the Secretary of State should be free to consult or not to consult it as he may please.

I will not deal with this question here at any length, as such alternative suggestions as I can offer on the subject are set forth in my separate Statement. The Committee's recommendation is decisively opposed to the weight of the evidence. This was, no doubt, somewhat limited in range, but included such witnesses as Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Courtenay Ilbert, names which, I think, go far to dispose of the rather theoretical* contention that the extinction of the Council is necessary to establish the Secretary of State's responsibility to Parliament. The proposed Advisory Committee will itself be open, in large measure, to the objections taken to the present system, while, as my colleague Mr. Basu has shown, the lowering of the status of the Council may do much to impair its practical utility. Again the withdrawal of the advisory body's statutory relationship of responsible though subordinate association with the Secretary of State seems somewhat specially inopportune in view of the very wide rule-making powers to be conferred by the Bill. The new Act, while it remains in being, will be India's basic constitution, and there ought to be

(Continued on Page 16.)

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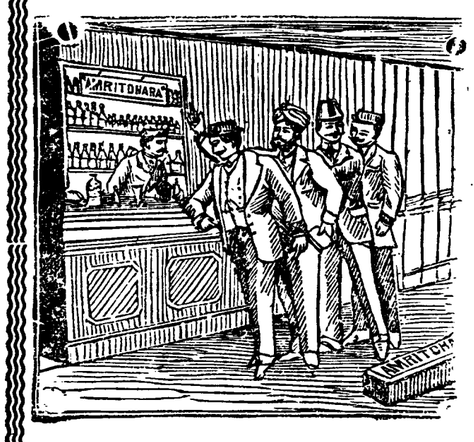

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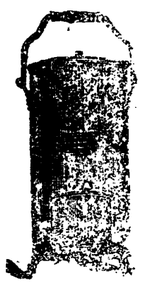

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INDIA OFFICE REFORM.

(Continued from Page 15.)

some provision for continuous watch on the process by which its provisions will secure practical effect and interpretation.

Finally, though I do not suggest that this is the attitude of my colleagues themselves, there can be no doubt that the demand for the abolition of the Council derives its real strength from those who will see in it a pledge of the Secretary of State's early withdrawal from the exercise of his statutory function of superintendence, direction, and control. It is associated, in fact, with the desire to accelerate the pace of reform. My own standpoint is that in some directions a real control must be retained for some time longer, and at least as long as the Government of India remains on a "bureaucratic" basis; that, apart from actual control, the continued influence of the Secretary of State as a corrective and educative factor is still required in the period of probation and political education now ahead of us, and that the Government of India itself, while still "bureaucratically" constituted, cannot be left unsupported in its relations without becoming dangerously weakened. My main reason for wishing to keep the Council intact is that the intention to maintain this control and influence, under proper limitations, and to accord the Government of India when necessary, legitimate support of Parliament through its representative, the Secretary of State, may not seem to be placed in doubt.

*The argument here alluded to has, I think, a certain force if the Council's right of financial veto is retained. But on the whole I think it ought to go—See para. 28 (1) of the Statement.

IV.—SUBSIDIARY MATTERS.

12. I may now refer to the summary of recommendation in para. 35. Those numbered (i), (ii), (iii), (vi) and the first part of (vii) are covered by what has already been said. No. (iv), though guardedly expressed, belongs in effect to the same category. In all other respects I am in general agreement with my colleagues, but certain points may be noticed:—

(a) No. (vii). Rules under the Act would be more suitable if the Council is retained; similarly as regards recommendation No. (xv).

(b) No. (xvi). (See paragraph 29 of the Report.) I agree to the principle that the Government of India, should have its own organisation in London for the transaction of agency work, and that a beginning should be made by the transfer of the Stores Department. But I think we should proceed carefully at the outset. In particular I would certainly not split up the Accountant-General's work at the present stage. The fact, for example, that an officer subordinate to the Secretary of State disburses pensions for which India pays has no bearing whatever on questions of pension policy, whether as regards the general rules or individual cases; Indian independence of London would gain nothing by the transfer of this purely ministerial work, while there would be a clear loss in economy and efficiency of control.

It has to be borne in mind, as regards all such proposals, that the India Office, allowing for the presence of the Council, is strong in higher supervisory personnel, and is likely to remain so for some time whereas the infant Agency will be very weak in that respect. But if the Secretary of State and the Government of India are content to feel their way in this matter, discouraging any jealous aloofness as between the India Office and the Agency, I think the principle recommended in the Report deserves our support.

(c) No. (xx). I should have been glad if our Committee had found it possible to support the proposal to establish a Parliamentary Committee on Indian Affairs. I am anxious that during the period of experiment in progress towards self-government there should be every possible contact, both direct and indirect, between the political and administrative life of England and that of India.

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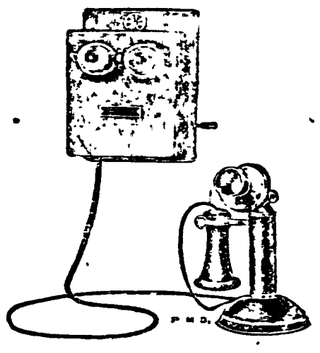

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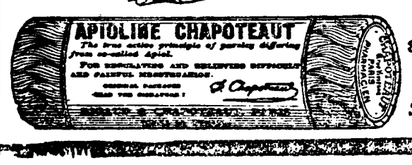

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PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS.

PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Writing about the primary school teachers in para 49 of his report for 1917-18, Mr. Covernton, our Director of Public Instruction, quotes with approval the opinion of Sir Herbert Fisher who, "has been recently emphasizing the danger of a discontented teaching staff" saying that "if prospects of promotion are too slow or too remote, discontent is inevitable." He also admits that "the rise in the prices of food-stuffs and all other necessaries of life caused by the present war, has made the demand for more pay more insistent than ever." As an earnest of this conviction on his part, Mr. Covernton has of late considerably improved the prospects of the primary school teachers by introducing what may be called a progressive time-scale, thus eminently deserving the well-merited recognition by Government in their resolution on his Report wherein they rightly say that "his first year of administration has been marked by . . . . . the improvement in the pay and prospects of the subordinate teaching staff."

It cannot be said, however, that even with these improvements the lot of the primary teachers has been satisfactory enough. There is still a large scope for improvements, even to bring them to the level of those effected in other departments. The purpose of this letter, however, is to indicate the lines on which further improvements can be effected so as to bring them to the level of those in other departments. More than what is due in comparision with other departments is not demanded. Justice alone is prayed for.

The rise in the cost of living is an important thing to be considered. Dr. H. Mann, who as Director of Agriculture has had access to the most original and reliable statistics, in an article in the last issue of the Indian Economic Society Quarterly, calculates that the rise in the cost of living as compared with 1914, is in the case of clerks 85 per cent. "In order to retain the same economic position, the rise in the wages need not of course be exactly in the same proportions, but should at any rate leave an equivalent margin after paying the necessary expenses."

The primary school teachers may be divided into two classes, the Untrained and the Trained. It is the laudable ambition of Government to eliminate the untrained class altogether, and they have taken steps to establish training schools in most of the districts. But looking to the fact that only 38 per cent of the primary teachers at present are trained, it is doubtful whether Government will in the near future succeed in completely eliminating him. According to D. P. I's remarks in para 50 of his report, "it has so far proved impossible to do without these untrained teachers." The untrained teacher who is invariably required to be a V. S. F. (Vernacular School Final) has two principal grievances. Firstly, under the present circumstances, his staring salary is Rs. 12, and he can rise up to Rs. 15. Compared with the prospects of the V. S. F. in other departments, this scale is much too law. A V.S.F. in the Revenue Department gets a start of Rs. 20 and rises upto Rs. 45. Also, by resolution No. 4004 Financial Dept., of 25th November, 1918, the minimum pay of all clerical appointments have been raised to Rs. 20. The primary teacher therefore should in fairness to him, get a starting salary of Rs. 20 at least. Secondly, there is the question of war-allowance which is given to them, only at the rate of Rs. 4 per mensem, as they are drawing salaries of less than Rs. 20. In this respect, their position has been considered to be the same as that of menials and servants who drawing less than Rs. 20 are allowed Rs. 4 as allowance per mensem. Not only, therefore, should the salaries of the untrained teachers be raised to Rs. 20 per mensem but their war-allowances also should be paid at the rate of one-thrird of their pay. I wish prominently to bring to the notice of Government that the low scale of salaries has materially discouraged pupils to proceed upto the V. S. F. examination. Out of every 21 pupils, only 2 belong to the upper primary stage. The following remarks in para 46 of the D. P. I's Report for 1917-18, are pertinent. "From the numbers presented and passed in the examination at the different centres, it appears as if the examination were losing its popularity. The Inspector, Northern Division, explains that many boys leave the school without passing the examination and find lucrative employment in business or in private service, with the result that qualified men are not as easily available as formerly to serve as assistants on Rs. 10, in small out-of-the-way village schools."

In the case of the trained teachers, the revised scale of payment is not quite satisfactory. Except in the matter of the certainty of rise in pay according to the time-scale, there has been no substantial improvement in their salaries and status. Their starting salary and their maximum salary almost remain the same. It is their demand that the maximum salary that they can rise to, should eventually be raised to at least Rs. 80, and that the last two grades of Assistant Deputy Inspectors should be reserved for them in each district. In the case of other departments, Government have resolved that 'a substantial portion of the war-allowances now sanctioned, should be regarded as the equivalent of an increase in pay due to causes unconnected with the war and should eventually be consolidated in pay." This circumstance still further strengthens the demands of the primary teachers.

There also seems to exist a custom in the Educational Department, with regard to primary teachers, of demanding a substitute at the expense of a school-matster on privilege-leave which is their due. I am not quite sure that this custom exists throughout the Presidency. But it does exist in Kanara, as can be seen from the resolutions passed at a recent meeting of the Primary School Teachers' Association at Kumta, under the presidentship of Mr. N. S. Kamat superintendent, Gibb High School and a recognised authority on educational matters in the district. This custom should be discontinued as soon as possible. It is also one of the complaints that the former period of service is not taken into account when the untrained teacher gets his training and is admitted as a trained teacher in the department. I think that at least two-thirds of the service ought to be taken into account. In certain causes special allowances for rents are also demanded.

It is hoped that, in the directions mentioned above Government will soon decide to give a much-needed relief to the primary teachers who as our Governor said in the last session of the legislative council, are the "stewards of the future."—Yours, etc.,

S. G. W.

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The following are further contributions to the above fund:—

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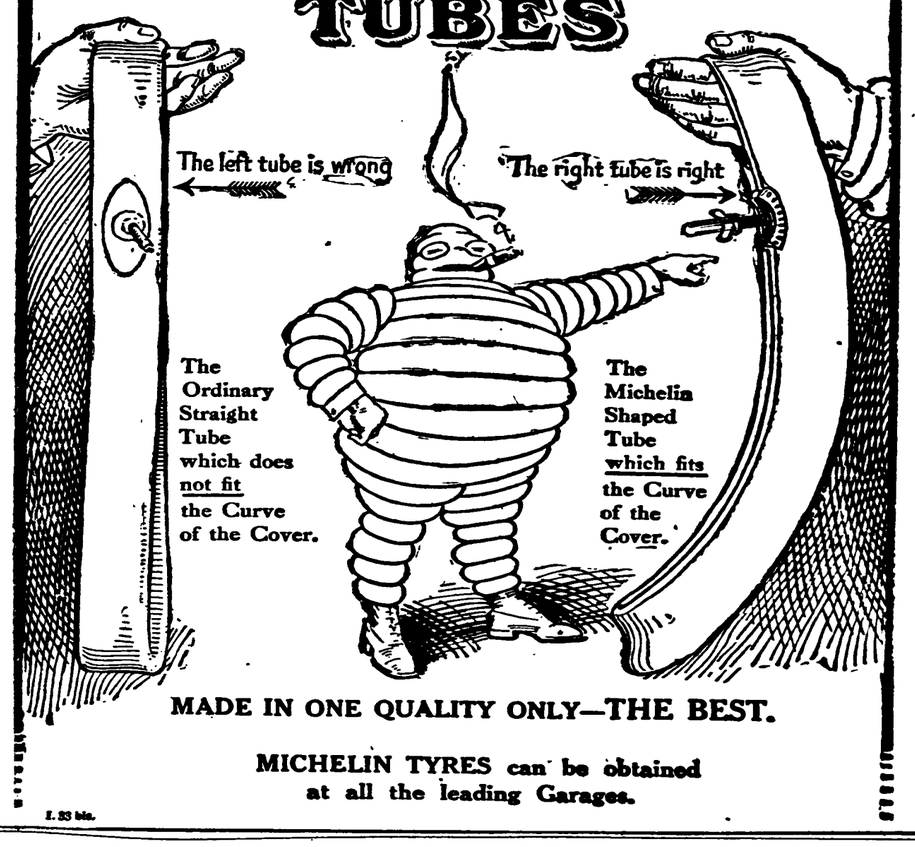
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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

Sixth Sunday after Trinity, 27th July, 1919.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

St. Thomas Cathedral, Church Gate Street.—7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral). Lloyd in E. Flat Hymns—7, 186, 316, 185, 5-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Canticles Anthem Chants Hymns—38, 238, 167. Collections for Church Expenses. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

Christ Church, Byculla.—7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-30 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon.

St. John the Evangelist (Afghan Memorial Church), Colaba.—8 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 10 a.m., Parade Service and Matins; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church (C.M.S.), Girgaum.—Clergy: English.—Rev. C. W. Thorne, M. A. Marathi—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi; Rev. D. A. Yardi, B. A. Gujarati—Rev. L. Hari. English Service—8 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon. Collection for Church Expenses and Poor Marathi Service at 9 a.m., Gujerati Service at 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura.—8-30 a.m., Urdu Service (Holy Communion on alternate Sundays). Rev. H. J. Lane Smith in charge; 10 a.m., Tamil Service (Holy Communion on alternate Sundays), Rev. J. Martyn in charge; 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

St. Mary the Virgin, Parel.—8-15 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi.—6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English), 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Gujarati); 6-30 p.m. Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—11 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi.—7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins, alternately; 5-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Tamil Service.

St. Andrew's Church, Morland Road.—(Marathi) and (Gujrathi), 7-30 a.m., Matins; 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 10 a.m., Gujarathi Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist, 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion, 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral, Kalbadevi.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m. Masses; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m. Masses; Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Ignatius, Jacob Circle.—Masses; 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m.; Evening Service 6 p.m., (Week days; 6-30 a.m., 7 a.m.).

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m. Masses; 6 p.m. Evening Service.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla.—Hours of Mass: 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel.—5-30 a.m., 6-30 a.m., Masses; 8-30 a.m., High Mass; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Masses at 5 a.m., 6-30 a.m., 7-45 a.m., and 9-30 a.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's, Bandra Hill.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

St. Anne's Chapel, Pali Hill, Bandra.—7 a.m., Mass and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. Week days 6-45 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Evening Service.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum.—6-30 a.m. and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m.; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

St. Joseph's, Colaba.—8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

St. Joseph's, Umarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 8 a.m., Mass with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

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St. Andrew's Church, Apollo Street.—9-30 a.m., Morning Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Morning Service, in English, 8 a.m.; Gujarathi Service, 9-30 a.m.; Marathi Service, 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; 5 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m., Morning Service; 5 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—8-15 a.m., Morning Service, Byculla; 9-30 a.m., Sunday School, Parel; 4-30 p.m., Evening Service, Parel.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla.—8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-45 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—9-45 a.m., Sunday School; 11 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba.—9 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—9 a.m., Sunday School; 4-30 p.m., Marathi Service.

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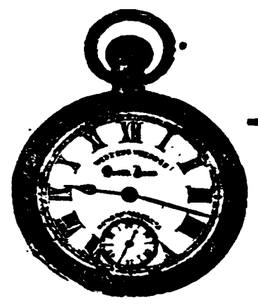

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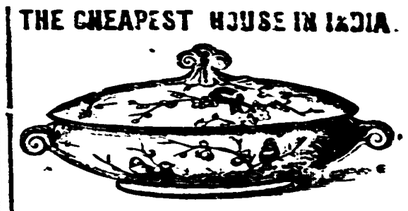

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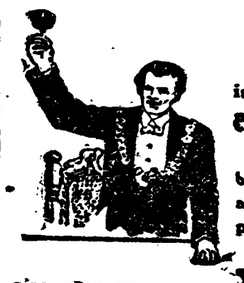

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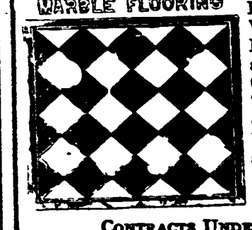

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